City of Calistoga California



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

CITY OF CALISTOGA, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

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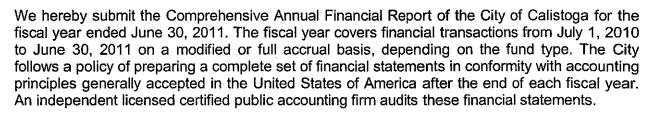
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CITY OF CALISTOGA

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April 17, 2012 www.ci.calistoga.ca.us

To Citizens of the City of Calistoga and

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council



City management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. We have established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to provide sufficient reliable information for the City of Calistoga's financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The cost of internal controls should not out weigh their benefits and the internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Auditor's Report Summary

Terry E. Krieg CPA, a licensed certified public accounting firm, has audited the City of Calistoga's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Calistoga for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Mr. Krieg has issued the accompanying financial statements under the assumption that the City's General Fund, and its Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds will continue as going concerns. In the financial statements under Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Item 5-J the City's General Fund and its Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds have suffered recurring losses from operations and, the General Fund has reported a zero available fund balance at year end while the water and wastewater operations have reported minimal year end cash balances, all of which collectively raise substantial doubt about their ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note Item 5-J to these financial statements as well as in this letter.

Mr. Krieg has concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Calistoga's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial



section of this report.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This CAFR contains financial information and data using the new financial reporting format established for governments by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB sets accounting and financial reporting standards for governments in the United States of America. The financial reporting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Calistoga's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY AND ITS OPERATIONS

The City of Calistoga was incorporated in 1886 as a general law city in the County of Napa, State of California. The City is established as a Council-Manager form of local government and governed by an elected Mayor and a four member City Council. The Council is responsible, among other matters, for passing ordinances, adopting the City budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four year staggered terms, with two members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term.

The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the daily operations of the City, hiring Department Heads and for appointing other employees and otherwise managing daily operations of the City.

The City of Calistoga provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, planning and building inspections, parks and recreation facilities and services, construction and maintenance of streets, public buildings and other infrastructure facilities, cemetery, water production and distribution, and wastewater collection and treatment. The City Council also exercises oversight of Calistoga Public Facilities Corporation; a non-profit public benefit corporation for the financing of City facilities and equipment, and this component unit is included in the City's financial statements as part of the primary governmental reporting entity.

The City of Calistoga is located about 75 miles north of San Francisco in the northern part of Napa County. The City is approximately 2.6 square miles with an estimated population of 5,155 as of January 1, 2010. However, an additional surrounding population of 2,000 to 3,000 is considered part of the greater Calistoga community. The 2010 US Census reflects an ethnic diversity with 49% of the population white, 49% Hispanic and 2% other non-white. The median age is 38.2 years and almost 25% of the population is over 60 years. The median income is \$50,128 with an estimated 30% employed in management, professional or related occupations, 31% in services, 13.5% in sales or office and 25.5% in other occupations. An estimated 85% have a high school education and 29% have a bachelor's degree or higher. Of the 2,295 housing units an estimated 24% are mobile homes. The City has a diverse population with income, housing and employment reflecting a tourist, wine producing and retirement community.

The Napa Valley is considered to be one of the world's premier grape growing and wine producing regions and draws thousands of tourists each year to the area. Samuel Brannan, a California pioneer and entrepreneur, founded the Calistoga community in 1860's, as a tourist

health resort with the natural geothermal water in the area. The City's primary economic base is still tourism. The vineyards and commercial wineries, fine shops, cafes and restaurants, world famous mineral hot springs and tourist accommodations featuring mud baths and spa treatments and scenic valley mountains, all combine to make the City of Calistoga a place to visit for tourists from around the world. The mild climate and beauty of the area has also drawn retirees to four large mobile home parks in the City.

DISCUSSION OF FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the CAFR is perhaps best understood when it is considered in relationship to the City's specific environment and the City's plans for the future.

Local Economy

As discussed above, the City of Calistoga's local economy is primarily from the wine producing, agriculture, tourism and health services. The City has a stable assessed valuation base that provides growing property tax revenue. The taxable sales base is primarily centered on restaurants and other tourist related products. The 42 lodging facilities range from small bed and breakfasts inns to large resorts with geothermal spas and other health treatments. These lodging facilities generate the largest single source of annual revenue to the City from Transient Occupancy tax.

About 73% of the City's general fund revenues come from the local transient occupancy tax, sales tax, and property taxes.

Budget

The City's budget serves as the base for the City's financial planning and control systems. The fiscal year annual budget is reviewed and updated by City Council resolution each year. All departments of the City submit budget updates and requests to the City Manager each spring for the following fiscal year. The Manager uses this information to update the previously adopted budget and develop the proposed budget. The Manager presents updates and the proposed budget to the City Council in May or June of each year. The Council holds public hearings on the updates and proposed budget and then adopts an annual budget resolution. The budget is adopted by fund at the department and project levels. The Council periodically reviews during the fiscal year the City's actual financial activity in relationship to the original budget, and as necessary amends the original budget to reflect changing conditions.

Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund's comparison, a major fund under the new reporting standards, is presented as required supplementary information in a separate section of this report immediately following the notes to the financial statements. For the City's other governmental-type funds a budget to actual comparison schedule is presented as optional information in the section of this report containing combining financial statements and individual fund schedules.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City, in fiscal 2012, expects the local economy to continue to feel the impact of the downturn in the State and National economies. However, with the local growth limitations in the community, there will still be a small amount of residential and commercial development. It is

expected that there will be nominal revenue growth from transient occupancy and sales taxes. Potential planned improvements and rehabilitation of existing lodging facilities and the addition of new facilities will likely be delayed due to the difficulty in obtaining commercial credit. The broad effects of the deepening recession on the national, state and Bay Area economy and unemployment have impacted the tourist activity in the Napa Valley which will weaken or reduce revenues to the City that are based on those sources. Property taxes will also continue to flatten or decrease slightly in 2012. While the subprime collapse had a very limited effect on property values in the City in past years, there will likely be a weakening in annual growth projections due to the economic factors above and revaluations of properties by the Napa County Assessor. The City has a very stable property valuation base due to the growth management in the General Plan and Growth Management program and the nature of the community housing stock and ownership. The longer term impact of the recession and the State and Federal stimulus programs on the City's revenues is difficult to gage at this time. However, even with the economic cautions, a conservative projection of slight growth in the primary General Fund revenue sources should be sufficient to fund the projected growth in general municipal operations.

The City's general fund has suffered recurring net decreases in its net assets over the last three fiscal years. The City has taken on major capital asset improvement related costs and long-term financings, public contributions and government grants have financed most of these capital related costs. General fund spending has exceeded general fund revenues and other inflows over the past three years.

Water and Wastewater rates studies were adopted in Fall 2010 and on January 1, 2011, the first of five years of rate increases were applied. These increases were based on conservative assumptions of costs, usage and development. The Water working capital projections ranged from 6% to 33% of operating revenues due to usage reductions and costs to complete a major water tank improvement project. The Wastewater working capital started in a deficit position primarily due to several prior years of operating costs increases and usage reductions. The Wastewater study projected a positive working capital of 20% of operating revenues in FY 12-13 due to conservative development projections.

Due to the need for significant improvements in both the Water and Wastewater systems to maintain the systems existing and expanded capacity for past and projected development, the debt burden for both systems ranges from 27% to 33% of operating costs. The connection fees for new development were significantly increased in 2004 to fund costs relating to the expanded capacity that benefits new development. There is a significant reliance on development to provide one time revenues to fund portions of debt service payments and retire outstanding debt early.

Even the conservative projections of development in the 2010 rate studied have not occurred primarily due to the economic conditions beyond the City's control. However, several major projects have been approved or are in the approval process and are likely to develop over the next 24 to 36 months.

The City's General fund had a transfer out of \$.4 million to the Wastewater for operations since it had a deficit balance with no cash available at June 30, 2011. The General fund also had a transfer out of a little less than \$.5 million to the water fund for litigation and consulting costs.

The City will complete a comprehensive review of the adopted Water and Wastewater rate studies to determine why the various assumptions in the rate studies have not generated the working capital projected.

The City will need to develop a comprehensive capital improvement plan (CIP) that identifies needed public improvements to support the community needs and projected growth identified in the adopted General Plan. To fund current and future capital improvements, the City will need to develop additional funding sources from grants, long term debt financing and development impact fees.

Staff Contributions

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and other departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the City Council and the Management staff for their continued support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Calistoga's financial affairs.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard Spitler City Manager

Glofia Leon

Administrative Services Director/City Treasurer

City of Calistoga, California Principal City Officials As of June 30, 2011

Elected Officials

City Council

Jack Gingles
Michael Dunsford
Gary Kraus
Chris Canning
Karen Slusser

Mayor Vice Mayor Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember

Appointed Officials

City Management Staff

Richard Spitler
Michelle Marchetta Kenyon
Jonathan Mills
Ken McNab
Steve Campbell
Susan Sneddon
William M. Mushallo
Daniel Takasugi, P.E.

City Manager
City Attorney
Police Chief
Planning & Building Manager
Fire Chief
City Clerk
Administrative Services Director/City Treasurer
City Engineer & Public Works Director

Revised Oct 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Terry E. Krieg, CPA

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Calistoga Calistoga, California

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calistoga, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Calistoga's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calistoga, California, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the City's General Fund, and its Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds will continue as going concerns. As discussed in note 5-J to the financial statements, the City's General Fund and its Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds have suffered recurring losses from operations and, the general fund has reported a zero available fund balance at year end while the water and wastewater enterprises have reported minimal year end cash balances, all of which collectively raise substantial doubt about their ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 5-J to these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information, and Schedule of Funding Progress on pages 2 through 11 and pages 43 through 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express or provide any assurance.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Calistoga's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements, individual fund schedules, and schedules of capital assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Calistoga's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The City in fiscal year 2011, implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions which implementation resulted in the reporting of fund balances of governmental-type funds into certain categories as discussed in Note 1D-7 and 5G to these financial statements.

Certified Public Accountant March 24, 2012

This section of the *City of Calistoga's* annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the City's accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to these financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2011, the assets of the City of Calistoga's' Governmental Activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$14.8 million (net assets). Of that amount \$9.1 million was invested in capital assets net of related debt. There are restricted funds of \$6.3 for capital projects, public safety, streets and housing. The remaining deficit of \$.6 million is unrestricted funds which are unavailable for spending.
- Overall City-wide revenues from all governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$1.0 million compared to the 2010 fiscal year for a 2011 total of \$13.3 million. All of the decrease was primarily due to less available funding from Capital grants and contributions for capital projects. Transient occupancy taxes rose by \$.3 million from prior year and property, sales and other taxes rose by \$.2 million indicating a change in consumer spending from the prior year. Business-type activity revenues decreased by \$.4 million from the prior year. This was primarily due to less funding from grants and contributions. Total business-type charges for service revenues approximated \$ 4.1 million.
- The City's total expense of all programs in fiscal 2011 increased by \$.5 million compared to 2010 due mainly to litigation matters.
- The General Fund reported a year end fund balance of \$16,911 at the end of the 2011 year.
- The City business-type water and wastewater enterprise funds ended the 2011 fiscal year with net assets of \$ 13.8 million, most of which is invested in the water and wastewater facilities and systems (net of related debt).
- The City's other non-major governmental funds ended 2011 with \$ 1.1 million available for special purposes; primarily capital, housing, and other special purposes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of five parts – a management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and budget to actual comparison statements and a statistical section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services like public safety, general government, community services, public works and other services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the City's water and wastewater systems.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial

statements. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our nonmajor funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. Also included are optional budgetary comparison statements for the City's nonmajor governmental funds.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Major Features of City of Calistoga

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Sta	atements
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire City government	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, streets, general government, and community services	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: the water and wastewater systems
Required financial statements	> Statement of net assets > Statement of activities	> Balance sheet > Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	> Statement of net assets > Statement of revenues expenses, and changes in net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	> Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements present the total financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes the entire City's' assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's *net assets* and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the City's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the City's

financial health, or *position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are reported in two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are included here, such as general
 government, police, fire, streets, public works, and community services. Property taxes, sales
 taxes, transient occupancy taxes, special and other taxes, user charges and fees and state, local
 and federal grants finance these activities.
- Business-Type activities The City charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services. The City's water and wastewater enterprises are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- The City's major governmental funds, the General Fund, HOME Grant Fund, CDBG Open Grant and Capital Lease Projects Funds are reported in separate columns and all other non-major governmental funds are aggregated in a single column. The City's water and wastewater funds are reported separately each as a major fund.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as restricted donations). Some funds are maintained to demonstrate that the City is properly using certain specific fees for their intended purpose (such as landscape maintenance fees).
- Other funds are maintained for similar purposes but in addition demonstrate the City's ability to repay its long-term debt obligations, such as capital lease obligations

The City has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds The City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements; the City's water and wastewater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Calistoga's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles and equipment. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund statements provide separate information for the City's water and wastewater operations, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The internal service funds are presented in a separate column alongside the totals for the City's proprietary enterprise funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Assets. The City's combined net assets decreased by \$.7 million between fiscal years 2010 and 2011 to \$ 28.6 million. Approximately 79% of the net assets of the City are represented by the City's net investment in its capital assets such as buildings, land, equipment and facilities. The remaining 21% is essentially represented by cash, investments and receivables. About 83% of the City's total liabilities are represented by long-term obligations.

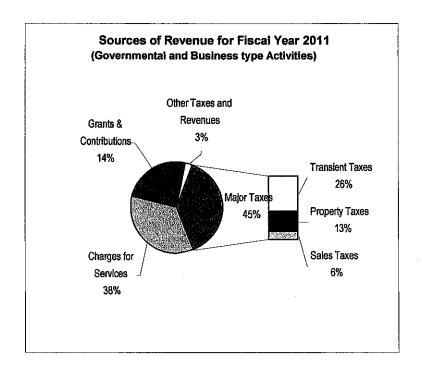
Table A-1 City of Calistoga Net Assets (in millions of dollars)													
	Governmental Activities							ivities	ļ	Total Percentage Change			
	20 ⁻	11	2	010	2	011	2010		2010 to 2011				
Current and other assets	\$	8.7	\$	10.1	\$	1.3	\$	1.0	\$	10.0	\$	11,1	-9.9%
Capital assets		14.3		12.1		28.8		30.0		43.1		42.1	2.4%
Total assets		23.0		22.2		30.1		31.0		53.1		53.2	2%
Long-term debt outstanding		5.1		5.3		14.9		15.7		20.0		21.0	-4.8%
Other liabilities		3.1		1.7		1.4		1.2		4.5		2.9	55.2
Total liabilities		8.2		7.0		16.3		16.9		24.5		23.9	2.5%
Net assets													
Invested in capital assets		9.1		8.8		13.6		13.7		22.7		22.5	.9%
Restricted		6.3		6.2		_		-		6.3		6.2	1.6%
Unrestricted		(.6)		.2		.2		0.4		(.4)		0.6	-166.7%
Total net assets	\$	14.8	\$	15.2	\$	13.8	\$	14.1	\$	28.6	\$	29.3	-2.4%

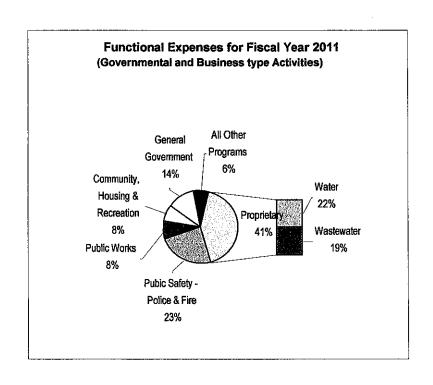
Changes in net assets. The City's 2011 total revenues of \$13.3 million was \$1 million less than in 2010, a 7% decrease. This decrease was the result of less one time grants and capital contributions received in 2011. During fiscal year 2011 45% of the City's total revenue came from various taxes including property, sales, transient occupancy, and 3% from other taxes as opposed to 40% in 2010. The remainder of revenues came from fees charged for services, state/local/federal grants and contributions. The total cost of all programs and services in 2011 was \$14 million and includes a wide range of services such as police and fire protection, streets, public works, general administration, community services, water, and wastewater operations. (See Table A-2).

