## City of Calistoga

## **Staff Report**

**TO:** Honorable Mayor and City Council

**FROM:** Richard Spitler, City Manager

**DATE:** April 1, 2014

**SUBJECT:** Report on Status of Calistoga's Stage II Water Emergency

APPROVAL FOR FORWARDING:

Richard D. Spitler, City Manager

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**<u>ISSUE:</u>** Receive Report on Status of Calistoga's Stage II Water Emergency and provide direction.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Receive Status Report on Calistoga's Stage II Water Emergency and provide direction to prepare contingency plans to ensure adequate water supply.

BACKGROUND / DISCUSSION: Due to three years of low rainfall, the City Council declared a Stage I water emergency in September 2013 that set forth voluntary water conservation measures with the goal of 10% conservation. On February 4, 2014 the Council declared a Stage II water emergency which sought to reduce water consumption by 20% overall and required mandatory water conservation through best practices. It also imposes a monetary surcharge for violations.

Following this action staff initiated a community outreach which included educational hand-outs in the local papers, utility billing inserts, web site information, Channel 28 announcements and distribution of flyers at the mobile home parks. The emphasis has been on education rather than enforcement.

Staff has reviewed the data on water use from September 2013 to February 28, 2014 and compared it to the same time period for the previous twelve months (Sept. 2012 through Feb. 2013). It has been determined that there has been an increase in water use by 13.2% or 37 acre feet. There are several reasons for this, but one is that the lack of rain in December 2013 meant that residential users were irrigating their lawns when normally they would not.

In December 2013 the Department of Water Resources stated that no water allocation will be forthcoming from the North Bay Aqueduct (NBA) during calendar year 2014. However, the City has a water reserve of 882 acre feet from prior year savings. This is the source of water which has been used since January 1<sup>st</sup> of this year.

Over the last five years the City's annual water consumption has averaged 754 acre feet. Of this amount, 497 acre feet (66%) is used by residential customers. The other 256 acre feet are used by the commercial and industrial user (with some towards public buildings).

It did rain 11.97 inches in February which allowed the Kimball Reservoir to fill up, amounting to 315 acre feet in storage. Except for bypass (February bypass was 45.7 million gallons or 140 acre feet) staff is holding as much water in storage as possible in anticipation of peak summer demand. Staff has also kept track of the issue of water supply relative to the State Water Project ("SWP") allocation for the NBA. It is uncertain what the State will do, as information changes daily. We have to assume that what water we receive from the NBA will be extremely low (5% or less of our normal allocation). We have advised the State that we will need all of our carryover water to meet our needs. At 5% SWP allocation we would receive 96 acre feet of SWP water. The State has the authority to direct water supplies on an "as needed basis".

#### **New Development Projects**

There are several development projects that have received land use entitlements that will ultimately result in increased water demand. They are varying stages of pulling building permits (see Attachment 2). Some, like a single family residence, will be completed and occupied within 9 to 12 months. Others, like the Calistoga Family Apartments or the Silver Rose resort, will take 12 to 22 months to complete before they impact our water system. Accordingly, there will be no significant water consumption by these projects in the near term. During construction City code requires that no City potable water be used, only recycled water. Should a water emergency still exist after occupancy they would be subject to the best management practices that apply to other similar uses.

There are also several projects that are still under the planning review process such as the Francis House renovation project or the Roman Spa renovation. It is not known when they will receive their land use entitlements; and, subsequently their construction timeframes, after which they will have a demand on the City water supply.

It is staff's position that the immediate impact of new development on water supplies will be negligible. The projects presently under construction are vested and the city must provide a water hook-up. This is a total demand of 23.38 acre feet with 7.668 acre feet of this coming on line in January 2015 (i.e., the affordable housing project on Washington Street). The voter approved projects of Silver Rose and Calistoga Hills (Enchanted Resorts) are also vested under a development agreement to have the City serve water. The Silver Rose project is scheduled to begin demolition in April 2014 and will not be ready to occupy (and use city water) until April 2016, at the soonest. They also have access to two wells on the site which could reduce demand. The Calistoga Hills project is scheduled to begin construction in 2015, although they are presently moving ahead with a sewer pipe installation on Lower Washington as required in their development agreement (whether they build the resort or not). They would occupy the buildings

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in 2017 at the soonest. Both projects combined have advanced paid development impact fees in the amount of \$3.2 million to allow the City to address vital improvements to our water and wastewater systems.

In the future should the Council decide to stop new water hook-ups it does have authority if a public health and safety finding can be made (and after a public hearing is held).

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Council direct staff to develop contingency plans to address a potential water supply shortfall caused by a significant reduction or elimination of NBA water in the near term. Several other cities and counties presently served by the NBA face a similar situation. All have been cooperating to find possible solutions. Potential options include a temporary connection to Lake Berryessa water, use of Rector Reservoir or Lake Hennessey water, use of groundwater wells, and trucking in water from nearby sources.

