

City of Calistoga Planning Commission

Agenda Item Summary

MEETING DATE

July 11, 2018

ITEM

1514 Washington Street Multi-Family Project

DR 2018-4

APPLICANTS

Dimitry Latkionav and Alla Reykhel

PROPERTY ADDRESS

1514 Washington Street

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO.

011-202-001

GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION

High-Density Residential/Office

ZONING DISTRICT

Multi-Family Residential/Office (R-3)

STAFF CONTACT

Kevin Thompson, Senior Planner

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF

INTEREST

None

RECOMMENDATION

Adopt a resolution approving Design Review

2018-4 with conditions

SUGGESTED MOTION

"I move that the Planning Commission adopt a resolution approving design review application DR 2018-4 to allow construction of a 4-unit multi-family building at 1514 Washington Street"

CALISTOGA PLANNING COMMISSION STAFF REPORT

To: Calistoga Planning Commission
From: Kevin Thompson, Senior Planner

Meeting Date: July 11, 2018

Subject: 1514 Washington Multi-Family Development Design Review

ITEM

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Consideration of a design review application (DR 2018-4) for a four-unit multi-family building and site improvements at 1514 Washington Street

3 BACKGROUND

- The vacant project site at 1514 Washington Street is .21 acres (9,203 sq ft.). Uses in the vicinity include hospitality, religious institutions, and both single and multi-family residential. The site contained a single-family home that was demolished to accommodate the current proposal. The 2014 Housing Element's Housing Stock Conditions Survey identified the demolished home as one in need of repair.
- Four trees of varying health whose removal was approved with the issuance of a tree removal permit remain on site. Mitigation in the form of payment to the City's tree mitigation fund was required for their removal.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project proposes the construction of four market-rate multi-family apartments all contained in one two-story building. The building would front both 4th and Washington Streets, with a maximum height of 24 feet. Amenities would include large sized units, private open space and off street parking for each unit. Parking includes 8 spaces on the rear portion of the site. The site would be accessed via a single 12-foot wide driveway from 4th Street.

The proposed unit breakdown is as follows:

Unit A - 4 bedroom, 2.5 bath, 1,964 sq. ft. Unit B - 3 bedroom, 2.5 bath, 1,256 sq. ft. Unit C - 2 or 3 bedroom, 2.5 bath, 1,192 sq. ft. Unit D - 2 or 3 bedroom, 2.5 bath, 1,496 sq. ft.

Proposed exterior finishes include board and batten HardiePanel siding with a 42" stone masonry perimeter at the base of the building and a standing seam aluminum roof. Wood timber accents would project outward from under the roof eaves along all facades of the building. Additional wood timber features are proposed for the gable end of the dormers, above the windows, and along the Washington Street façade. The proposed color palette includes brown and forest green for the building and a bronze roof. The windows would be double-hung black aluminum.

Each unit would have a private open space area enclosed with six-foot high, horizontal slat fencing, which would also screen disposal bins. Units B, C and D would also have enclosed private open space areas at the rear of the building.

The project's preliminary landscape plan calls for five new street trees. However, staff recommends retaining the three existing street trees (two on Washington, one on Fourth), which appear to be in good health, and plant supplemental trees. The private open space areas would be planted with drought-tolerant species. Delta bluegrass, a native "mow-free" fescue, is called for in the bio-filtration areas.

CONSISTENCY ANALYSIS

The project's consistency with the City's plans, policies and codes is evaluated below.

41 Calistoga General Plan

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Land use designation

The General Plan's Land Use Map designates the project site as High-Density Residential/Office, which allows the development of multi-family housing at densities of 10-20 dwelling units per acre. The 9,203 sq ft lot could accommodate a maximum of 4.2 units. The project proposes 4 units and is within the density range established in the General Plan.

Housing Element

The General Plan's Housing Element provides a long-term comprehensive plan to address existing and projected housing needs for all economic segments of the community. It includes strategies for meeting the City's share of region-wide housing need for the planning period between 2015 and 2023 as required by state law.

The Housing Element contains many provisions intended to address the housing needs of the community, including:

Goal H-1 Maximize opportunities for the development of housing to accommodate anticipated growth and facilitate mobility within the ownership and rental housing markets.

Action H-1.2 Make effective use of residential development sites.

The project increases the density on an infill site located within walking distance to downtown services. Further, given the size of the units, it provides mobility to those seeking more living space in a rental home. The floorplans include three-bedroom units, which would be suitable for families.