Table A-2
Changes in the City of Calistoga's Net Assets
(in millions of dollars)

	0	La La Catalian	Business town	- 0 -41 - 641	Fiscal Yea	. Tatala	Total Percentage
;	Governmen	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	FISCAI TEA	Change 2010 to	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Revenues					•		
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 1.0	\$ 0.9	\$ 4.1	\$ 4.0	\$ 5.1	\$ 4.9	4.1%
Grants and contributions	1.4	2.6	.5	1.0	1.9	3.6	-47.2%
General revenues							
Transient occupancy taxes	3.4	3.1	-	_	3.4	3.1	9.7%
Property, Sales and other taxes	2.9	2.7	-	_	2.9	2.7	7.4%
Other	-	-	_	_		-	
Total revenues	8.7	9.3	4.6	5.0	13.3	14.3	-7.0%
Expenses							
General government	1.9	1.7		_	1.9	1.7	11.8%
Public safety	3.2	3.2	_	_	3.2	3.2	0.0%
Community services	0.4	0.3	_	_	0.4	0.3	33.3%
Housing	0.1	0.1	_	_	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Recreation services	0.6	0.5	_	_	0.6	0.5	20.0%
Public works	1.1	1.1	_	- .	1.1	1.1	0.0%
Planning & Building	0.6	0.6	-	=	0.6	0.6	0.0%
Water	-	_	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.9	6.9%
Wastewater	_	_	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	-3.6%
Other	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.0%
Total expenses	8.2	7.8	5.8	5.7	14.0	13.5	3.7%
Excess (deficiency) before							
transfers	.5	1.5	(1.2)	(0.7)	(0.7)	0.8	-187.5%
Transfers	(.9)	(1.4)	.9	1.4	-	_	0.0\$
Increase(decrease) in net assets	(.4)	.1	(.3)	.7	(.7)	.8	-187.5%
Net assets, beginning	15,2	15.1	14.1	13.4	29.3	28.5	2.8%
Net assets, ending	\$14.8	\$15.2	\$13.8	\$14.1	\$28.6	\$29.3	-2.4%

The Sources of the City's major types of revenue and the areas where such resources are used is shown below in summary graphic form:





Governmental and Business-Type Activities

Revenues from all governmental type activities in fiscal year 2011 decreased by \$.6 million to \$8.7 million compared to \$ 9.3 million in 2010. Approximately 39 % of the revenue from governmental activities is derived from the Transient Occupancy tax (it is 39% of the General Fund revenue). The City's Transient Occupancy tax revenue increased by \$.3 million or 10% in 2011 a reflection of consumer confidence in tourism activity during the fiscal year. The City received an increase of 1% or \$.03 million in property tax allocations as compared to Fiscal Year 2010.

As the graph on Page 7 shows, the City's primary sources of revenue come from charges for services and tax revenues. About 71% of all City revenues are from taxes, water sales, wastewater fees, and local charges for services. The majority of the City's operating expenses are incurred to provide public safety, water and wastewater services. These three programs account for 64 % of the City's total operating expenses in fiscal 2011.

When all operations were concluded, the governmental activities function reported a change of negative \$.4 million in net assets for fiscal 2011. This amount primarily reflects a decrease of \$1.2 million in grants, contributions, and donations revenue received for capital projects and an increase of \$.4 million in expenditures. Net assets of business type-activities decreased \$.3 million year over year due to expenses exceeding charges for services and less capital grants and contributions received in 2011.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the City's five largest programs – public safety, public works, general administration, water and wastewater. The cost of all programs this year was \$ 13.9 million, compared to \$ 13.6 million in fiscal 2010; about a 3.0% increase for the year.

Table A-3 Cost of City of Calistoga Programs (in millions of dollars)											
	Total Percentage Change										
	20	011	2010 to 2011								
Public Safety	\$	3.2	\$	3.2	0.0%						
General Government		1.8		1.7	5.9%						
Public Works		1.1		1.1	0.0%						
Water		3.1		2.9	6.9%						
Wastewater		2.7		2.8	-3.6%						
All other		2.0		1.9	5.3%						
Total	\$	13.9	\$	13.6	2.2%						

Governmental Activities

Users and contributors funded \$ 2.4 million of the \$ 8.1 million in costs of city's governmental activity programs leaving the City general revenues to fund the other \$ 5.7 million. General revenues were sufficient to pay for these services. The expense of governmental services was absorbed by:

- Those who directly benefited from or used the programs (about \$ 1.0 million), and
- Other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (about \$ 1.4 million).

The City used fund balance reserves to cover the loss of \$.4 million in operating costs in the governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities (water and wastewater) had a loss in net assets of \$.3 million during the fiscal year. The water utility had cost increases from higher legal fees in fiscal 2011 compared to the prior year. In addition capital grants and contributions decreased by \$.5 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1.6 million which is \$2.7 million lower than was reported at the end of fiscal year 2010. Though the General Fund had an increase of \$1.3 million in revenues as compared to 2010 the costs of the City's General Fund operations were \$.7 million more than General Fund revenues. After transfers in and out, the General Fund reported a net \$.9 million decrease in fund balance. This was primarily due to a combination of an increase in legal costs, risk management, community activities, recreation services, pool maintenance, and one time capital outlay expenses.

The City's general fund has suffered recurring net decreases in its net assets over the last three fiscal years. The City has taken on major capital asset improvement related costs and long-term financings, public contributions and government grants have financed most of these capital related costs. General fund spending has exceeded general fund revenues and other inflows over the past three years.

At year end, the City's General Fund had a fund balance of \$16,911. The fund balance of \$16,911 is nonspendable which means the City starts the new fiscal y ear of 2012 with no available general fund reserves. Due to the lack of readily available cash for daily operations the City borrowed \$1.5 million under a Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note to address cash flow management during the course of the year which will be repaid by June 29, 2012.

In addition, the City's other major and nonmajor governmental funds ended the 2011 fiscal year with a combined fund balance of \$1.5 million which is to be used only for certain specific future purposes. In 2010 the fund balance of other major and non-major governmental funds was \$3.3 million. The decrease of \$1.8 million in fund balance was contributed to \$800,000 capital outlay expenditure for the claim settlement of the pool and \$915,314 transfers out to the general fund for the fire station project, and \$261,434 to the community pool project.

The General fund had a transfer out of \$.4 million to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund for operations since it had a deficit balance with no cash available at June 30, 2011. The Water Enterprise Fund had a transfer in from the General fund of \$.5 million for litigation and consulting costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council made various revisions to the City budget. The budget amendments fall into two categories: changes made during the year for unanticipated appropriations and at the year end review for adjustments in revenues and costs and increases in appropriations to better reflect operations and improvements during the year. General Fund revenues ended the fiscal year \$1.5 million more than projected budgeted amounts due primarily to one time funding of Measure A storm drain reimbursements and grants from the State of California and County of Napa for the fire station and bus shelter projects. Actual General Fund expenditures were \$.2 million more than final

budget amounts. The General Fund expenditure budget changes from the final to actual were primarily due to increases in risk management, legal costs, recreation services, and maintenance of streets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2011, the City had invested \$ 43.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including land, vehicles, equipment, the water system, wastewater system and other capital assets. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of about \$ 1.4 million, or 3.4%, more than last year.

Table A-4 City of Calistoga's Capital Assets											
(net of depreciation, in millions of dollars)											
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	e Activities	Fiscal Yea	ır Totals	Total Percentage Change				
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2010 to 2011				
Land	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.8	\$2.8	\$ 4.8	\$ 4.8	0.0%				
Construction in progress	.4	1.2	0.6	0.5	1.1	1.7	-4 1.2%				
Buildings	2.2	0.5			2.2	0.5	340%				
Machinery and equipment	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2	0.0%				
Internal service equipment	0.9	0.8			0.9	8.0	12.5%				
Improvements	8.6	7.4			8.6	7.4	16.2%				
Water utility system			11.4	11.7	11.4	11.7	-2.6%				
Wastewater system			14.0	14.6	14.0	14.6	-4.1%				
Total	\$ 14.3	\$ 12.1	\$ 28.8	\$ 29.6	43.1	41.7	3.4%				

This year's major capital assets additions included:

In fiscal 2011, the City completed the Fire Station renovation project. Improvements of approximately \$1.1M during fiscal year 2011 included \$800K for settlement of the construction contract on the Community Pool project, \$600K for drainage improvements to reduce flooding in southeastern Calistoga and less \$300K for depreciation expense. The water and wastewater systems did not add any significant improvements during the fiscal year. The change in Capital Assets for both the water and wastewater systems is primarily due to accumulated depreciation realized during the year.

Long Term Debt

At the end of 2011, the City had \$ 21.8 million in long-term debt and capital lease obligations outstanding, which is a net decrease of \$.7 million from the prior year. Of the \$ 21.8 million, approximately 72% relates to the City's business-type activities, mainly the water and wastewater systems, and the remaining 28% is applicable to governmental type financing activities.

For fiscal year 2011 the City entered into a capital lease in the amount of \$249,000 with Zions Bank for the purchase of a street sweeper, patrol car, police radios and fire SCBA equipment. The City was also able to repay the \$1.5 million Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note in fiscal year 2011 for purposes of managing cash flow throughout the year.

In the business-type activities the City made all required payments of principal and interest on its obligations despite the City's strained financial conditions.

The City on July 7, 2011 obtained a 40 year USDA loan issued as a Certificate of Participation for \$3.8 million for the purpose of financing water system improvements.

Additional information about the City's long-term obligations can be found in Section F under the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

For the 2012 fiscal year, general fund revenue projections continue to be conservative and based on known changes in on going revenues from taxes and one time capital grants.

- Budget projections for the 2011/12 fiscal year are 2 percent higher than last year for a total of \$7.0 million. Transient Occupancy tax, property, tax and sales tax comprise 45 percent of the City's general fund revenue. Revenues have been projected conservatively due to uncertainty in the economy and concern regarding the state budget deficit and the impact it may have on local government. There are no other significant planned changes in tax rates or in other forms of revenue subject to adjustment by the City.
- The General Fund 2012 budgeted operating appropriations adopted are \$6.3 million. This is a
 decrease of \$ 0.3 million or 5% compared to final 2011 appropriations of \$ 6.6 million. The
 majority of this decrease is due to the reduction of expenditures through budget reductions,
 employee concessions, and positions being held vacant during the upcoming year.
- Water and Wastewater rates studies were adopted in Fall 2010 and on January 1, 2011, the first
 of five years of rate increases were applied. These increases were based on conservative
 assumptions of costs, usage and development. The Wastewater working capital started in a
 deficit position primarily due to several prior years of operating costs increases and usage
 reductions. The Wastewater study projected a positive working capital of 20% of operating
 revenues in FY 12-13 due to conservative development projections.
- There is a significant reliance on development to provide one time revenues to fund portions of debt service payments and retire outstanding debt early. Even the conservative projections of development in the 2010 rate studied have not occurred primarily due to the economic conditions beyond the City's control. However, several major projects have been approved or are in the approval process and are likely to develop over the next 24 to 36 months.
- The City will complete a comprehensive review of the adopted Water and Wastewater rate studies to determine why the various assumptions in the rate studies have not generated the working capital projected.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please see the City WEB site at www.ci.calistoga.ca.us or contact the Administrative Services Director/city Treasurer (City of Calistoga, 1232 Washington Street, Calistoga, California 94515, 707-942-2800 or finance@ci.calistoga.ca.us).

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

		vernmental Activities		iness Type ctivities		Total
ASSETS			-			,,
Current assets:	•	4 000 540	•	40.504		4 0 4 0 4 4 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,332,546	\$	13,564	\$	1,346,110
Net receivables		968,164		932,566		1,900,730
Inventory		11,201				11,201
Total current assets		2,311,911		946,130		<u>3,25</u> 8,041
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,198,097		-		1,198,097
internal balances		58,068		(58,068)		-
Receivables-long-term		5,183,621		115,834		5,299,455
Debt issuance costs		19,312		299,626		318,938
Net capital assets		14,277,443		28,768,116		43,045,559
Total noncurrent assets	******	20,736,541		29,125,508		49,862,049
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	23,048,452	\$	30,071,638	\$	53,120,090
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	345,527	\$	208,988	\$	554,515
Accrued liabilities		179,253				179,253
Compensated absences		214,549		79,574		294,123
Deposits		270,495		104,701		375,196
Accrued interest payable		108,035		203,584		311,619
Unearned revenues		1 000 107		192,157		192,157
Claims and settlements		1,099,197		-		1,099,197
Bonds, leases, agreements, notes		474.000		E64 400		1 020 024
and certificates due in one year		474,908		564,123	-	1,039,031
Total current liabilities		2,691,964		1,353,127		4,045,091
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences		130,000		20,000		150,000
Net other post employment benefit obligation Bonds, leases, agreements, notes		287,695		-		287,695
and certificates due in more than one year		5,085,046		14,919,056		20,004,102
Total noncurrent liabilities		5,502,741		14,939,056		20,441,797
Total liabilities		8,194,705		16,292,183		24,486,888
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		9,134,898		13,584,563		22,719,461
Restricted for:						
Streets, recreation, capital projects		381,759		-		381,759
Public safety		125,782		-		125,782
Housing		5,812,489		-		5,812,489
Unrestricted		(601,181)		194,892		(406,289)
Total net assets		14,853,747		13,779,455		28,633,202
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	23,048,452	\$	30,071,638	\$	53,120,090

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		For th	e Fiscal Year Ended Program Revenues	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Program Revenues	Net	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	e and ets
						City Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
City government Governmental activities: General government Public safety Community services Housing	\$ 1,842,683 3,178,320 385,499 123,490	\$ 265,929 185,890 21,734 146,202	. 111,878	\$ 50,584 272,821	\$ (1,526,170) (2,607,731) (363,765) 22,715	· · · · ·	\$ (1,526,170) (2,607,731) (363,765) 22,712
Recreation services Public works Planning and building Interest on long-term debt	615,712 1,123,110 637,991 291,896	123,832 66,484 182,174	11,553 149,437	700,067	(480,327) (117,182) (455,817) (291,896)	1 1 1	(480,327) (117,182) (455,817) (291,896)
Total governmental activities	8,198,701	992,245	272,868	1,113,412	(5,820,176)		(5,820,176)
Business-Type Activities: Water Wastewater	3,055,351 2,695,348	2,100,595 1,952,322		472,125 16,707	, ,	(482,631) (726,319)	(482,631) (726,319)
Total business-type activities	5,750,699	4,052,917	•	488,832	•	(1,208,950)	(1,208,950)
Total City government	\$ 13,949,400	\$ 5,045,162	\$ 272,868	\$ 1,602,244	(5,820,176)	(1,208,950)	(7,029,126)
		General revenues: General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Transient occu Sales taxes Other taxes	General revenues and transfers General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Transient occupancy taxes Sales taxes Other taxes		1,685,427 3,430,487 796,563 312,778		1,685,427 3,430,487 796,563 312,778
		Motor vehicle in lieu fee to a specific program Unrestricted investment Other general revenues Transfers	Motor vehicle in lieu fees not restricted to a specific program Unrestricted investment earnings Other general revenues <i>ansfers</i>	stricted Is	24,494 9,693 57,164 (859,808)	- - 808,808	24,494 9,693 57,164
		Total general re	Total general revenues and transfers	fers	5,456,798	859,808	6,316,606
		Change in	Change in net assets		(363,378)	(349,142)	(712,520)
		Net assets, beginning Net assets, ending	nning ng		15,217,125	14,128,597 \$ 13,779,455	29,345,722 \$ 28,633,202

CITY OF CALISTOGA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	Gen	ieral Fund	нс	OME Grant Fund	CDBG Grant	-	pital Lease Jects Fund	 Other overnment al Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governments Accrued interest receivable Advances to other funds Notes receivable	\$	64,804 851,192 7,391 72,672 2,093 56,518	\$	480 - - - - - 3,140,025	\$ 1,25	187 - - - - - 0,586	\$ 1,198,097 - - - - - -	\$ 1,115,881 - 36 34,780 793,010	\$	2,379,449 851,192 7,427 107,452 2,093 56,518 5,183,621
Total assets	\$	1,054,670	\$	3,140,505	\$1,25	0,773	\$ 1,198,097	\$ 1,943,707	\$	8,587,752
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Claims payable Advances from other funds Deposits Deferred revenue	\$	331,681 179,253 265,000 - 261,825	\$	- - - - 3,140,025	\$ 1,25	- - - - - - 0,586	\$ - - 000,008 - -	\$ 5,290 - 1,450 8,670 793,010	\$	336,971 179,253 1,065,000 1,450 270,495 5,183,621
Total liabilities		1,037,759		3,140,025	1,25	0,586	 800,000	808,420		7,036,790
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted for capital improvements Restricted for affordable housing Restricted for streets Restricted for facilities Restricted for public safety Restricted for parks Restricted for debt service Unassigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	*	16,911 - - - - - - 16,911 1,054,670		480 - - - - - - - 480 3,140,505	\$ 1,25	187 	\$ 398,097 - - - - - - - 398,097 1,198,097	 628,201 327,317 50,584 125,782 2,150 1,708 (455) 1,135,287 1,943,707	\$	16,911 398,097 628,868 327,317 50,584 125,782 2,150 1,708 (455) 1,550,962 8,587,752
Total Governmental Fund Balances									\$	1,550,962
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are financial resources and therefore are not report Long-term receivables used in governmental activitic current financial resources and are therefore defer The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund activities in the statement of net assets Liabilities for other post employment benefit (OPEB) use of crrent financial resources and are not reporte Some liabilities, including bonds, leases, compensa absences, and accrued interest are not due and and are therefore not reported in the funds	ted in to les are rred in I are in obligated in the ated	not the funds cluded in the tions do not a e funds	resu	It in the						13,353,444 5,183,621 458,507 (287,695) (5,405,092)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities									<u>\$</u>	14,853,747