In addition, it is clear that the educational and enforcement of the water conservation measures must be more aggressive to achieve use reduction objectives.

As the situation further develops, staff will report to the City Council. The municipal code allows the council to go to a Stage III emergency which would require more stringent water conservation and enforcement if deemed necessary.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** There will be reduction in the Water and Wastewater Enterprise funds, however, the exact amount is unknown at this time, but it could be significant. The cost to implement the water conservation program is estimated at \$25,000 for the remainder of this fiscal year and \$40,000-\$50,000 for FY 14/15. It should be noted that these estimated costs do not include any costs associated with alternate water sources.

#### **ATTACHMENT:**

1. Stage II Best Practices

2. Potential New Development Water Demands

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107 STAGE II WATER CONSERVATION BEST PRACTICES 108 109 110 **All Water Customers:** 111 112 Outdoor irrigation with potable water only during the early morning hours to reduce 113 evaporation loss with an odd/even address watering schedule (odd addresses water Tuesday and Thursday and even water Monday and Wednesday). No outdoor irrigation 114 115 on Friday, Saturday or Sunday with potable water. • No initial filling or draining of swimming pools with potable water. Pools can be topped 116 117 off to prevent damage to pumps and equipment. 118 No washing sidewalks, buildings, driveways, patios, or other paved areas with potable 119 water 120 No noncommercial washing of privately owned motor vehicles, trailers and boats except from a 121 bucket and hose equipped with an automatic shut-off nozzle 122 Prohibiting any use of water from a fire hydrant, except for fighting fires and line flushing required by regulatory agencies. 123 124 • No use of potable water for dust control or compaction at construction sites Inspect all irrigation systems, repair leaks, and adjust spray heads to provide optimum coverage 125 126 and eliminate avoidable over-spray. 127 Run full loads through dishwasher 128 Wash full loads of laundry 129 130 **Restaurants** 131 132 Tap water provided to customers only upon request 133 Scrape all dishes prior to rinsing 134 Run full loads through dishwasher Wash full loads of linens 135 136 137 **Hotels and Spas** 138 139 Bed linens and towels changed only upon guest request 140 Wash full loads of linens/laundry 141 Inspect all irrigation systems, repair leaks, and adjust spray heads to provide optimum coverage and eliminate avoidable over-spray 142 No washing sidewalks, driveways, patios, or other paved areas with potable water 143 144 Prohibit any use of water from a fire hydrant, except for fighting fires and line flushing required by 145 regulatory agencies • No initial filling or draining of swimming pools using potable water. Pools can be topped 146 147 off to prevent damage to pumps and equipment. No noncommercial washing of privately owned motor vehicles, trailers and boats except from a 148

bucket and hose equipped with an automatic shut-off nozzle

ATTACHMENT 1

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**Monetary Penalty** 

• Outdoor irrigation with potable water only during the early morning hours to reduce evaporation loss with an odd/even address watering schedule (odd addresses water Tuesday and Thursday and even water Monday and Wednesday). No outdoor irrigation on Friday, Saturday or Sunday with potable water.

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# A violation would occur if a BMP is observed to be violated and documented by City staff. The first violation would result in a written warning being issued to the person in responsible charge of the water account. Subsequent BMP violations would result in the issuance of a notice of violation or citation and result in a "Tiered Surcharge multiplier" being assessed to any water use above Tier 1 usage on the subsequent water bill for multiple tired water users, or the Tier 1 water use for single-tiered water users. Violations would be cumulative unless there are no violations for the subsequent billing cycle.

168	Violation	Surcharge Multiplier
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170	First	0 – written warning issued
171	Second	1.20
172	Third	1.35
173	Fourth	1.50
174	Fifth	Suspension of water service for seven days, surcharge multiplier of 2.0,
175		payment of all delinquent charges, and a restart charge of \$150

Appeals would be handled as specified in Section 1.20 of the Municipal Code.

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#### **ATTACHMENT 2**

### **Potential Water Demands**

April 1, 2014

Project	Annual Water Reqd. in acre feet	Start of Water Need		
Under Construction				
Indian Springs expansion	12.990	July 2014		
Brian Arden Winery Phase I	.565	September 2014		
Coates SFD – Camp Street	.382	September 2014		
Elzey SFD – Emerald Drive	.428	October 2014		
Puerto Vallarta Market	.783	October 2014		
Calistoga Family Apts.	7.668	January 2015		
Brian Arden Winery Phase II	.565	February 2015		
In Plan Check				
Solage locker rooms expansion	tbd	undetermined		
Approved Projects				
Silver Rose	37.04 (plus 5 reserve)	April 2016		
Enchanted Resorts	30 (plus 20 reserve)	2017-18		
Pending Approval				
Roman Spa expansion	14.536	undetermined		
Brogan Parcel Map SFDs (2)	.856	undetermined		
Sprenger Brew Pub	tbd	undetermined		
Francis House Inn (18 rooms)	2.82	undetermined		