Zoning Code

The project site is located within the Multi-Family Residential/Office (R-3) Zoning District. The intent of this district, in part, is to increase the diversity and variety of housing stock in Calistoga by providing housing within walking distance to downtown. Uses allowed in the R-3 District without a use permit include multi-family dwellings. The

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project is consistent with this intent by providing multi-family units in the appropriatelyzoned district.

The R-3 District is further intended to ensure that care is taken to preserve the character of existing neighborhoods. The architecture in the neighborhood evolved over many decades and lacks a common theme. Generally speaking, it is comprised of one- and two-story, Craftsman- and bungalow-style homes. However, directly across Washington Street is the Holy Assumption Monastery, which is characterized by Russian-style design elements.

The project's facades that would face Washington and 4th Streets would feature a twostory element, consistent with the neighborhood's character. The HardiePanel board and batten siding that would clad a majority of the facades would be painted earth-toned forest green and brown. These materials would provide a muted appearance, blending in with the surrounding mature landscaping. The proposed building height is similar to other buildings in the neighborhood.

The following table compares the project's design with the development standards of the R-3 District.

Development Standard pe	Project	Compliant	
Minimum front yard	15 feet	15 feet	Yes
Minimum interior side yard adjacent to building	12 feet	12 feet	Yes
Minimum rear yard	15 feet	26+	Yes
Maximum lot coverage	40%	40%	Yes
Maximum building height	25 feet	24 feet	Yes
Minimum usable open space	300 sq. ft. group OS/unit or 150 sq. ft. private OS/unit	163-278 sq. ft.	Yes

Residential Design Guidelines

Staff believes that the project is consistent with the City's Multi-Family Residential Design Guidelines because of the following design features:

- A building height of 24 feet is compatible with other structures in the neighborhood. The perceived height and bulk of the building would be reduced by dividing the building mass into smaller-scale components and incorporating details such as projecting eaves, awnings, moldings and fencing in a manner that is consistent with the building's architecture.
- Setbacks are similar to those on the block and in the neighborhood. A 12-foot setback would be provided along the property line adjacent to the single-family dwelling to the north.
- Traditional gable roof forms would be consistent with neighborhood character.
- Roof overhangs would be appropriately-sized to the mass and design of the building.

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- Window types, materials, shapes, and proportions would complement the architectural style of the building, and windows would be articulated with trim and awnings.
- Materials, colors, and landscaping would be consistent with the desired architectural style and sensitive to the neighborhood. Compatible accent colors would enhance important architectural elements and details.
- The main entrance to each unit would be clearly identifiable and articulated with functionally- and architecturally-appropriate projecting or recessed forms so as to create a sheltered landing.
- The parking area would be located within the project's interior and not along its street frontage.
- The width of the driveway and its curb cut would be as narrow as possible.
- A variety of height, textures, and colors would be used in the project's landscape palette, and plantings would be used to soften building lines.
- Trees would be used to create shade along sidewalks, continuing the theme of the neighborhood.
- Attractive fencing would allow public views into the site while providing security.
- No mechanical equipment or trash enclosures would be viewable from residences or the street.

GROWTH MANAGEMENT

The project would connect to public water and sewer. Estimated annual water demand and wastewater generation for this project must be completed by the applicant before building permit issuance. A Growth Management Allocation must be awarded for the project prior to building permit issuance, and the developer would be required to pay water and wastewater service connection fees.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The proposed project is exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to Section 15303(b) of the CEQA Guidelines (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures).

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the information and analysis contained in this report, staff recommends that the Planning Commission adopt a resolution approving design review application DR 2018-4.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Vicinity map
- 2. Draft resolution approving design review application DR 2018-4
- 3. Project plans
- 4. Multi-Family Design Guidelines

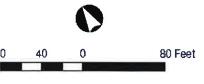




Vicinity Map

1514 Washington

APN: 011-202-011





Multi-Family Residential Design Guidelines

Introduction

These guidelines seek to provide property owners, designers and developers with a clear understanding of the City's expectations for new multi-family residential development (i.e., a building containing three or more dwelling units. They will be used as criteria for approval during the City's plan review process.

While development must comply with the Calistoga Zoning and Subdivision Codes and other applicable regulations, these guidelines seek a higher degree of design excellence than the minimum standards.

Development on properties within an Entry Corridor or Character Area designated by the Land Use Element of the Calistoga General Plan must incorporate the design features prescribed by those overlays.