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		F General Fund		HOME Grant Fund		DBG n Grant und	Capital Lease Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								_	_	
Property taxes	\$	1,685,427	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,685,427
Sales taxes		796,563		-		-	-	-		796,563
Transient occupancy taxes		3,430,487		-		-	-	-		3,430,487
Other taxes		312,778		-		-	-	-		312,778
Licenses and permits		65,022		-		-	-	-		65,022
Fines and forfeits		53,486		-		-	-			53,486
Intergovernmental		1,052,047		-		-	-	272,765		1,324,812
Interest and rents		9,546		-		-	147	51,587		61,280
Charges for services		604,313		-		-	-	72,941		677,254
Miscellaneous		120,914		480				107,828		229,222
Total revenues		8,130,583		480			147_	505,121		8,636,331
EXPENDITURE\$										
Current:										
General government		1,829,295		-		-	-			1,829,295
Public safety		3,002,549		-		-	-	52,140		3,054,689
Community services		363,84 6		-		-	-	-		363,846
Housing		-		-		-	-	123,490		123,490
Recreation services		438,931		-		-	-	3,944		442,875
Public works		962,660		-		-	-	63,782		1,026,442
Planning and building		602,200		-		-	-	-		602,200
Debt service:								355,760		055 700
Principal Interest		39,930		-		-	-	255,925		355,760 295,855
		•		•		-	800,000	200,920		
Capital outlay		1,573,936		<u>-</u>			800,000			2,373,936
Total expenditures		8,813,347					800,000	855,041		10,468,388
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		(682,764)		480			(799,853)	(349,920)		(1,832,057)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		1,150,243		-		-	-	611,686		1,761,929
Transfers out		(1,383,572)					(960,780)	(277,385)		(2,621,737)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(233,329)				-	(960,780)	334,301		(859,808)
Net change in fund balances		(916,093)		480		-	(1,760,633)	(15,619)		(2,691,865)
Fund balances, July 1	<u></u>	933,004		<u> </u>		187	2,158,730	1,150,906		4,242,827
Fund balances, June 30	\$	16,911	\$_	480	\$	187	\$ 398,097	\$ 1,135,287	\$	1,550,962

CITY OF CALISTOGA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,691,865)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$2,378,754 exceed depreciation (\$357,248).	2,021,506
Repayments of long-term debt principal and claims are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net assets	355,760
Debt issuance costs are reported as an outflow of resoruces in the funds but are amotized to expenses in the statement of activities	(1,136)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the funds until due	5,095
Governmental funds report compensated absences when payments are made or are immediately due. However, in the statement of activities these costs are recorded when incurred.	8,134
Internal service funds are closed by charging additional amounts or reducing charges to participating governmental activities to completely cover the internal service fund's costs for the year	13,626
Increases in long-term claim liabilities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported in the funds	20,395
Increases in other post employment benefit obligations do not result in the use of current financial rsources and are not reported in the funds	(153,695)
Interest earned on long-term receivables that is not currently due and payable but is deferred to marturity or sale of the note is deferred in the funds, but is reported as current period income in the statement of activities.	91,457
Long-term receivables are deferred in the funds until collected and available for use. In the statement of activiities, revenues are	į.
recognized when the receivable is recorded and not when it is collected	(32,655)
Net differences	2,328,487
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (363,378)

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

	Water Wastewater		Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables(net) Inventory	\$ 6,180 591,405	\$ 7,384 341,161 -	\$ 13,564 932,566	\$ 151,194 - 11,201
Internal balances				3,000
Total current assets	597,585	348,545	946,130	165,395
Noncurrent assets: Other assets: Notes receivable Debt issuance costs	27,424 160,023	88,410 139,603	115,834 299,626	
Total other noncurrent assets	187,447	228,013	415,460	
Capital assets: Land Equipment and vehicles Distribution and collection systems Water rights, net of amortization	2,338,730 1,027,646 14,831,096 1,212,694	464,108 625,063 19,670,003	2,802,838 1,652,709 34,501,099 1,212,694 628,877	3,040,205
Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation	628,877 (5,662,849)	(6,367,252)	(12,030,101)	(2,116,203)
Net capital assets	14,376,194	14,391,922	28,768,116	924,002
Total noncurrent assets	14,563,641	14,619,935	29,183,576	924,002
Total assets	\$ 15,161,226	\$ 14,968,480	\$ 30,129,706	\$ 1,089,397
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Compensated absences Deposits Accrued interest Deferred revenue Agreements, loans, and certificates due in one year Total current liabilities	\$ 127,771 39,787 30,658 81,134 50,743 193,000 523,093	\$ 81,217 39,787 74,043 122,450 141,414 371,123 830,034	\$ 208,988 79,574 104,701 203,584 192,157 564,123 1,353,127	\$ 8,559 - - 9,558 - - 102,292 - 120,409
Noncurrent liabilities: State revolving loan payable Certificate of participation Installment agreement Capital lease obligation Advances from other funds Compensated absences	2,163,000 4,365,000 58,068 10,000	-	3,707,556 4,031,500 7,180,000 - 58,068 20,000	510,481 - - -
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,596,068	8,401,056	14,997,124	510,481
Total liabilities	7,119,161	9,231,090	16,350,251	630,890
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	7,815,217 226,848		13,584,563 194,892	311,229 147,278
Total net assets	\$ 8,042,065	\$ 5,737,390	\$ 13,779,455	\$ 458,507

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Water	Wastewater	· Totals	Governmental Activities Internal- Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Sales of water	\$ 2,032,016	\$ -	\$ 2,032,016	\$ -
Service fees	•	1,915,323	1,915,323	307,656
Miscellaneous	68,456	36,589	105,045	21,378
Total operating revenues	2,100,472	1,951,912	4,052,384	329,034
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Maintenance and operations	1,483,152	698,187	2,181,339	203,021
Employee services	793,270	938,686	1,731,956	-
Interfund charges for services	82,500	82,500	165,000	-
Depreciation and amortization	400,358	640,939	1,041,297	99,635
Total operating expenses	2,759,280	2,360,312	5,119,592	302,656
Operating income (loss)	(658,808)	(408,400)	(1,067,208)	26,378
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Gain(Loss) on capital assets Interest and investment revenue	- 123	- 410	- 533	<u>-</u>
Interest and investment revende	(296,071)	(335,036)	(631,107)	(12,752)
•	(230,011)	(000,000)	(001,101)	(12,102)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(295,948)	(334,626)	(630,574)	(12,752)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(954,756)	(743,026)	(1,697,782)	13,626
Contributions and transfers: Capital contributions Transfers in	472,125 462,400	16,707 397,408	488,832 859,808	-
Net contributions and transfers	934,525	414,115	1,348,640	<u>-</u>
Change in net assets	(20,231)	(328,911)	(349,142)	13,626
Total net assets, July 1	8,062,296	6,066,301	14,128,597	444,881
Total net assets, June 30	\$ 8,042,065	\$ 5,737,390	\$ 13,779,455	\$ 458,507

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Water	Wastewater	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		A 4 AT 4 AT 4	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,094,437	\$ 1,974,871	\$ 4,069,308	(209.427)
Payments to suppliers Cash received from other funds for services	(1,458,759)	(688,821)	(2,147,580)	(208,137) 307,656
Payments to other funds for services	(82,500)	(82,500)	(165,000)	507,030
Payments to employees for services	(792,208)	(937,624)	(1,729,832)	_
Other operating receipts	68,456	36,589	105,045	21,378
•				
Net cash provided by (used for)	(170 E74)	302,515	131,941	120,897
operating activities	(170,574)	302,313	131,841	120,697
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advances from other funds	58,068	-	58,068	-
Transfers in from other funds	462,400	394,408	856,808	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	520,468	394,408	914,876	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions and grants	423,901	16,707	440,608	
Proceeds of long-term leases	-	(070.00.0	(705.004)	248,460
Payments on long-term debt principal	(427,000)	(358,624)	(785,624)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(300,699)	(335,901)	(636,600) (148,582)	
Purchases of capital assets	(136,451)	(12,131)	(146,362)	(237,239)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and	•			
related financing activities	(440,249)	(689,949)	(1,130,198)	(71,603)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	400	410	533	
Interest receipts	123	<u>410</u>	555	
Net cash provided by investing activities	123	410	533	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(90,232)	7,384	(82,848)	49,294
Balances-beginning of the year	96,412		96,412	101,900
Balances-end of the year	\$ 6,180	\$ 7,384	\$ 13,564	\$ 151,194
			,	

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Ente	erpris	e Funds	

		Water	Wastewater			Totals		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to								·.	
net cash provided by operating activities:	_		_						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(658,808)	\$	(408,400)	\$(1,067,208)	\$	26,378	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to									
net cash provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization expense		400,358		640,939		1,041,297		99,635	
Change in assets and liabilities:									
Decrease(increase) in deposits		1,185		27,755		28,940		_	
Decrease(increase) in accounts receivable		10,493		34,299		44,792		_	
Increase(decrease) in other liabilities		36,856		20,842		57,698		_	
Increase(decrease) in accounts payable		39,342		(12,920)		26,422		(1,447)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				(3,669)	
Net cash provided by (used for)									
operating activities	æ	(170,574)	\$	302,515	\$	131,941	\$	120,897	
operating activities	 	(110,014)	<u>Ψ</u>	302,313	<u> </u>	101,341	Ψ	120,091	

Noncash capital financing activities:

None:

City of Calistoga Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Agency Fund			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Assessments receivable	\$ 36,826 79,940	-		
Total assets	\$ 116,766	=		
LIABILITIES Deposits payable to Tourism Business Improvement District	\$ 116,766	•		
Total liabilities	\$ 116,766	_		

CITY OF CALISTOGA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Calistoga is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The Calistoga Public Facilities Financing Corporation is a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable and it is governed by the elected City Council. The Corporation was formed to provide a method of financing public improvements. The financial activities of the Corporation are blended with those of the City and are reported in the City's governmental funds, and as capital assets of the City and debt obligations of the City.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The HOME Grant and CDBG Open Grant Funds accounts for resources used for various programs funded partially or entirely by federal grant monies. The Capital Lease Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds from a commercial lease arrangement used to obtain financing for pool, public works, fire station, and other recreational facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the operations of the City's water treatment and distribution system. The wastewater fund accounts for the operation of the City's wastewater treatment plant and collection facilities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

The internal service fund is used to account for the City's general operating equipment and related services provided to other City departments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and wastewater function and other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise and internal service funds include the costs of sales and services, administration costs and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City is authorized by its most recent investment policy to invest in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund, U.S. Treasury bonds, bills, and notes, obligations issued by US Government agencies, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, time deposits, savings and demand accounts. Additional types of investments including mutual and money market funds are also authorized by long-term debt financing agreements and indentures. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Long-term notes receivable are reported as assets in the governmental funds despite their focus on current financial resources, but they are offset by deferred revenue amounts in the governmental funds until such a time that collections on the notes are realized by the funds.

All trade and property tax receivables are not shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of the prior January 1. State statutes provide that the property tax rate be limited generally to one percent of assessed value, be levied by only the County, and be shared by applicable jurisdictions. The County of Napa collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to voter-approved debt. Property taxes are due on November 1 and March 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10. The City receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan". Under the plan, the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the City. The City recognizes property tax revenues in the fiscal year in which they are due to the City.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when used or consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,000 (\$50,000 for infrastructure type assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Under the GASB 34 Implementation Rules, the City is a Phase 3 entity and was not required to record infrastructure assets existing or acquired prior to July 1, 2003 at the date these new financial reporting standards were implemented; and the City has not recorded such assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	50
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure-Utility	50
Vehicles and equipment	5 – 10

Intangible type assets such as water rights are amortized to expense over the estimated term of the contractual arrangement underlying such rights using a straight-line amortization periods of 20 and 50 years.

5. Compensated Absences and Other Post Employment Benefits

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The City accrues each year as a liability in the government-wide financial statements the amount of the difference, if any, between the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) to its OPEB Plan and the amounts actually contributed by the City for each fiscal year.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

7. Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints about the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications include (1) nonspendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned and (5) unassigned amounts.

Nonspendable amounts generally are items not expected to be readily converted into cash such as inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables not offset by deferred revenue accounts. Restricted amounts include those where constraints placed on the uses of the resources are externally imposed by grantors, contributors, other governments or by laws and regulations. Committed amounts are those that can only be used for a specific purpose as determined by the City Council. Such committed amounts may be redeployed for other uses only by the direction of the City Council. Assigned amounts are fund balance amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes as determined by the City Manager or City Finance Director. Unassigned fund balance amounts are the residual amounts reported only in the general fund or funds having deficit balances.

When expenditures are incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which any class of unrestricted fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

8. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in order to provide an understanding of the changes in net assets. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current years' presentation.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$ 13,353,444 difference are as follows:

Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 17,004,699 (3,651,255)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance – total governmental	

\$ 13.353.444

Another element of the reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities" are not due and payable

in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds. The details of this \$ 5.405.092 difference are as follows: Dobt Obligations and Balatad Interact:

funds to arrive at net assets – governmental activities

Long-Term Debt Obligations and Related Interest:	
Accrued interest	\$ (98,477)
Capital lease obligations	(4,947,181)
Capitalized debt issuance costs	19,312
Claims	(34,197)
Compensated absences	 (344,549)
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance total governmental	
Funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ (5,405,092)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$ 2.328,487 difference and other significant components of the difference are as follows:

Capital outlay; capitalized \$	2,378,754
Depreciation expense	(357,248)
Repayment of long-term debt principal	355,760
Internal service fund income	13,626
Other post employment benefit expense	(153,695)
Long-term loans made and deferred	(32,658)
Other items	123,948
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
	2,328,487

3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis of consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds and proprietary funds. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers between departments and other changes require City Council approval. The legal level of control is the department and fund level. The Council made supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting is not employed in governmental funds. The expenditures budgets exclusive of fund transfers were exceeded by the General fund by \$233,625, Public safety fund by \$12,000, CDBG loan repayment by \$3,462, and debt service fund by \$112,787. These over expenditures were funded by available resources.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2011 consisted of the following: Demand deposits: (Time deposits and book bank balances) Pooled investments Investments with trustees	\$	498,329 884,607 1,198,097
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$</u>	2,581,033

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's policy for deposits is that they will be made only in institutions in California, they shall be insured or collateralized with United States backed securities, and time certificates of deposit shall have a maturity of less than three years. At June 30, 2011, \$386,754 of the City's bank balances of \$636,754 was exposed to credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by pledging banks agent
But not in the City's name: \$386,754

Investments - At June 30, 2011, the City had the following investments.

Investment	Average Maturity		Fair Value
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	237 days	\$	884,607
Goldman Sachs Fin SQ Government Fund	14 days		1,198,097
		•	
		<u> \$ </u>	2,082,704

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the City's investment portfolio to maturities of five years or less at the time of purchase as prescribed in the California Government Code.

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in various securities to certain level of risk ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. It is the City's policy to comply with State law as regards securities ratings. The City's investments in mutual funds was rated Aaa and the State Investment Pool is unrated.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because the City's investment is not evidenced by specific securities.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major and non-major funds in the aggregate, net of the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows

	General Fund	Open and HOME Grant	Nonmajor Funds & IS Fund	Total Governmental	Water	Wastewater
Accounts	\$ 7,391	\$ -	\$ 36	\$ 7,427	\$ 324,605	\$ 341,161
Taxes	851,191	-	-	891,191	_	•
Interest	2,093	_	-	2,093	_	_
Governments	72,672	-	33,330	106,002	266,800	-
Notes		4,390,611	793,010	5,183,621	27,424	88,410
Totals	\$ 933,347	\$4,390,611	\$ 826,376	\$ 6,190,334	\$ 618,829	\$ 429,571

The notes receivable of \$5,299,455 consists of housing rehabilitation loans of \$211,832 bearing interest at rates of 3 to 6 percent and repayable in monthly installments, other loans of \$697,012 including one loan for \$250,000 plus accrued and unpaid interest for the development of low to moderate income apartments, maturing in 2023 and repayable out of residual receipts, and \$1,250,586 in first-time homebuyer assistance loans secured by 4th deeds of trust and repayable in 55 years or under certain conditions including sale of the housing unit.

In addition, the total notes receivable also includes \$3,140,025 a loan made from the proceeds of a HOME grant funded by a federal grant passed through the State of California. The loan bears interest at 3 percent per annum, matures in 55 years, is secured by a deed of trust on an affordable housing multi-family complex. The loan is repayable starting the first fiscal year following the first year of the project's operations from and to the extent of available cash flows as defined in the agreement.

C. Interfund Transfers, receivables and payables

1. The composition of interfund transfers of June 30, 2011, is as follows:

Transfers In:	General Fund	Non Fun	-Major ds	Water Fund	W	astewater Fund		Total Fransfers Out
Transfers Out:	•	•	500 704	# * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•	207 400	*	4 200 570
General fund Capital lease	\$ - 960,780	ъ	523,764	\$462,400	Ф	397,408	\$	1,383,572 960,780
Nonmajor funds	189,463		87,922	-		-		277,385
•		,						
Totals	\$ 1,150,243	\$	611,686	\$ 462,400	\$	397,408	\$	2,621,737

The \$960,780 transfer out of the capital lease fund was made to reimburse the general fund for the community pool and other capital costs. The \$611,686 transfer was made to fund debt service costs for governmental activities debt and most of the other transfers out of the nonmajor funds were made to reimburse the general fund for street and public safety costs. The transfer into the wastewater fund was made to write down interfund advances to realizable amounts.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

2. The composition of interfund balances was:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Asset	Liability	
General fund	Water enterprise	\$ 55,068	\$ -	
General fund	Wastewater enterprise		-	
		55,068	-	
Internal service fund	Wastewater enterprise	3,000	-	
	Water	-	58,068	
	wastewater			
Totals		\$ 58,068	\$ 58,068	

The interfund advances were made for cash flow purposes.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity relating to governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 1,964,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,964,744
Construction in progress	1,245,636	198,845	(990,424)	454,057
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,210,380	198,845	(990,424)	2,418,801
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,704,868	1,770,723	(27,207)	3,448,384
Machinery and equipment	945,706	₹.	(75,551)	870,155
Equipment- internal service fund	2,782,966	257,239	-	3,040,205
Improvements	8,840,539	1,426,817	-	10,267,356
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,274,079	3,454,779	(102,758)	17,626,100
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,195,658)	(43,828)	-	(1,239,486)
Machinery and equipment	(732,957)	(38,154)	75,551	(695,560)
Equipment-internal service	(2,016,568)	(99,635)	-	(2,116,203)
Improvements	(1,440,944)	(275,265)	-	(1,716,209)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,386,127)	(456,882)	75,551	(5,767,458)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,887,952	2,997,897	(27,207)	11,858,642
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$12,098,332	\$ 3,196,742	\$ (1,017,631)	\$14,277,443

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity relating to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,802,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,802,838
Construction in progress	523,310	107,513	(1,946)	628,877
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,326,148	107,513	(1,946)	3,431,715
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Wastewater collection and treatment	19,668,057	1,946	-	19,670,003
Water rights	1,589,875	-	-	1,589,875
Water treatment and distribution system	14,831,096	-	-	14,831,096
Equipment-wastewater	612,932	12,131	-	625,063
Equipment-water	998,707	28,939		1,027,646
Total capital assets being depreciated	37,700,667	43,016	_	37,743,683
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Wastewater collection and treatment system	(5,732,962)	(634,290)	-	(6,367,252)
Water rights	(328.191)	(48,990)		(377,181)
Water treatment and distribution system	(5,317,338)	(345,511)		(5,662,849)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,378,491)	(1,028,791)		(12,407,282)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	26,322,176	(985,775)		25,336,401
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,648,324	\$ (878,262)	\$ (1,946)	\$ 28,768,116

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 23,943
Public safety	55,327
Community services	13,331
Recreation services	164,834
Public works	99,,814
Capital assets held by the City's internal service fund are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 99,635
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 456,884
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 394,501
Wastewater	 634,290,
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,028,791

E. Capital Leases - Governmental Type Activities including Internal Service

The City entered into a lease agreement in an original amount of \$2,253,011 as lessee for financing the advance refunding in fiscal 2003 of another lease arrangement and note payable relating to the Police Facility and Logvy Community Park land acquisition. The original lease agreement qualified as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present vale of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception dates. The assets have been capitalized as general capital assets and the related accumulated depreciation is recorded in the statement of net assets. The lease is payable to Zions First National Bank, bears interest at 4.65 percent per annum, and is payable in semi-annual installments of \$134,521 each October 1 and April 1 through 2012. The City has not pledged any specific revenue source for repayment of the lease, but has agreed to appropriate sufficient resources from any available source to make the repayments.

In fiscal 2008, the City entered into a capital lease arrangement in an original amount of \$4,674,000 with West America Bank for the purpose of obtaining financing to make improvements to pool, recreation, fire, and public works facilities The lease is payable in semi annual installments of between \$115, 681 and \$213,154 commencing August 1, 2008 and continuing through February 1, 2028. The lease bears interest at 4.95 percent per annum. The leasing arrangement included a lease between the City of Calistoga and the Calistoga Public Facilities Corporation; a blended component unit of the City. The lease receivable and payable between the City and its component unit financing corporation has been eliminated from these financial statements. The city has not pledged any specific revenue source for repayment of the lease, but has agreed to appropriate sufficient resources from any source of legally available funds to make the payments.

The City entered into two lease agreements with an original amount of \$741,900 for financing the purchase of computer equipment, vehicles, a water tender truck and a fire engine. The assets and unspent lease proceeds have been capitalized as deposit in the internal service fund as the proceeds are in an escrow funding account. The leases are payable to Sun Trust Leasing, bear interest at 4.35 percent per annum, and is payable in semi-annual variable installments each February 28 and August 28 through 2018. The City has not pledged any specific revenue source as security for repayment, but has agreed to make sufficient resources available from any legal source for the repayments.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Capital Leases – Governmental Type Activities including Internal Service (Continued)

Future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011 were as follows:

	Zions First National Bank	Sun Trust	West America
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Leases	Leasing	Bank Lease
2012	\$ 323,650	\$71,174	\$342,644
2013	189,128	58,950	342,644
2014	54,607	58,950	342,644
2015	54,607	58,950	342,644
2016	54,607	58,950	426,307
2017-2021	•	117,900	2,131,535
2022-2026	-	•	2,131,535
2027-2028	-	-	852,614
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest	676,599	424,874	6,912,567
interest	(42,301)	(60,561)_	(2,351,224)
Net present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 634,298	\$ 364,313	\$ 4,561,343

F. Long-Term Debt

Water Enterprise

Installment Agreement Payable

The City entered into an installment purchase agreement, dated November 8, 2005 between the City and the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) wherein the Authority sold a pool of water and wastewater revenue bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the Authority's revenue bonds, in an original amount of \$5,290,000 where provided to the City to finance expansion of the City's water system and to refund the City's outstanding water revenue bonds. In exchange, the City agreed to purchase the water system improvements from the Authority pursuant to the installment agreement.

The City's obligations under the agreement are secured by a first pledge and lien on the water system revenues. The City is obligated to fix, prescribe and collect system revenues in amounts sufficient to enable the City to pay all current operations and maintenance costs of the system, make all required payments on any parity debt and the installment payments, fund any reserve account requirements, and pay all other charges applicable to the system. The City is also required to fix rates such that system net revenues in any one year (subject to certain adjustments) are equal to 120 percent of the annual debt service of the system. In lieu of a monetary reserve, a reserve insurance policy was issued in an initial amount of \$364,379. The agreement bears interest at rates from 2.75 to 4.625 percent per annum. Annual principal and interest on the agreement are expected to require 100 percent of system net revenues as defined. The total interest and principal remaining to be paid on the agreement is \$7,048,998. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total system net revenues as defined were \$354,150 and \$(264,507) (exclusive of capital contributions of \$472,125) respectively.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Water Enterprise (Continued)

Installment Agreement Payable (Continued)

Future debt service on the agreement is:

Fiscal Year	!	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	\$	165,000	\$ 194,00	06 \$ 359,006
2013		170,000	188,39	358,393
2014		175,000	182,44	10 357,440
2015		185,000	176,00	2 361,002
2016		185,000	169,11	11 354,111
2017-2021		1,050,000	726,62	27 1,776,627
2022-2026		1,115,000	471,86	39 1,586,869
2027-2031		580,000	279,3	17 859,317
2032-2036		735,000	127,30	2 862,302
2037		170,000	3,93	173,931
Totals	\$	4,530,000	\$2,518,99	98 \$7,048,998

Certificates of Participation

In March 2008, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement with the Calistoga Public Facilities Financing Corporation for \$2,511,170 wherein the City agreed to make installment payments to the Corporation in exchange for the Corporation obtaining financing to fund water treatment plant improvements by issuing Certificates of Participation.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) provided a \$2,511,170 loan to the Corporation to provide financing for the subject improvements and for the repayment to the City of construction costs and other improvements made by the City's water enterprise. The USDA provided the loan by purchasing the Certficates of Participation referred to above. The installment agreement receivable and payable between the Corporation and the City has been eliminated from these financial statements as the Corporation is a blended component unit of the City, and the \$2,511,170 is reported by the City as long-term debt (the certificates of participation) of the City's water enterprise fund.

Under the arrangements, the City has pledged net revenues of the water enterprise as security for the payment of the certificates of participation. The City is also obligated to fund a reserve fund in an amount equal to \$134,619 with funding of this reserve to be made over a ten year period. The certificates bear interest at 4.375 percent and principal/interest payments are due each March 1 and September 1 through March 1, 2048.

Annual principal and interest on the agreement are expected to require 100 percent of system net revenues as defined. The total interest and principal remaining to be paid on the agreement is \$ 4,698,857. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total system net revenues as defined were \$379,756, including a \$246,000 early prepayment and \$(264,507) (exclusive of capital contributions of \$472,125) respectively. Future debt service requirements are:

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F.Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Water Enterprise (Continued)

Certificates of Participation (Continued)

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total
2012	\$	28,000	\$ 106,618	\$	134,618
2013		29,000	105,392		134,392
2014		30,000	104,126		134,126
2015		31,000	102,812		133,812
2016		33,000	101,456		134,456
2017-2021		186,000	484,440		670,440
2022-2026		230,000	440,124		670,124
2027-2031		285,000	385,170		670,170
2032-2036		355,000	316,964		671,964
2037-2041		437,000	232,440		669,440
2042-2046		542,000	128,096		670,096
2047-2048		5,000	 219		5,219
Totals	\$	2,191,000	\$ 2,507,857	\$	4,698,857

Wastewater Enterprise - Installment Agreement Payable

The City entered into an installment purchase agreement, dated August 1, 2001 between the City and the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) wherein the Authority sold a pool of water and wastewater revenue bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the Authority's revenue bonds, in an original amount of \$3.5 million where provided to the City to finance expansion of the City's wastewater treatment plant and other wastewater improvements. In exchange, the City agreed to purchase the plant expansion improvements from the Authority pursuant to the installment agreement. The City's obligations under the agreement are secured by a first pledge and lien on the wastewater system revenues. The City is obligated to fix, prescribe and collect wastewater system revenues in amounts sufficient to enable the City to pay all current operations and maintenance costs of the system, make all required payments on any parity debt and the installment payments, fund any reserve account requirements, and pay all other charges applicable to the system. The City is also required to fix rates such that system net revenues in any one year (subject to certain adjustments) are equal to 120 percent of the annual debt service of the system. In lieu of a monetary reserve, a reserve insurance policy was issued in an initial amount of \$227,978. The agreement bears interest at rates from 3.25 to 5.125 percent per annum. Future debt service on the agreement is:

Fiscal Year	Prine	cipal	Inte	rest	Tot	al
2012	\$	85,000	\$	141,233	\$	226,233
2013		85,000		137,664		222,664
2014		90,000		133,813		223,813
2015		95,000		129,602		224,602
2016		100,000		125,068		225,068
2017-2021		575,000		544,876		1,119,876
2022-2026		725,000		380,719		1,105,719
2027-2031		930,000		174,500		1,104,500
2032		215,000		5,375		220,375
Totals	\$	2,900,000	\$_	1,772,850	\$	4,672,850

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F.Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Wastewater Enterprise (Continued)

Installment Agreement Payable (Continued)

Annual principal and interest on the agreement are expected to be 100 percent of system net revenues as defined. The total interest and principal remaining to be paid on the agreement is \$ 4,672,850 Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total system net revenues as defined were \$224,578 and \$225,565 (exclusive of \$16,707 in capital contributions), respectively.

State of California Revolving Fund Loan

The City obtained a \$5,609,999 loan from the State of California Department of Water Resources under the State Revolving Loan Program for the purpose of obtaining financing to construction the City's wastewater treatment plant. The loan bears interest at 2.6 percent and is secured by a pledge of the City to maintain dedicated sources of revenue sufficient in amounts to provide for repayment of the loan. Principal and interest on the loan is payable in annual installments due each October 30 through 2023. Future debt service based upon the final principal loan balance of is:

Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total	
2012	\$	260,423	\$	103,168	\$	363,591	
2013	•	267,194		96,397		363,591	
2014		274,141		89,450		363,591	
2015		281,269		82,322		363,591	
2016		288,582		75,009		363,591	
2017-2021		1,559,436		258,519		1,817,955	
2022-2024		1,036,934		54,396		1,091,330	
Totals	\$	3,967,979	\$	759,261	\$	4,727,240	

Annual principal and interest on the agreement are expected to require 160 percent of current system net revenues as defined. The total interest and principal remaining to be paid on the agreement is \$4,727,240. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total system net revenues as defined were 363,591 and \$225,565, respectively

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F.Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Wastewater Enterprise (Continued)

Certificates of Participation

In May 2005, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement with the Calistoga Public Facilities Financing Corporation for \$2,028,500 wherein the City agreed to make installment payments to the Corporation in exchange for the Corporation obtaining financing to fund wastewater treatment plant improvements by issuing Certificates of Participation.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) provided a \$2,028,500 loan to the Corporation to provide financing for the subject improvements and for the repayment by the City of a \$1,650,000 interim financing construction note and other improvements to the City's wastewater enterprise. The USDA provided the loan by purchasing the Certficates of Participation referred to above. The installment agreement receivable and payable between the Corporation and the City has been eliminated from these financial statements as the Corporation is a blended component unit of the City, and the \$2,028,500 is reported by the City as long-term debt (the certificates of participation) of the City's wastewater enterprise fund.