Design Objectives

These guidelines are intended to promote development that will:

- Provide attractive, functional and convenient site arrangements
- Enhance safety and security
- Protect and promote Calistoga's rural, small town character
- Create a human-scaled and pedestrianfriendly environment
- Encourage visual diversity while protecting the unique and desirable qualities of established neighborhoods
- Promote high-quality design that enhances the character of Calistoga and is compatible with its environs
- Allow creative design, in keeping with the eclectic nature of residential development in Calistoga

 Safeguard the privacy of neighboring properties

Design Guidelines

A. Siting

- Views (particularly of the palisades and hillsides), and on-site mature trees and other natural amenities shall be preserved and incorporated into development proposals whenever possible.
- 2. Buildings should be oriented to promote privacy to the greatest extent possible.
- 3. Large projects should be broken up into clusters of structures.
- 4. Parking and vehicular circulation should be separate from pedestrian circulation.

B. Building Forms and Massing

- The scale and mass of new infill buildings should be reduced by stepping down the building height towards adjacent smaller structures.
- Building heights should be varied to give the appearance of a collection of smaller structures.
- Consideration should be given to stepping back upper stories to reduce the scale of facades that face a street, common space and adjacent residential structures.
- 4. The perceived height and bulk of multistory buildings should be reduced by dividing the building mass into smaller-scale components and adding details such as projecting eaves, dormers and balconies. The use of awnings, moldings, pilasters and comparable architectural embellishments are also encouraged when functional

and/or consistent with the building's architecture.

C. Building Articulation

- Buildings that are oriented to a street or interior drive should have varying setbacks to provide visual interest.
- All facades of a building should be articulated and incorporate variation in massing, roof forms and wall planes, as well as surface articulation. While they do not need to be identical, there should be a sense of overall architectural continuity.
- Extensive, unarticulated exterior walls are discouraged. Massing offsets, varied textures, openings, recesses and design accents are encouraged to provide visual interest.
- Architectural elements that add visual interest, scale and character, such as balconies, trellises, recessed windows, overhangs and porches are strongly encouraged.
- 5. Balconies should be recessed from the building face and use appropriate screening measures, such as solid walls or landscaping, to protect the privacy of users and residents of neighboring units. The supports for overhanging upper floors or decks shall be designed to provide a substantial appearance integrated with the overall design of the building.
- 6. The use of vertical elements such as towers may be used to contrast with the predominant horizontal massing and provide visual interest.
- The design of an infill project in a potential historic district, as identified in the General Plan, should be compatible with any prevailing architectural styles and details in the neighborhood.

 Accessory buildings, such as management offices, storage facilities, recreational facilities and pool equipment buildings shall be designed as an integral part of a project. They shall be similar in material, color, and detail to the principal buildings of a development.

D. Roofs

The use of multiple rooflines and designs can create visual diversity and break up building mass.

- The use of traditional roof forms such as gables, hips and dormers is encouraged. The use of mansard and flat roofs without a decorative cornice are strongly discouraged.
- 2. Variation in ridgeline height and alignment is encouraged.
- Roof overhangs should be sized appropriately for the desired architectural style. Where applicable to the architectural style, roof eaves should extend a minimum of 12 inches from the primary wall surface to enhance shadow lines and articulation of surfaces.
- 4. Flat carport roofs are prohibited.

E. Windows, Doors and Entries

The appearance of a building can be enhanced by carefully-designed windows, doors and entries.

- Window types, materials, shapes and proportions should complement the architectural style of the building.
- Windows should be articulated with sills, trim, shutters or awnings that are authentic to the architectural style of the structure. Where architecturally appropriate, they may be inset from structure walls to create shade and shadow detail.

- In order to enhance privacy, windows shall not be positioned directly opposite an adjacent residence's windows.
- The main entrance to a unit should be clearly identifiable and should be articulated with functionally- and architecturally-appropriate projecting or recessed forms so as to create a sheltered landing.
- 5. Entries should be in proportion to the building façade as a whole.

F. Building Materials, Finishes and Colors

- Materials, finishes and colors should be consistent with the desired architectural style and sensitive to any prevailing pattern in the vicinity.
- Compatible accent colors should be used to enhance important architectural elements and details.
- Bright or intense colors should be used very sparingly, and shall typically be reserved for more refined or delicate detailing.
- Exterior materials should reflect those that have traditionally been used in Calistoga, including wood, stone and stucco. Reflective materials are prohibited.
- Stairways shall be constructed of durable materials that are compatible with the design of the primary structure. Prefabricated metal stairs are strongly discouraged.
- Surface detailing should not serve as a substitute for well-integrated and distinctive massing.

G. Circulation

 Multi-family projects should incorporate pedestrian connections to adjoining residential, commercial, public and other compatible land use facilities.