Under the arrangements, the City has pledged net revenues of the wastewater enterprise as security for the payment of the certificates of participation. The City is also obligated to fund a reserve fund in an amount equal to \$105,837 with funding of this reserve to be made over a ten year period. The certificates bear interest at 4.25 percent and principal/interest payments are due each November 1 and May 1 through May 1, 2045. Future debt service on the certificates is:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2012	\$ 25,700	\$	80,724	\$	106,424	
2013	27,000		79,411		106,411	
2014	28,100		78,263		106,363	
2015	29,300		77,069		106,369	
2016	30,400		76,032		106,432	
2017-2021	173,100		358,748		531,848	
2022-2026	213,200		318,683		531,883	
2027-2031	262,400		269,362		531,762	
2032-2036	323,200		208,716		531,916	
2037-2041	398,000		133,779		531,779	
2042-2045	 383,800		41,643		425,443	
Totals	\$ 1,894,200	\$_	1,722,430	\$	3,616,630	

Annual principal and interest on the agreement are expected to require 47 percent of current system net revenues as defined. The total interest and principal remaining to be paid on the agreement is \$ 3,616,630. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total system net revenues as defined were 106,358 and \$225,565 respectively

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F.Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-term liabilities

Long-term debt activity for the 2011 fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Capital lease obligation Capital lease obligation Compensated absences Capital lease-internal service Capital lease-internal service Claims and settlements	\$ 628,941 4,674,000 352,683 - 417,885 54,592	\$ - 130,000 248,460 - 1,065,000	\$ 243,103 112,657 138,134 53,572 20,395	\$ 385,838 4,561,343 344,549 248,460 364,313 1,099,197	\$ 254,313 118,303 214,549 46,363 55,929 1,099,197
Total	\$ 6,128,101	\$1,443,460	\$ 567,861	\$ 7,003,700	\$ 1,788,654
Business-type Activities: Installment agreement-water Certificates participation - water Installment agreement Certificates of participation	\$ 4,685,000 2,463,000 2,980,000 1,919,000	\$ - - -	\$ 155,000 272,000 80,000 24,800	\$ 4,530,000 2,191,000 2,900,000 1,894,200	\$ 165,000 28,000 85,000 25,700
State Revolving Fund Loan Compensated Absences	4,221,803 97,450	90,000	253,824 87,876	3,967,979 99,574	260,423 79,574
Total	\$ 16,366,253	\$ 90,000	\$ 873,500	\$ 15,582,753	\$ 643,697

5. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City participates as a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC). The Authority is a joint powers agency providing joint protection programs for public entities.

The Authority provides general liability, workers compensation and property insurance coverage to member entities. Under the liability program, the City has a \$10,000 retention limit similar to a deductible with the Authority being responsible for losses above that amount up to \$1 million. The Authority carries purchased excess insurance above that amount to cover losses up to \$35 million. The City has a \$25,000 deductible for workers compensation claims, and PARSAC covers workers compensation claims up to the first \$475,000 per claim and carries excess commercial insurance above that amount to cover losses up to \$50 million. Property coverage is commercial insurance jointly purchased with other public entities throughout the State. The commercial coverage is one billion for the collective members with various sub-limits by type of coverage and property. The City's obligation is to pay annual premiums billed by the Authority. The PARSAC periodically may make retrospective premium adjustments and the City would be required to pay its prorata share of such adjustments.

5. Other Information (Continued)

A. Risk Management (Continued)

Liabilities of the City are reported in the statement of net assets for the governmental activities when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years except for the contract settlements incurred in fiscal 2011.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year	Year
	Ended	Ended
	6/30/2011	6/30/2010
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 54,592	\$ 134,924
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)	1,065,000	42,217
Claim payments	(20,395)	(122,549)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$1,099,197	\$ 54,592

The City has settled through arbitration two claims relating to construction of public improvements wherein the \$1,065,000 reported as incurred represents the amounts agreed to by all parties as the final amounts payable as construction costs under the previously disputed contractual arrangements.

B. Contingencies and Commitments

Litigation. The City is involved in litigation incurred in the normal course of conducting City business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grants and allocations. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

5. Other Information (Continued)

D. Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Calsitoga contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer, public employee, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the State statute and City ordinance. The PERS issues publicly available financial reports which include the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS. Copies of PERS annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office, 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established by and may be amended by PERS. Regular plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their annual covered salary and safety members are required to contribute 9.0 percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate for regular employees was 15.859 percent of covered payroll and 27.467 percent of covered payroll for safety employees. The City's annual pension cost for the most recent three year period and for each plan is as follows:

Three-year Trend of Information

Plan	Year Ending	Ann	ual Pension Cost	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pe Oblig	ension ation
Regular employees						
	6/30/09	\$	463,350	100%	\$	-
	6/30/10	\$	440,061	100%	\$	_
	6/30/11	\$	402,016	100%	\$	_
Safety employees						
	6/30/09	\$	338,283	100%	\$	¥
	6/30/10	\$	393,327	100%	\$	_
	6/30/11	\$	358,548	100%		

E. Restricted Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balances

The \$6,320,030 restricted amount in the governmental activities statement of net assets represent amounts to be used only for specific purposes which restrictions are imposed by laws, formal agreements or other governments. Of the \$6,320,030 for governmental activities, \$5,812,489 is restricted for housing and community development, \$125,782 is restricted for public safety, and \$381,759 is for streets and other purposes. The \$9,134,898 invested in capital assets net of related debt incudes \$1,198,047 in unspent capital lease proceeds.

The fund balances of the City's governmental funds are essentially all restricted as to their availability for future uses except for the \$16,911 reported as nonspendable in the general fund.

5. Other Information (Continued)

F Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description. The City administers the city's retired employees health care plan, a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retired City employees and their beneficiaries. The city's plan is affiliated with the State of California PERS in so far as the City's health insurance premium payments are paid to the PERS. The PERS through an aggregation of single employer plans pools administrative functions in regard to purchases of commercial health care policies and coverages. City regulations and resolutions assign authority to establish and amend plan provisions to the City. Separate financial statements of the Plan are not issued by the City as a separate OPEB Trust or equivalent arrangement has not been established by the City.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on a projected pay-as-you-go financing requirement, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City Council. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the City contributed \$ 10,000 for current year premiums (100% of total premiums) and zero to prefund benefits. Plan members receiving benefits contributed no amounts of the total premiums.

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amounts actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustments to annual required contribution	\$ 158,000 5,695
Annual OPEB expense Contributions made	163,695 (10,000)
Change in net OPEB Obligation	153,695
Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of year	134,000
Net OPEB Obligation, end of year	\$ 287,695

Funding Status and Funding Progress. As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$963,000 and the actuarial value of plan assets was zero, resulting in the unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$963,000. The covered payroll of active employees covered by the Plan was \$3,714,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 25.9 percent.

5. Other Information (Continued)

F. Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and health care cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information, following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and includes the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of plan assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25 percent investment rate of return which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and the employer's own investments calculated based upon the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and on the annual health care cost trend of 9 percent decreasing to 5 percent in 2021. There were no plan assets to value at the latest valuation date. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll over 30 years, the remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010.

G. Changes in Accounting Principle

Governmental Fund Balance Reporting

As required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, titled Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City in fiscal 2011, implemented the provisions of the standard that requires the classification of governmental fund type fund balances into various categories based primarily upon the constraints governing the use of the resources within such funds. Implementation of this standard had no impact upon beginning of year net assets or fund balances of the City's governmental fund types.

H. Short Term Non-Capital Financing

The City in fiscal year 2011 issued and retired during fiscal year 2011 a Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note having a principal balance of \$1,465,000. Principal and interest was paid by the City's general fund.

I. Subsequent Events

The City on July 7, 2011 obtained a 40 year USDA Loan issued as a Certificate of Participation for \$3,750,000 for the purpose of financing water system improvements. On July 7, 2011, the city also issued a 2011-2012 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note for \$1,415,000 having a maturity date of June 29, 2012.

J. Governmental Activities Unrestricted Deficit, General Fund Balance, Water and Wastewater Funds.

The City's general fund has suffered recurring net decreases in its net assets over the last three fiscal years which when aggregated exceed a cumulative decline in excess of \$1.7 million. The general fund has reported over \$6.7 million in expenditures for major capital asset improvements over this same period of time. While long-term financings, public contributions, and government grants have financed most of these capital related costs, general fund spending has exceeded general fund revenues and other inflows over this three year period. In addition, this is the same time period in which the national economy slowed and the City experienced lower revenue growth in its tourism based economy. These economic factors impacted the general fund main sources of revenues, its property tax revenues, sales taxes and transient occupancy taxes.

As a result, the City's governmental activities reported a net \$601,181 unrestricted deficit at June 30, 2011. This deficit is the June 30, 2011 general fund balance of \$16,911 plus the \$147,278 unrestricted net assets in the City's internal service fund less additional unfunded obligations \$765,370 for compensated absences, other claims and the OPEB retiree medical obligations. The City had no net unrestricted funds available for its use at June 30, 2011 in its governmental funds. A large part of the spending in the general fund was of a nonrecurring nature for legal fees connected with construction contract disputes and ultimate payments to settle construction costs.

To address cash flow management concerns, the City borrowed \$1,465,000 under a Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note (TRANS) that must be repaid by June 29, 2012. This is the second consecutive year in which the City has used such a financing arrangement to meet and manage its cash flow needs in its governmental funds.

The City's water and wastewater enterprises had \$13,564 in cash available at June 30, 2011, and both funds in the aggregate borrowed or were subsidized by the City's general fund in an aggregate amount of about \$860,000. These subsidies were made to cover unusual and significant legal and consulting fees in regard to certain water related activities. The water enterprise in July 2012 obtained a federally funded loan of \$3,750,000 for funding of water enterprise improvement projects.

The City Council has adopted the following financial management plan in order to address the general fund deficit and the cash positions in its water and wastewater funds, In the 2012 budget amendments, the City has reduced general fund spending by leaving vacant positions open, requiring employees to pay the employee share of employee retirement contributions and a percentage of medical health benefits. The City will be reviewing the current rates for both water and wastewater, and provide recommendations to address the general fund subsidies to the wastewater enterprise in fiscal 2012. It is anticipated with these measures being taken that the general fund will generate more revenues than expenditures by the end of fiscal year 2012.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information CITY OF CALISTOGA Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgeted Amounts

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Varlance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,251,844	\$ 933,004	\$ 933,004	\$ -
Resources (inflows):	4 40 4 0 50	4 5 40 704	4 005 407	400.000
Property taxes	1,484,350	1,546,761	1,685,427	138,666
Sales taxes	701,146	695,465 3,239,922	7 96 ,563 3,430,487	101,098 190,565
Transient occupancy taxes Other taxes	2,972,000 284,250	3,239,922 282,100	3,430,467	30,678
License and permits	59,000	59,200	65,022	5,822
Fines and forfeits	40,500	40,500	53,486	12,986
Interest	40,000	40,000	9,546	(30,454)
Intergovernmental	65,500	65,500	1,052,047	986,547
Charges for services	929,165	770,150	604,313	(165,837)
Miscellaneous	50,000	45,000	120,914	75,914
Transfers in	1,750,579	1,750,579	1,150,243	(600,336)
Amounts available for charges to appropriations	9,628,334	9,468,181	10,213,830	745,649
Charges to appropriations: General Government:				
City council	53,208	53,208	57,694	(4,486)
Finance	227,070	227,070	220,499	6,571
City clerk	70,559	70,559	99,077	(28,518)
City attorney	120,000	120,000	174,498	(54,498)
City manager	143,777	143,777	124,464	19,313
Nondepartmental	(71,069)	98,931	165,885	(66,954)
Economic vitality	324,183	324,184	326,544	(2,360)
Elections	17,573	17,573	14,816	2,757
Risk management	437,689	437,689	539,433	(101,744)
Personnel Public Safety:	41,173	41,174	106,385	(65,211)
Police services	1,755,259	1,755,258	1,767,130	(11,872)
Police dispatch	468,379	468,379	464,148	4,231
Emergency services	2,200	2,200	17,942	(15,742)
Fire protection	763,081	763,081	753,329	9,752
Community Services				
Aquatic services	196,038	215,505	181,041	34,464
Community promotions	20,000	34,000	22,200	11,800
Community activities	28,207	28,207	51,978	(23,771)
Library services	84,381	84,381	72,846	11,535
Sharpsteen Museum	22,637	22,637	18,010	4,627 (2,770)
Handy Van Recreatiion Services	15,001	15,001	17,771	(2,770)
Recreation services	259,483	259,483	335,017	(75,534)
Education and recreation courses	75,468	75,468	85,315	(9,847)
Community resource commission	2,500	2,500	4,429	(1,929)
Senior activities	14,490	14,490	14,170	320
Public Works	·			
Administration	139,065	139,066	133,718	5,348
Streets	298,910	298,910	334,824	(35,914)
Park maintenance	225,812	225,812	183,916	41,896
Shop maintenance	29,359	29,360	24,646	4,714
Pool maintanance	89,175	89,175	107,192	(18,017)
Water distribution	-	- 283,813	(31,177) 209,541	31,177 74,272
Building maintenance Planning and building	283,813	203,013	209,541	14,212
Planning commission	1,675	1,675	3,725	(2,050)
Bicycle advisory	400	400	· -	400
Building code board	300	300	-	300
Design advisory panel	300	300	-	300
Planning	389,927	389,927	375,913	14,014
Building inspection	241,500	241,500	222,562	18,938
Debt service	-		39,930	(39,930)
Special projects	26,000	26,000	5,800 1 568 138	20,200
Capital outlay Transfers out	1,578,729	1,578,729 667,000	1,568,136 1,383,572	10,593 (716,572)
Total charges to appropriations	8,376,252	9,246,722	10,196,919	(950,197)
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,252,082	\$ 221,459	\$ 16,911	\$ (204,548)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note A. Explanation of Difference between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and expenditures:

Sources/inflows resources:		
Actual amounts "available for appropriation" from budgetary		
comparison schedule:	\$	10,213,830
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary		
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting		(000 004)
purposes		(933,004)
Transfers in from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources		(4.450.040)
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes		(1,150,243)
Total revenues as reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	8,130,583
g	<u></u>	
Uses/outflows of resources:		
Actual amounts "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	10,196,919
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but		
are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes		(1,383,572)
Total expenditures as reported in the statement of revenues,		
expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	8,813,347

Required Supplemental Information For Major Special Revenue Fund HOME Special Revenue Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
		Original		Final	A	ctual	Fina	ance With Il Budget- e(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental:								
State of California pass-through HOME grant: Miscellaneous	\$ —	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	480	\$	(25,000) 480
Total revenues		25,000		25,000		480		(24,520)
Expenditures: Current: Housing:								
Palisades project loan		25,000		25,000				25,000
Total expenditures		25,000		25,000				25,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				-		480		480
Net change in fund balances		-		-		480		480
Fund balance, July 1		25,153		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	25,153	\$		\$	480	\$	480

OPTIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR FUNDS' COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

AND SCHEDULES OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

City of Calistoga Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

Special Revenue Funds

Due to other funds

Total flabilities Deferred revenue

Fund balances:
Restricted for streets
Restricted for parks
Restricted for public safety
Restricted for affordale housing
Restricted for fracilities
Restricted for debt service
Unassigned

Total liabilities and fund balances

Total fund balances

ı		CDBG Loan	Palisades Landscape	Asset	Affordable	Quality of	Silverado Landscape		Abandoned
_[Public Safety	Repayment	1	"[Housing	Life	Maintenance	Donation	Vehicle
	Ф	\$ 469,126	\$ 800	\$ 44,260	\$ 154,179	i 69-	\$ 1,303	\$ 50,584	\$ 25,848
		, , 040 547	' 88 '		60	1 7 1			844
90,241	Ф	\$ 1,250,136	\$ 838	\$ 44,260	\$ 166,179	· •	\$ 1,303	\$ 50,584	\$ 26,692
	ı ;	ь	69	₩.	 ss	ι τ (/)	<i>t</i> >	. .	s, ,
		781,010	'	F I	12,000				
		781,010			12,000	1		1	
90,241			988	a 1	i 1	1	1,303		•
		- - 469,126		44,260	154,179				26,692
				1	1 1 1			50,584	
90,241		469,126	836	44,280	154,179		1,303	50,584	26,692
\$ 90,241	&	\$ 1,250,136	836	\$ 44,260	\$ 166,179	9	\$ 1,303	\$ 50,584	\$ 26,692

City of Calistoga Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

						Special F	Special Revenue Funds	-nnds						Ser	Debt Service		
	Traffic Signal	MTC Street	Vamos Program	North West Drainage	Recreation Donation	ion Pr Do	Police Donation	Police Grants	;	Tree Mitigation	Fire Donation	!	Mobile Home Park	500	City Debt Service	Gove	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 162,618	Ф	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,904	69		11,692	& 	31,165 \$	23,431	\$ 848	φ. •	6,742	4	1,708	49	1,115,881
Receivables: Receivables from other governments	ı	1,450	•	• 1			, ,	11,	11,325	. ,							34,780 36
Accounts Notes receivable	•	' '		' '					- -			 	1		1		793,010
Total assets	\$ 162,618	\$ 1,450	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,904	6 Э	69	11,692	\$ 42,	42,490 \$	23,431	\$ 648	æ ••	6,742	es	1,708	சு	1,943,707
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits Due to other funds Deferred revenue	 199	ه 1,450	. ,	.	ω.	853 , , ,		ω	es]	8,670	63		1,846	49	1	us.	5,290 8,670 1,450 793,010
Total liabilities		1,450		•		455	1		- -	8,870		ا،	1,846		1		808,420
Fund balances: Restricted for streets	162,618	•	. 0	2,904						14,781			, ,				327,317
Restricted for public safety	, ,		22 '	•			11,692	42,490	490	•	648	<u>e</u>	•		•		125,782
Restricted for affordable housing	•			, ,									4,896		1 1		628,201 50,584
Restricted for dett service Unassigned		' '		' '		(455)			· -				- 1		1,708		1,708 (455)
Total fund balances	162,618	-	2,150	2,904		(455)	11,692	42,	42,490	14,761	648	<u>∞</u>	4,896		1,708		1,135,287
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 162,618	\$ 1,450	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,904	os.	↔	11,692	\$ 42,	42,490 \$	\$ 23,431	\$ 648	땅	6,742	ь	1,708	₩	1,943,707

City of Calsitoga Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Revenues:					Palisades				Silverado		
Revenues:	Gas Tax	Parking Ordinance	Public Safety	CDBG Loan Repayment	Landscape Maintenance	Asset Forfeiture	Afordable Housing	Quallity of Life	Landscape Maintenance	City Hall Donation	Abandoned Vehicle
	\$ 145 837	·	· ·	· «	- ·	, es	es.	•я	· •	69	· σ
Charges for services	-	15,178	14,62	•	<u>r.</u>	,		12,750	1,000	•	8,530
Interest	•	•	•	51,585	63	•	•	•	•	•	'
Miscellaneous	3,800	*		22,967		9,450	•			50,584	
Total revenues	149,137	15,178	14,627	74,552	1,542	9,450		12,750	1,000	50,584	8,530
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Public safety		•	12,000	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	2,357
Public works	35,759	•	•	•	664	•	•	•	426	ı	
Housing	•	,	•	86,962	•	•	•		•	•	
Parks and recreation	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Debt service:											
Principal	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	
Interest	1			-		•			'		
Total expenditures	35,759		12,000	86,962	664				426	,	2,357
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	113,378	15,178	2,627	(12,410)	878	9,450	٠	12,750	574	50.584	6,173
Other financing sources (uses):	•	,	•	,		,		,	•	t	
Transfers out	(000'08)		(75,172)		(2,375)	•	,	(12,750)	(2,375)	,	(4,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(90,000)		(75,172)	•	(2,375)	'		(12,750)	(2,375)	,	(4,600)
Net change in fund balances	33,378	15,178	(72,545)	(12,410)	(1,497)	9,450	•	•	(1,801)	50,584	1,573
Fund balances, July 1	21,276	75,063	72,545	481,536	2,333	34,810	154,179	•	3,104	,	25,119
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 54,654	\$ 90,241	·	\$ 469,126	\$ 836	\$ 44,260	\$ 154,179	· •	\$ 1,303	\$ 50,584	\$ 26,692

City of Calistoga Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

					Spe	Special Revenue Funds	rue Funds				Debt Service	
	Traffic Signal	MTC Street	Vamos Program	North West Drainage	Recreation Donations	Police Donation	Police Grants	Tree Mitigation	Fire Donation	Mobile Home Park	City Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Govemmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 14,611	\$ 26,869	, , «э	, t	í і 6 ў	69	\$ 100,559	· ·	i i	4,705	· ·	\$ 272,765
interest Miscellaneous	1 1	• •	1,060		11,553	449		300		7,665		51,587 107,828
Total revenues	14,611	26,869	1,060		11,553	449	100,559	300	-	12,370		505,121
Expenditures: Current:						77	64			,		50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5
Public safety Public works	• 99 • 99	26.869				446	904,70				, ,	63,782
Housing	'		•	•	,	٠	•	•	•	36,528	r	123,490
Parks and recreation	•	•	100	•	3,844	•	t	1	•	•	•	3,944
Debt service: Princinal	•	•	•	•	,		•	•	٠	•	355,760	355,760
Interest			'	-	,			•	-		255,925	255,925
Total expenditures	88	26,869	100		3,844	344	37,439		1	36,528	611,685	855,041
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	14,547		096		7,709	105	63,120	300	•	(24,158)	(611,685)	(349,920)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	•	1 1	• •		(10,703)	. ,	. (78,910)		1 1	(10,500)	611,686	611,686 (277,385)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1				(10,703)		(78,910)			(10,500)	611,686	334,301
Net change in fund balances	14,547	1	096	•	(2,994)	105	(15,790)	300	•	(34,658)	-	(15,619)
Fund balances, July 1	148,071		1,190	2,904	2,539	11,587	58,280	14,461	648	39,554	1,707	1,150,906
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 162,618	s.	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,904	\$ (455)	(455) \$ 11,692	\$ 42,490	\$ 14,761	\$ 648	\$ 4,896	\$ 1,708	\$ 1,135,287

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Bud	lgeted	l Amounts	

	(Orignal		Final		Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget- tive(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:	_		_		_		_	.
Gas tax 2105	\$	25,500	\$	25,500	\$	31,411	\$	5,911
Gas tax 2106		17,500		17,500		21,503		4,003
Gas tax 2107		34,500		34,500		42,865		8,365
Gas tax 2107.5		1,850		1,850		4,000		2,150
State Local transportation grant		44,000		44,000		45,558		1,558
Other state grant		3,500		3,500		-		(3,500)
Miscellaneous						3,800		3,800
Total revenues	<u></u>	126,850		126,850		149,137		22,287
Expenditures: Current: Highways and streets:								
Street lighting utilities		44,210		44,210		35,759		8,451
Total expenditures		44,210		44,210		35,759		8,451
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		82,640		82,640		113,378		30,738
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out		(80,000)		(80,000)		(80,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(80,000)		(80,000)		(80,000)		
Net change in fund balance		2,640		2,640		33,378		30,738
Fund balance, July 1		4,829		21,276		21,276		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	7,469	\$	23,916	\$	54,654	\$	30,738

CITY OF CALISTOGA Parking Ordinance Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted A	<u>Amo</u>	unts			
Revenues:		Original		Final	 Actual	Fina	ance With al Budget- ve(negative)
Charges for services:							
Parking-in-lieu fees Interest	\$ 	39,600 200	\$	39,600 200	\$ 15,178 -	\$	(24,422) (200)
Total revenues		39,800		39,800	15,178		(24,622)
Expenditures: Public safety				_	 		-
Total expenditures					 		_
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		39,800		39,800	15,178		(24,622)
Net change in fund balances		39,800		39,800	15,178		(24,622)
Fund balance, July 1		75,268		75,063	 75,063		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	115,068	_\$_	114,863	\$ 90,241	\$	(24,622)

Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted A	mol	ınts				
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fir	riance With nal Budget- ive(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services: Public safety impact fees	\$	232,000	\$	232,000	\$	14,627	\$	(217,373)
Interest	Φ	1,500	Ф	1,500	Ψ	14,021	Ψ	(1,500)
ii ito cot		1,500		1,000				(1,500)
Total revenues		233,500		233,500		14,627		(218,873)
Expenditures: Current:								
Reimbursements		_		_		12,000		(12,000)
remodiscinotes						12,000		(12,000)
Total expenditures				-		12,000		(12,000)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		233,500		233,500		2,627		(230,873)
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out to equipment fund		(133,100)		(133,100)		-		133,000
Transfer out to debt service fund		(330,003)	_	(330,003)		(75,172)		254,831
Total other financing uses		(463,103)		(463,103)		(75,172)		387,831
Net change in fund balances		(229,603)		(229,603)		(72,545)		157,058
Fund balance, July 1		173,046		72,545	·	72,545		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	(56,557)	\$	(157,058)	\$	-	\$	157,058

CDBG Loan Repayment Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative
Revenues:	Original	THIM	7101001	
Interest	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 51,585	\$ 29,585
Miscellaneous - loan repayments	36,000	36,000	22,967	(13,033)
Total revenues	58,000	58,000	74,552	16,552
Expenditures: Current:				
Contracts and program services	83,500	83,500	86,962	(3,462)
Total expenditures	83,500	83,500	86,962	(3,462)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(25,500)	(25,500)	(12,410)	13,090
Net change in fund balances	(25,500)	(25,500)	(12,410)	13,090
Fund balance, July 1	489,835	481,536	481,536	
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 464,335	\$ 456,036	\$ 469,126	\$ 13,090

Palisades Landscape Maintenance Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	I	Budgeted A	Amoun	ts				
<u>_</u> .	Ori	iginal	F	inal		Actual	Fina	ance With Il Budget- ve(Negativ e)
Revenues:	•	40	•	40	Φ.		æ	(0)
Interest Special assessments:	\$	10	\$	10	\$	2	\$	(8)
Landscape maintenance		1,540		1,540		1,540		
Total revenues		1,550		1,550		1,542		(8)
Expenditures: Public works		1,630		1,630		664		966
Excess of revenues over(under)expenditures		(80)		(80)		878		958
Other Financing Uses Transfers out general fund		(378)		(378)		(2,375)		(1,997)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(378)		(378)		(2,375)		(1,997)
Net change in fund balances		(458)		(458)		(1,497)		(1,039)
Fund balance, July 1		1,062		2,333		2,333		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	604	\$	1,875	\$	836	\$	(1,039)

Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts							
_	Original		Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget- Positive(negativ e)	
Revenues:	_				_		_	
Interest	\$	200	\$	200	\$	-	\$	(200)
Intergovernmental:								
Case forfeitures		3,000		3,000		9,450		6,450
Total revenues		3,200		3,200		9,450		6,250
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		3,500		3,500		-		3,500
Net change in fund balances		(300)		(300)		9,450		9,750
Fund balance, July 1		34,810		34,810		34,810		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	34,510	\$	34,510	\$	44,260	\$	9,750

Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			
Revenues:	<u>C</u>	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	ance With al Budget- ve(Negative)
Interest	\$	500	\$	500	\$ _	\$	(500)
Development in lieu fees		1,000		1,000	 -		(1,000)
Total revenues		1,500		1,500	 <u>-</u>		(1,500)
Expenditures: Current: Houisng services				· •	 <u> </u>		
Total expenditures					 -		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,500		1,500	 		(1,500)
Net change in fund balances		1,500		1,500	-		(1,500)
Fund balance, July 1		166,679		154,179	 154,179		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	168,179	\$	155,679	\$ 154,179	\$	(1,500)

Quality of Life Special Revnenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Variance With				
Revenues:	Original	 <u>Final</u>	 Actual		al Budget- tive(Negativ e)
Charges for services: Quality of life fees Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 39,600 390 -	\$ 39,600 390	\$ 12,750 - -	\$	(26,850) (390)
Total revenues	 39,990	39,990	 12,750		(27,240)
Expenditures: Current: Public works	<u></u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures	 39,990	 39,990	 12,750		(27,240)
Other financing uses: Transfers out	 (168,895)	 (168,895)	 (12,750)		156,145
Net change in fund balances	(128,905)	(128,905)	-		128,905
Fund balance, July 1	(198,174)		- _		
Fund balance, June 30	\$ (327,079)	\$ (128,905)	\$ _	\$	128,905

Silverado Landscape Maintenance Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted					
_	0	riginal	Final		\ctual	Fina	ance With I Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues: Special assessments: Landscape maintenance	\$	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	<u>-</u>
Total revenues		1,000	1,000		1,000		_
Expenditures: Current: Public works		1 250	4 250		426		924
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures	 	1,250 (250)	1,250 (250)	•	426 574		824 824
Other Financing Sources(Uses)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>				•	<u> </u>
Transfers out		(215)	(215)		(2,375)		(2,160)
Total other financing sources(uses)		(215)	(215)		(2,375)		(2,160)
Net change in fund balances		(465)	(465)		(1,801)		(1,336)
Fund balance, July 1		1,077	 3,104		3,104		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	612	\$ 2,639	\$	1,303	\$	(1,336)

City Hall Donation Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budge	eted				
Revenues:	Original Final				 Actual	Fina	ance With Il Budget- e(Negative)
Miscellaneous:							
Contributions for City Hall modernization	\$		\$	_	 50,584		50,584
Total revenues					50,584		50,584
Expenditures: Capital outlay: City Hall improvements		-		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures			·		 		-
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures					 50,584		50,584
Net change in fund balances		-		-	50,584		50,584
Fund balances, July 1				<u>-</u>	 _		-
Fund balances, June 30	\$	_	\$		\$ 50,584	\$	50,584

Abandoned Vehicle Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgeted Amounts

Variance With

	_	Nai-ai-a-1		Fin al		N =4.1=1		Budget- e(Negative
B		Original		Final		Actual)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:	_		_		_		_	
Napa County - reimbursement fees	\$	3,400	\$	3,400	\$	8,530	\$	5,130
Interest		25_		25				(25)
Total revenues		3,425		3,425		8,530		5,105
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		2,000		2,000		2,357		(357)
Total expenditures		2,000		2,000		2,357		(357)
. Clair Supplication		2,000		2,000		2,007		(001)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,425		1,425		6,173		4,748
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out to general fund		(4,450)		(4,450)		(4,600)		(150)
Net change in fund balances		(3,025)		(3,025)		1,573		4,598
Fund balance, July 1		21,868		25,119		25,119		
5 11 1 2 2 2 2								
Fund balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	18,843	\$	22,094	<u>\$</u>	26,692	<u>\$</u>	4,598

Traffic Signal Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amo	unts									
_	Original Final Actual			Original			Original Final			Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services:													
Impact fees Interest	\$	39,768 500	\$ 	39,768 500	\$	14,611 -	\$	(25,157) (500)					
Total revenues	\$	40,268	\$	40,268		14,611		(25,657)					
Expenditures:													
Current public works						64		(64)					
Total expenditures	•——					64		(64)					
Net change in fund balances		40,268		40,268		14,547		(25,721)					
Fund balance, July 1		148,471		148,071		148,071		_					
Fund balance, June 30	\$	188,739	\$	188,339	\$	162,618	\$	(25,721)					

MTC Street Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budge	eted					
Revenues:	Original		Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)	
Intergovernmental: MTC Street allocations Interest	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	26,869 -	\$	26,869
Total revenues		<u> </u>		-		26,869		26,869
Expenditures: Current:						·		
Public works- pedestrian projects				<u>-</u>		26,869		(26,869)
Total expenditures						26,869		(26,869)
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures				<u>.</u>				<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		-		-				-
Fund balances, July 1		<u>.</u>		-				
Fund balances, June 30	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	

Vamos Program Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budge	eted							
P	Original Fin			Final	al Actual			Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)		
Revenues: Miscellaneous: Other revenues Interest	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	· <u>-</u>	\$	1,060	\$	1,060		
Total revenues		<u>-</u>				1,060		1,060		
Expenditures: Current:										
Aquatic service contract						100	····	(100)		
Total expenditures						100		(100)		
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		960		960		
Net change in fund balances		~		-		960		960		
Fund balances, July 1		1,190		1,190		1,190		<u>-</u>		
Fund balances, June 30	\$	1,190	\$	1,190	\$	2,150	\$	960		

North West Drainage Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			
_	Or	iginal		Final	 octual	FinalB	ance With udgetFavora Infavorable)
Revenues: Charges for servivces: Impact fees Interest	\$	* -	\$	- -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	_
Total revenues					**		
Expenditures: Current: Public works projects				<u> </u>	 		<u>-</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures					<u>.</u>		
Net change in fund balances		-	٠	-	-		-
Fund balance, July 1		1,538		2,904	 2,904		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	1,538	\$	2,904	\$ 2,904	\$	

Fire Donation Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgeted Amounts

	Or	iginal	Final		Actual		Fina	ince With Budget- e(Negative)
Revenues Miscellaneous:								
Donations	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	_
Total revenues Expenditures: Current:						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Public safety								
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u> _		*		-		<u>.</u>
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, July 1		646		648		648		***
Fund balance, June 30	\$	646	\$	648	\$	648	\$	_

Mobile Home Park Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted.	Amo	unts			
	Original Final		 Actual	Fin	ance With al Budget- ve(Negative)		
Revenues:	_		_			_	·
Interest	\$	50	\$	50	\$ -	\$	(50)
Charges for services:		4 705		4 705	4 705		
Inspection fees		4,705		4,705	4,705		(4.005)
Rent stablization fees		12,000		12,000	 7,665		(4,335)
Total revenues		16,755		16,755	 12,370		(4,385)
Expenditures: Current:							
Housing		15,975		15,975	 36,528		(20,553)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		780		780	(24,158)		(24,938)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out to general fund		(10,500)		(10,500)	 (10,500)		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,500)		(10,500)	(10,500)		-
Net change in fund balances		(9,720)		(9,720)	(34,658)		(24,938)
Fund balance, July 1		21,979		39,554	 39,554		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	12,259	\$	29,834	\$ 4,896	\$	(24,938)