- Cross circulation between vehicles and pedestrians shall be minimized. Clearlymarked walkways should be provided from parking areas to the main entrances of buildings.
- Walkways should be located to minimize the impact of pedestrians on the privacy of nearby residences or private open space.
 Walkways should not be sited immediately adjacent to a building and should be separated with a landscaped planting area.

H. Parking

- Parking areas should be located within a project's interior and not along street frontages.
- Carports and tuck-under parking should not be visible from public streets.
- Guest parking may be visible from public streets.
- 4. Garage doors should be articulated with trellises, panels and/or windows to break up their large planes.
- 5. The width of driveways as well as cuts at the curb shall be as narrow as possible.

I. Landscaping

Landscaping for multi-family projects can be used to define and accent specific areas (e.g., building entrances, recreational areas), provide a transitional buffer between neighboring properties and screen utilities. Landscaping should be used as a unifying element within a project and to ensure compatibility with surrounding projects.

- A variety of height, textures and colors should be used in a project's landscape palette.
- A combination of trees, shrubs and ground cover should be incorporated into landscaping plans.

- Plantings shall be used to soften building lines. Landscaping around building perimeters is encouraged.
- New and rehabilitated landscaping shall comply with the State of California Model Water-Efficient Ordinance, where applicable.
- Plantings shall not interfere with lighting, clear line of sight or access to emergency equipment or utilities (e.g., fire hydrants, fire alarm boxes, water meters).
- Landscaping shall be protected from vehicular and pedestrian encroachment by raised planting surfaces and curbs.
- 7. Gravel, bark and artificial turf is not allowed as a substitute for plant materials.
- 8. Trees should be used to create canopies and shade, especially along walkways, in parking areas and open space areas.
- Trees and large shrubs shall not be planted under overhead lines or over underground infrastructure if growth may interfere with public utilities.
- 10. When selecting tree species, consideration should be given to potential maintenance issues, nearby pedestrian activities and public rights-of way.
- 11. Trees and shrubs should be located and spaced to allow for mature and long-term growth.
- 12. Potential root problems caused by trees and shrubs in or adjacent to the public right of way shall be avoided by careful selection and planting procedures. Root barriers shall be required for any tree placed where roots could disrupt adjacent paving or curb surfaces.

J. Community Facilities

- 1. Buildings should be oriented to create courtyards and open space areas.
- Community features such as plazas, recreational areas, community gardens and other gathering places shall be included whenever possible.
- Common open space areas should be sheltered from the noise and traffic of adjacent streets and incompatible uses.
- 4. Children's play areas should be as publicly visible as possible.

K. Lighting

Properly-designed lighting can enhance a project's design while promoting safety and security.

- The design of exterior lighting fixtures should complement that of the residences in style and finish.
- Lighting shall be arranged to provide safety and security for residents and visitors but prevent direct glare of illumination onto adjacent units.
- 3. Pedestrian-scaled lighting shall be located along all pedestrian routes of travel.
- Lighting sources shall be screened from offsite view.
- Lighting levels shall be the minimum necessary to provide safety and security while avoiding glare, light trespass and "sky glow."

L. Walls and Fences

Walls and fences shall be designed as an integral component of the project, using complementary styles, materials, colors and scale.

- 1. Walls should be constructed of natural materials such as stone, wood, flagstone, or masonry with an architectural finish.
- 2. The following fencing materials are not allowed: chain link, barbed wire, razor wire and unfinished precision masonry block.
- 3. Vinyl and other manufactured fencing materials are acceptable if the overall appearance appears natural.
- 4. Wrought iron fencing should be powder-coated to reduce the potential for rust.
- The face of retaining walls that are more than four feet in height and visible to the general public should be textured to provide visual relief.
- 6. Walls visible to the general public, such as project perimeter walls, should be enhanced to provide visual relief and soften their appearance through techniques such as textures, staggered setbacks, wall inserts, decorative columns or pilasters and variation in height, in conjunction with landscaping.
- 7. Stucco and plaster walls should be capped with a different material to give them a finished appearance.
- Walls should be constructed as low as possible while still performing screening, noise attenuation and security functions.
- At street or driveway corners, the area in front of fencing should be landscaped, and plantings or walls shall allow a clear line of sight.
- 10. Walls on sloping terrain should be stepped to follow the terrain.