CITY OF CALISTOGA City Debt Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted	Amounts		
Payanuar	Original Final		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)
Revenues: Interest	œ.	œ.	œ	o
interest	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total revenues		_		
Expenditures:				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	242,350	242,350	355,760	(113,410)
Interest on long-term debt	255,048	255,048	255,925	(877)
Fiscal agent fees	1,500	1,500	_	1,500
Total expenditures	498,898	498,898	611,685	(112,787)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(498,898)	(498,898)	(611,685)	(112,787)
Other financing sources:				
Transfer in from public safety fund	330,003	330,003	75,172	(254,831)
Transfer in from quality of life	168,895	168,895	12,750	(156,145)
Transfer in from general fund			523,764	523,764
Total other financing sources	498,898	498,898	611,686	112,788
Net change in fund balances	-	-	1	1

1,707

1,707 \$

- \$

1,707

1,708 \$

Fund balance, July 1

Fund balance, June 30

CITY OF CALISTOGA Comparative Schedule of General Capital Assets Used in Governmental Operations By Source

	June	30
	2011	2010
General fixed assets:		
Land	\$ 1,964,74 4	\$ 1,964,744
Buildings	3,448,384	1,704,868
Improvements	8,599,915	7,793,330
Equipment	870,155	945,706
Infrastructure - street system	1,667,444	1,047,209
Construction in progress	454,057	1,245,636
Total general fixed assets	\$ 17,004,699	\$ 14,701,493
Investment in general fixed assets from:		
General fund	\$ 12,203,774	\$ 10,700,571
Capital projects funds	2,748,093	1,948,090
Donations	1,807,666	1,807,666
Special revenue funds	<u>245,166</u>	245,166
Total investment in general fixed assets	\$ 17,004,699	\$ 14,701,493

CITY OF CALISTOGA Schedule of Changes in Generał Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities By Source For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Land	Buildings	Improvements and Construction in Progress	Equipment	Infrastructure	Total Cost
General fixed assets July 1, 2010	\$1,964,744	\$ 1,704,868	\$ 9,038,966	\$ 945,706	\$ 1,047,209	\$14,701,493
Add: Expenditures from: Capital prfojects General fund	<u>-</u>	- 786.881	800,000 6,585	-	- 698.511	800,000 1.491,977
Deduct:	_	100,001	0,565	_	030,011	1,451,577
Reclassifications	-	(27,207)	105,483		(78,276)	-
Retirements and transfers		983,842	(897,062)	(75,551)		11,229
General fixed assets June 30, 2011	\$1,964,744	\$ 3,448,384	\$ 9,053,972	\$ 870,155	\$ 1,667,444	\$17,004,699

CITY OF CALISTOGA Schedule of General Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities By Function and Activity June 30, 2011

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	Infrastructure	Total Cost
General government: General government buildings	\$ 1,315,180	\$ 112,587	\$ 544,605	\$ 17,000	\$ -	\$ 1,989,372
Public safety:						
Police protection	509,682	935,600	261,475	175,348	-	1,882,105
Fire protection		1,821,700	28,097	402,282		2,252,079
Total public safety	509,682	2,757,300	289,572	577,630	-	4,134,184
Community Center	5,000	54,576_	43,762	67,235		170,573
Community pool			6,958,489	15,573	·	6,974,062
Parks and recreation	45,660	295,142	767,688	93,743	·	1,202,233
Public works	77,222	89,995	344,374	73,973	1,745,720	2,331,284
Museum	12,000	165,991		25,000	·	202,991
Total general fixed assets	\$ 1,964,744	\$ 3,475,591	\$ 8,948,490	\$ 870,154	\$ 1,745,720	\$ 17,004,699

CITY OF CALISTOGA Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities By Function and Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Function and Activity	General Fixed Assets July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	General Fixed Assets June 30, 2011
General government:				
City Clerk	\$ 14,028	\$ -	\$ (1,157)	\$ 12,871
Planning	9,035	-	(1,800)	7,235
General buildings and land	1,947,783	27,207	(61,182)	1,913,808
Financial administration	55,350	4,243	(7,516)	52,077
City Manager	3,381			3,381
Total general government	2,029,577	31,450	(71,655)	1,989,372
Public safety:				
Police protection	1,877,919	4,186	-	1,882,105
Fire protection	1,515,698_	736,381		2,252,079
Total public safety	3,393,617	740,567	·	4,134,184
Community Center	170,570	3		170,573
Community Pool	6,085,439	888,623		6,974,062
Parks and recreation	1,199,036	3,197	ed .	1,202,233
Public Works	1,620,263	714,917	(3,896)	2,331,284
Museum	202,991	<u> </u>		202,991
Total general fixed assets	\$ 14,701,493	\$ 2,378,757	\$ (75,551)	\$ 17,004,699

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Calistoga's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

Schedules 1-4

These schedules contain trend information to help understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

Schedules 5-6

These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, which for the City is the transient occupancy tax revenue.

Debt Capacity

Schedules 7-9

These schedules present information to help assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Schedules 10 -11

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

Schedules 12-14

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to services the City provides and the activities it performs.

City of Calistoga Schedule 1 Net Assets by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	2,342,283	2,574,940	3,608,855	3,902,216	5,412,945	8,300,018	8,772,653	9,134,898
Restricted	2,036,751	3,168,003	4,398,197	4,552,113	4,368,648	5,481,829	6,272,999	6,320,030
Unrestricted	2,699,024	2,171,582	1,579,848	1,478,418	1,300,830	1,322,140	171,473	(601,181)
Total governmental activities net assets	7,078,058	7,914,525	9,586,900	9,932,747	11,082,423	15,103,987	15,217,125	14,853,747
Business-type activities: Invested in canital assets								
net of related debt	13,902,489	12,365,731	14,399,240	14,527,166	12,732,263	14,378,458	13,691,652	13,584,563
Restricted	498,313	2,156,325	1,970,690	904,096	769,992	•	•	•
Unrestricted	(1,749,241)	48,442	(2,028,612)	(1,377,516)	303,715	(605,740)	436,945	194,892
Total business-type activities net assets	12,651,561	14,570,498	14,341,318	14,053,746	13,805,970	13,772,718	14,128,597	13,779,455
		5						
Primary government: Invested in capital assets.		•						
net of related debt	16,244,772	14,940,671	18,008,095	18,429,382	18,145,208	22,678,476	22,464,305	22,719,461
Restricted	2,535,064	5,324,328	6,368,887	5,456,209	5,138,640	5,481,829	6,272,999	6,320,030
Unrestricted	949,783	2,220,024	(448,764)	100,902	1,604,545	716,400	608,418	(406,289)
Total primary government net assets	19,729,619	22,485,023	23,928,218	23,986,493	24,888,393	28,876,705	29,345,722	28,633,202

City of Calistoga Schedule 2 Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses:			:					
Governmental activities:								
General government	1,205,406	1,135,059	1,263,331	1,308,975	1,786,147	1,749,599	1,672,657	1,842,683
Public safety	2,499,335	2,645,188	2,625,164	2,669,054	2,976,791	3,141,566	3,175,941	3,178,320
Community services	217,628	216,236	259,264	357,280	188,928	276,107	309,074	385,499
Housing	120,881	59,177	464,850	141,891	113,019	77,355	124,359	123,490
Recreation Services	294,658	333,393	322,323	339,137	378,520	475,566	542,515	615,712
Public works	1,331,708	915,104	982,397	1,088,982	1,160,329	1,238,441	1,067,014	1,123,110
Planning and Building	326255	417365	677,722	625,180	604,125	694,241	628,391	637,991
Interest on long-term debt	90,739	89,822	84,397	69,591	200,895	227,841	268,959	291,896
Total governmental activities expenses	6,086,610	5,811,344	6,679,448	060'009'9	7,408,754	7,880,716	7,788,910	8,198,701
Business-type activities:								
Water	1,992,785	1,780,260	2,044,759	2,149,976	2,302,615	2,731,066	2,916,682	3,055,351
Wastewater	3,024,230	2,605,971	2,998,065	2,831,758	2,696,495	2,894,713	2,784,072	2,695,348
Total business-type activities expenses	5,017,015	4,386,231	5,042,824	4,981,734	4,999,110	5,625,779	5,700,754	5,750,699
Total primary government expenses	11,103,625	10,197,575	11,722,272	11,581,824	12,407,864	13,506,495	13,489,664	13,949,400
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	267,230	100,011	151,254	191,106	339,719	241,627	258,984	265,929
Public safety	230,958	749,300	596,594	491,489	282,560	279,176	326,789	185,890
Community services	•	i	29,537	53,296	13,192	10,600	9,238	21,734
Housing	221,128	720,512	88,698	93,104	127,025	47,273	47,643	146,202
Recreation services	29,283	18,198	21,419	19,397	59,776	83,029	128,795	123,832
Public works	9,021	82,939	26,313	52,325	59,538	261,534	25,203	66,484
Planning and building	156,333	244,967	473,167	357,841	197,848	196,562	157,031	182,174
Operating grants and contributions	255,639	227,457	1,874,523	314,902	766,363	323,770	297,496	272,868
Capital grants and contributions	657,212	223,526	615,092	316,553	575,416	2,642,244	2,261,454	1,113,412
Total governmental activities	1 826 804	2 366 910	3 876 597	1 890 013	2 421 437	4 085 815	3 512 633	2 378 525
	100,040,	2,000,2	20,010,0	20001	1,10	0.000	2,012,000	2,0,0,0

City of Calistoga Schedule 2 Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Business-type activities: Charges for services: Charges for services: Charges for services: 1,562,566 1,694,624 1,975,927 2,222,327 2,554,214 2,182,318 2,090,136 2,100,595 Wastewater 1,650,895 1,773,745 1,852,512 1,921,034 2,078,594 1,973,424 1,939,641 1,952,322 Operating grants and contributions 1,130,908 2,659,099 844,605 550,801 127,213 1,482,941 952,188 4,88,832 Total business-type activities program revenues 4,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,780,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 4,541,749 Program revenues Overnmental activities 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 6,920,176 Governmental activities (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,784,901) (4,276,277) (5,820,176) Business-type activities (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (2,87,572) (239,089) 12,904 (7,1029,126) <th></th> <th>2004</th> <th>2005</th> <th>2006</th> <th>2007</th> <th>2008</th> <th>2009</th> <th>2010</th> <th>2011</th>		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
1,562,566 1,694,624 1,975,927 2,222,327 2,554,214 2,182,318 2,090,136 1,650,895 1,773,745 1,852,512 1,921,034 2,078,594 1,973,424 1,939,641 utions 1,130,908 2,659,099 844,605 550,801 127,213 1,482,941 952,188 Nvities 4,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Business-type activities:								
1,562,566 1,694,624 1,975,927 2,222,327 2,554,214 2,182,318 2,090,136 1,650,895 1,773,745 1,852,512 1,921,034 2,078,594 1,973,424 1,939,641 vutions 1,130,908 2,659,099 844,605 550,801 127,213 1,482,941 952,188 vvities 4,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Charges for services:								
1,650,895 1,773,745 1,852,512 1,921,034 2,078,594 1,973,424 1,939,641 tributions 1,130,908 2,659,099 844,605 550,801 127,213 1,482,941 952,188 wities 4,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Water	1,562,566	1,694,624	1,975,927	2,222,327	2,554,214	2,182,318	2,090,136	2,100,595
tributions 1,130,908 2,659,099 844,605 550,801 127,213 1,482,941 952,188 4,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Wastewater	1,650,895	1,773,745	1,852,512	1,921,034	2,078,594	1,973,424	1,939,641	1,952,322
utities 1,130,908 2,659,099 844,605 550,801 127,213 1,482,941 952,188 A,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Operating grants and contributions	2	1	1	ı	ı			t
A;344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Capital grants and contributions	1,130,908	2,659,099	844,605	550,801	127,213	1,482,941	952,188	488,832
4,344,369 6,127,468 4,673,044 4,694,162 4,760,021 5,638,683 4,981,965 6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Total business-type activities								
6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 (4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	program revenues	4,344,369	6,127,468	4,673,044	4,694,162	4,760,021	5,638,683	4,981,965	4,541,749
6,171,173 8,494,378 8,549,641 6,584,175 7,181,458 9,724,498 8,494,598 8,494,	Total primary government					:			
(4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	program revenues	6,171,173	8,494,378	8,549,641	6,584,175	7,181,458	9,724,498	8,494,598	6,920,274
(4,259,806) (3,444,434) (2,802,851) (4,710,077) (4,987,317) (3,794,901) (4,276,277) (672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (718,789) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Net revenues (expenses):								
(672,646) 1,741,237 (369,780) (287,572) (239,089) 12,904 (718,789) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Governmental activities	(4,259,806)	(3,444,434)	(2,802,851)	(4,710,077)	(4,987,317)	(3,794,901)	(4,276,277)	(5,820,176)
inses) (4,932,452) (1,703,197) (3,172,631) (4,997,649) (5,226,406) (3,781,997) (4,995,066)	Business-type activities	(672,646)	1,741,237	(369,780)	(287,572)	(239,089)	12,904	(718,789)	(1,208,950)
	Total net revenues (expenses)	(4,932,452)	(1,703,197)	(3,172,631)	(4,997,649)	(5,226,406)	(3,781,997)	(4,995,066)	(7,029,126)
	Governmental activities:								
Governmental activities:	Taxes:								

COVETIBILITIES ACTIVISES.								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	744,203	701,580	1,173,543	1,335,430	1,467,322	1,709,998	1,654,593	1,685,427
Transient occupancy taxes	2,161,628	2,257,440	2,335,139	2,521,951	3,402,228	3,208,611	3,042,315	3,430,487
Sales tax	680,882	722,655	705,825	793,011	874,109	842,610	620,909	796,563
Other taxes	300,007	358,631	328,634	335,687	329,146	369,196	348,285	312,778
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	229,201	400,442	35,225	31,248	23,499	18,039	15,665	24,494
Investment income	2,317	17,853	37,561	38,597	32,002	24,231	11,517	9,693
Special items:								
Lien abatement recovery	339,216	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Settlement environmental Claim	(508,379)	•	•	Ī	•	•	•	1
Other general revenue								57,164
Donations for community pool						1,597,624		•
Net Transfers	(241,500)	(177,700)	(140,600)	•	•	1	(1,353,869)	(859,808)
Total governmental activities	3,707,575	4,280,901	4,475,327	5,055,924	6,128,306	7,770,309	4,389,415	5,456,798

City of Calistoga Schedule 2 Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Business-type activities: Investment income	Transfers	Total business-type activities	Total primary government
--	-----------	--------------------------------	--------------------------

Changes in net assets	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total primary government

2010 2011	1,353,869 859,808	1,353,869 859,808	5,743,284 6,316,606	3 113,138 (363,378)	635,080	748,218 (712,520)
2009	•	•	7,770,309	3,975,408	12,904	3,988,312
2008	i i	t	6,128,306	1,140,989	(239,089)	901,900
2007		1	5,055,924	345,847	(287,572)	58,275
2006	140,600	140,600	4,615,927	1,672,476	(229,180)	1,443,296
2005	177,700	177,700	4,458,601	836,467	1,918,937	2,755,404
2004	241,500	241,500	3,949,075	(552,231)	(431,146)	(983,377)

Schedule 3
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Eight Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

•	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General fund: Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable - Unassigned (1)	1,601,177 1,120,161 2,721,338	48,155 2,301,868 2,350,023	1,540,237 252,563 1,792,800	1,558,663 326,911 1,885,574	588,784 1,121,851 1,710,635	447,767 941,456 1,389,223	154,504 778,500 933,004	- 16,911 16,911
All other governmental funds: Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Nonspendable, reported in: (1) Restricted for capital improvements Restricted for affordable housing Restricted for facilities Restricted for pablic safety Restricted for parks Restricted for debt service Unassigned	31 1,044,951	39 1,478,440 -	27 1,530,408 -	34 2,189,346 -	- 2,068,446 3,779,438	1,610,914 2,835,941	- 1,151,093 2,158,730	398,097 628,868 327,317 50,584 125,782 2,150 1,708 (455)
Total all other governmental funds	1,044,982	1,478,479	1,530,435	2,189,380	5,847,884	4,446,855	3,309,823	1,534,051
Total Governmental funds	3,766,320	3,828,502	3,323,235	4,074,954	7,558,519	5,836,078	4,242,827	1,550,962

CITY OF CALISTOGA
Schedule 4
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Debt Service Ratio of Governmental Funds

Last Eight Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues:								
Property Taxes	744,203	701,580	1,173,543	1,328,829	1,460,792	1,709,998	1,654,593	1,685,427
Sales Taxes	680,882	722,655	653,118	738,597	819,647	842,610	670,909	796,563
Transient Occupancy Taxes	2,161,628	2,257,440	2,335,139	2,521,951	3,402,228	3,208,611	3,042,315	3,430,487
Other Taxes	299,836	301,445	321,774	335,687	329,146	311,292	292,758	312,778
Licenses and permits	80,133	106,223	271,812	170,366	81,325	89,315	65,849	65,022
Fines and forfeitures	52,206	64,052	61,429	56,830	49,296	49,810	42,577	53,486
Intergovernmental	1,111,737	883,870	1,343,240	662,032	1,345,393	2,984,116	1,869,131	1,052,047
Interest and rents	41,400	113,880	79,186	154,580	132,186	87,052	28,893	9,546
Charges for services	487,946	792,016	954,733	1,299,226	798,184	781,600	744,437	604,313
Other	164,296	180,529	89,646	158,434	194,074	396,083	146,261	120,914
Total revenues	5,824,267	6,123,690	7,283,620	7,426,532	8,612,271	10,460,487	8,557,723	8,130,583
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	1,166,870	1,021,624	1,019,211	1,183,362	1,557,263	1,581,229	1,417,360	1,829,295
Public safety	2,360,410	2,478,584	2,551,645	2,501,429	2,882,855	3,107,158	3,063,619	3,002,549
Community services	216,844	215,452	234,089	344,778	181,426	272,543	373,314	363,846
Housing	120,881	59,177	464,850	141,891	113,019	1,883,387	1,364,524	•
Recreation Services	256,811	263,250	254,745	307,691	347,074	411,697	359,023	438,931
Public works	730,086	774,012	872,043	915,104	966,949	1,062,579	941,969	962,660
Planning and Building	326,255	417,365	571,572	599,406	604,125	694,241	616,410	602,200
Debt service:				•				•
Debt Issuance Costs	•		•	•	22,720	t	•	r
Principal retirement	177,305	226,083	259,665	269,926	305,626	342,286	354,934	•
Interest and fiscal charges	91,738	92,959	84,397	74,117	63,416	329,392	270,472	39,930
Capital Outlay	582,292	385,302	1,386,070	368,609	2,658,646	3,997,786	1,104,295	1,573,936
Total expenditures	6,029,492	5,933,808	7,698,287	6,706,313	9,703,119	13,682,298	9,865,920	8,813,347
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	(205,225)	189,882	(414,667)	720,219	(1,090,848)	(3,221,811)	(1,308,197)	(682,764)
Other financing sources (uses):							720.154	0
Transfers in	637,918	611,973	979,869	727,526	2,374,672	3,621,808	1,276,759	1,150,243
Transfers out	(829,418)	(739,673)	(1,070,469)	(696,026)	(2,474,259)	(3,720,062)	(2,281,967)	(1,383,572)
Issuance of bonds	1	•	,	4	4,674,000			
Payment to bond escrow agent	•		1	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(191,500)	(127,700)	(90,600)	31,500	4,574,413	(98,254)	(285,054)	(233,329)
Special Item: Contributions for Pool	339,216			•	•	1,597,624		
Net change in fund balances	(57,509)	62,182	(505,267)	751,719	3,483,565	(1,722,441)	(1,593,251)	(916,093)
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures	4.9%	5.8%	5.5%	5.4%	5.2%	%6.9	7.1%	%9·0

CITY OF CALISTOGA Schedule 5 Transient Occupancy Tax Last Eight Fiscal Years

% Net TOT Collected	%89.66	99.58%	99.74%	99.83%	99.94%	%98.66	100.00%	100.00%
Net TOT Collected	2,195,932	2,229,487	2,336,107	2,521,951	3,402,228	3,208,611	3,042,315	3,430,487
Sales Tax Credit	7,094	6,538	6,170	4,361	2,197	4,426	•	1
Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) 12%	2,203,053	2,238,835	2,342,137	2,526,312	3,404,425	3,213,037	3,042,315	3,430,487
Net Taxable Receipts	18,358,777	18,656,960	19,517,807	21,052,600	28,370,212	26,775,308	25,352,625	28,587,391
Exemptions & Credits	11,983	32,873	16,878	27,893	28,275	61,322	21,884	14,681
Gross Receipts	18,370,760	18,702,135	19,531,658	21,080,493	28,398,487	26,936,630	25,374,509	28,602,072
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Source: City of Calistoga

CiTY OF CALISTOGA
Schedule 6
Principal Transient Occupancy Tax Payers - In Alphabetical Order
Last Eight Years

					Rooms				
Operator	Type	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Calistoga Spa	Hotel Resort	57	57	57	22	25	22	57	29
Calistoga Village Inn & Spa	Hotel Resort	4	4	41	4	4	4	4	4
Cottage Grove Inn	Inn/Motel	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Golden Haven	Hotel Resort	3	34	31	31	31	31	31	31
Indian Springs & Lodge	Hotel Resort	16	16	40	40	4	4	4	40
Lodge at Calistoga	Inn/Motel	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Mt. View Hotel	Hotel Resort	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	8
Roman Spa	Hotel Resort	61	61	61	61	61	9	09	99
Solage Calistoga	Hotel Resort					89	89	88	89
Stevenson Manor Inn	Inn/Motel	34	8	34	34	34	34	8	34
Wilkinson's Hot Springs	Hotel Resort	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Total Top Ten Operators - Rooms	oms	386	386	410	410	499	498	498	498
Total Rooms		614	614	909	602	069	069	069	688
As % of Total Rooms-All Operators	rators	63%	63%	%19	68%	72%	72%	72%	72%
Total Net Transient Occupancy Tax Revenues	y Tax Revenues	\$ 2,195,932	\$ 2,229,487	\$ 2,336,107	\$ 2,521,951	\$ 3,402,228	\$ 3,208,611	3,042,315	\$ 3,430,487
Total Top Ten Operator Tax Revenues	Sevenues	\$ 1,601,614	\$ 1,636,350	\$ 1,731,547	\$ 1,894,261	\$ 2,625,920	\$ 2,577,200	3, 2,581,676	\$ 2,761,430
As % of Total Tax Revenue		73%	73%	74%	75%	77%	80%	85%	80%

City of Calistoga Schedule 7 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Eight Fiscal Years

														Total	Business-type	Activities	707 000 77	11,928,401	14,508,746	15,855,558	15,358,886	17,421,820	16,908,441	16,366,253	15,582,753											
														Compensated	Absences		720 007	277 20	93,558	113,220	100,926	114,732	113,446	97,450	99,574											
	Total	Governmental	Activities	000	250,000,2	2,376,972	2,157,160	2,616,567	7,046,648	6,540,569	6,128,101	7,003,700	Ricinace fund Activities	Certificates of	Participation	•		•	2,028,500	2,008,300	1,987,300	4,476,770	4,430,800	4,382,000	4,085,200											
Governmental Activities	Compensated	Absences		97	076'0	215,591	255,444	273,847	338,740	339,534	352,683	344,549	Riteinage	State	Revolving	Fund Loan	000	4,605,1/3	5,405,688	5,174,038	4,935,660	4,710,318	4,469,195	4,221,803	3,967,979	Debt	Per	Capita [2]	2,787	3,196	3,454	3,423	4,615	4,399	4,189	4,381
Government	Claims &	Settlements		000	0.70,000	468,546	402,917	405,006	311,725	134,924	54,592	1,099,197		Installment	Agreements	;	4	3,400,000	3,335,000	8,560,000	8,335,000	8,120,000	7,895,000	7,665,000	7,430,000	As	Percentage of	Assessed	3.32%	3.24%	3.51%	3.15%	3.96%	3.37%	3.44%	3.47%
	Capital	Lease	Obligation	000 000	000,070,1	1,692,835	1,498,799	1,937,714	6,396,183	6,066,111	5,720,826	5,559,954	· 放公公 · 在 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Water	Revenue	Bonds		3,765,000	3,646,000	•	•	•	•	•		Total	Primary	Government	14,494,793	16,665,906	18,012,718	17,975,453	24,468,468	23,449,010	22,494,354	22,586,453
	Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30	7000	4004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30	, 000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5008	2010	2011

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[2] Population Estimate from State of California as of January 1st:							2010 5,370	
n Napa county as follows:	437,107,799	468,922,260	513,781,017	569,996,414	618,539,567	696,275,569	654,464,952	651,533,812
[1] Assessed valuation of secured property from Napa county as follows:	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2011 City of Calistoga Schedule 8

2010-11 Assessed Valuation (Secured & Unsecured): \$ 651,533,812

	Total Debt 6/30/2011	% Applicable (1)	5 □	City's Share of Debt 6/30/11		
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	ET:					
Napa Joint Community College District	117,154,985	2.525% \$	49	2,958,163		
Calistoga Joint Unified School District	9,638,200	37.625%	€9	3,626,373		
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			₩	6,584,536		
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:						
Napa County Certificates of Participation	30,590,000	2.546%	↔	778,821		
Napa County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	3,475,000	2.546%	€	88,474		
Calistoga Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	880,000	37.625%	69	331,100		
City of Calistoga Lease/Certificates of Participation	5,559,954	100.000%	\$	5,559,954	(2)	
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			₩	6,758,349		
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			69	\$ 13,342,885	<u>6</u>	

Ratios to 2010-11 Assessed Valuation (Secured & Unsecured):

Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	. -	1.01%
Combined Direct Debt	7.	<u>8</u>
Combined Total Debt	2.0	05%
STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/11	43	

- (2) Includes all Governmental Activities long-term debt less estimate of compensated absences and Claims & Settlements

(1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

(3) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Source: City of Calistoga

City of Calistoga Schedule 9 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

		2004		2005		2006	2007	20	2008	2009	2010	2011
Assessed valuation (Secured)		437,107,799		468,922,260	51	513,781,017	569,996,414	618,	618,539,567	696,275,569	654,464,952	651,533,812
Conversion percentage		25%		25%		25%	25%		25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	₩	109,276,950 \$	₩	117,230,565	\$ 12	128,445,254	\$ 142,499,104 \$ 154,634,892 \$ 174,068,892	\$ 154,6	334,892	\$ 174,068,892	\$ 163,616,238 \$ 162,883,453	\$ 162,883,453
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%	15%		15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit		16,391,542		17,584,585	_	19,266,788	21,374,866	23,	23,195,234	26,110,334	24,542,436	24,432,518
Total net debt applicable to limit: Capital Lease Obligations		1,879,085		1,692,835		1,498,799	1,944,914	ဖိ	6,396,183	6,066,111	5,720,826	5,559,954
Legal debt margin	()	14,512,457	↔	15,891,750 \$	~	17,767,989	\$ 19,429,952	\$ 16,7	\$ 16,799,051	\$ 20,044,223	\$ 18,821,610	\$ 18,872,564
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		11.5%		%9:6		7.8%	9.1%		27.6%	23.2%	23.3%	22.8%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Source: City of Calistoga Napa County Tax Assessor's Office

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years City of Calistoga Schedule 10

	Unemployment	Rate	(2)	4.5%	4.4%	4.7%	4.4%	3.9%	4.1%	4.9%	8.2%	8.6	10.3%
Per	Capita	Personal	Income (2)	37,677	38,352	40,666	Unavailable						
	Personal	Income	(in thousands) (2)	4,982,900	5,054,437	5,384,000	Unavailable						
		Population	(1)	 5,234	5,248	5,201	5,211	5,215	5,252	5,302	5,331	5,370	5,155
		Fiscal	Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Sources:

(1) US Census for 2010, State Department of Finance 2001-2011 (2) State of California Employment Development Department for Napa County

Schedule 11 Principal Employers - In alphabetical order Current Year [1]

Employees # of Employer

1 Solage Spa & Resort	284
2 Calistoga Joint Unified School District	105
3 Calistoga Spa Hot Springs	88
4 Indian Springs	87
5 Cal Mart	65
6 City of Calistoga	61
7 Calistoga Inn Restaurant	20
8 Golden Haven Spa	40
9 Mount View Hotel And Spa	35
10 Brannans	32

Source: City of Calistoga

[1] Historic and detail information is unavailable for City Businesses prior to 2011.

Schedule 12
Full-time and Part-time City Employees
by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years City of Calistoga

Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Elected Officials [1]	7	7	£0	ß	S.	5	ĸ	ro
Staff Positions - Full and Part Time								
Support Services	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	8.10	7.27	6.50	6.5
Community Services & Recreation	5.30	5.16	5.16	3.02	4.45	7.61	7.00	9.5
Fire Services	4.51	4.78	4.78	5.80	7.31	6.71	00'9	7
Planning & Building	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	5.40	5.10	4.00	ო
Police Services	18.12	17.24	17.24	17.94	17.94	18.39	17.00	16
Public Works	19.17	19.88	19.88	19.88	20.88	21.88	19.00	19
Total All Full Time & Part Time Equivalent Staff Positions	57.60	57.56	57.56	59.14	64.05	96.99	59.50	61.00
Total All Full Time Staff Positions	50	51	51	53	22	58	51	50
Total Part Time Equivalent Positions [2]	9.7	6.57	5.7	6.14	7.05	8.96	8.5	11

Source: City of Calistoga

[1] Elected City Clerk and Treasurer positions are appointed as of end of term in November 2004. [2] 2080 Part-time hours calculated as 1 Full Time Position. Fire Part-time is calculated at 2,912 hours

City of Calistoga
Schedule 13
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Eight Fiscal Years

l	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police: Calls for Service	7,273	6,779	7,146	10,072	7,439	7,305	6.346	6063
Part one crimes	182	176	162	166	155	160	156	115
Physical arrests	388	365	401	615	531	549	418	404
Traffic violations	305	271	374	325	351	387	523	481
Fire: Calls for service	609	874	862	880	1022	1021	980	1000
Water System:								
Service connections	1,449	1,480	1,491	1,503	1,521	1,524	1,524	1,524
Fire hydrants	155	160	185	160	162	162	162	164
Est. Daily average gallons produ	716,200	674,000	714,000	714,244	720,930	679,930	670,449	670,449
Est. Maximum daily available ga	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,872,000	1,872,000	1,872,000
Est. Gallons of storage capacity	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	100,000
Wastewater:								
Service connections Est Treatment plant average	1,263	1,293	1,305	1,314	1,330	1,333	1,333	1,334
dry weather flow in gallons	510,000	500,000	490,000	490,000	490,000	490,000	490,000	490,000
weather flow in gallons	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000

Source: City of Calistoga

City of Calistoga Schedule 14 Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2002	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police.								
Stations	•	_	*	-	•	•	-	-
Patrol Vehicles	- φ	- ග	- დ	7	- 00	- ∞		. ~
Fire:								
Fire stations	_	~	~	*	~	_	~	4
Number of in service apparatus	7	7	7	7	4	9	9	ω
Public works:								
Streets (miles)	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	15	15	15
Streetlights and vintage street lights	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325
Traffic signals	7	7	7	7	2	7	2	7
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks (Logvy, Pioneer, Heather, Fireman's & Cyrus Creek)	ည	S)	ω	9	ß	ဖ	φ	9
Community Pool	•	•		ı	,	~	_	1.00
Community and Teen Centers	7	7	7	7	C4	2	2	8
Park acreage developed	9.1	9.1	9.	9.1	9.7	14.6	14.6	15
Park acreage undeveloped	S	Ŋ	5	5	5	1.6	1.6	2
Tennis Courts	ო	ო	ო	ဗ	ო	ო	ო	က
Community Garden	_	~	τ.	_	~	_	*	~
Museum	_	~	•	~	₩-	_	***	~
Water System:								
Water mains (miles)	32	32	32	36	36	36	36	36
Service connections	1,449	1,480	1,491	1,503	1,521	1,524	1,524	1,524
Fire hydrants	155	160	185	160	162	162	162	\$
Est. Daily average gallons produced	716,200	674,000	714,000	714,244	720,930	679,930	670,449	670,449
Est. Maximum daily available gallons	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,872,000	1,872,000	1,872,000
Est. Gallons of storage capacity	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	100,000
Wastewater:								
Sanitary sewers (miles)	4	4	4	16	16	16	9	6
Service connections	1,263	1,293	1,305	1,314	1,330	1,333	1,333	1,334
Est. Treatment plant-average dry weather flow in	0				000	000		000
gailons Est. Maximum daily permit dry weather flow in	510,000	200,000	490,000	490,000	490,000	490,000	490,000	490,000
gallons	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000

Source: City of Calistoga