M. Utilities

All mechanical equipment shall be suitably screened or placed in locations that are not viewable from residences, common areas or the street. All screening devices shall be compatible

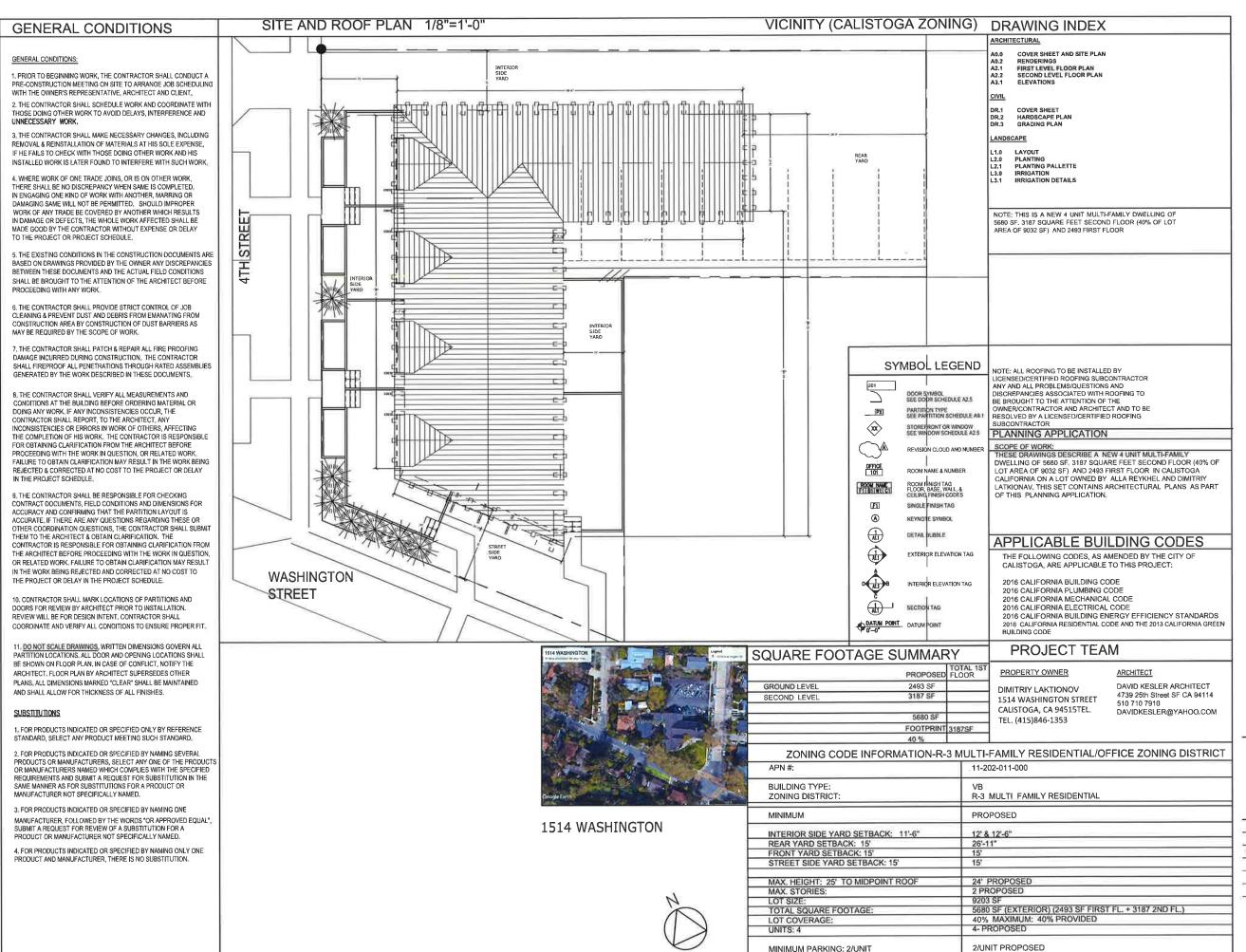
with the architecture and color of the adjacent buildings.

N. Trash Enclosures

- Trash enclosures should be located in nonconspicuous areas, well screened with landscaping, and designed so as to protect adjacent uses from noise and odors.
- Trash enclosures shall be constructed of materials and finishes that complement those of the primary building. Gates shall be solid metal.
- Trash enclosures shall be sized to accommodate recycling, yard waste and trash containers.

O. Mailboxes

- Mailboxes shall be located in highly visible, heavily-traveled areas for convenience, to allow for casual social interaction and to promote safety.
- 2. Trash and recycling receptacles shall be provided adjacent to the mailboxes.



DAVID KESLER

4739 25th STREET

SAN FRANCISCO CA TEL 510.710.7910

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MULTI- FAMILY RESIDENCE 1514 WASHINGTON CALISTOGA CA.

PROJECT:



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CONSULTANTS:

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

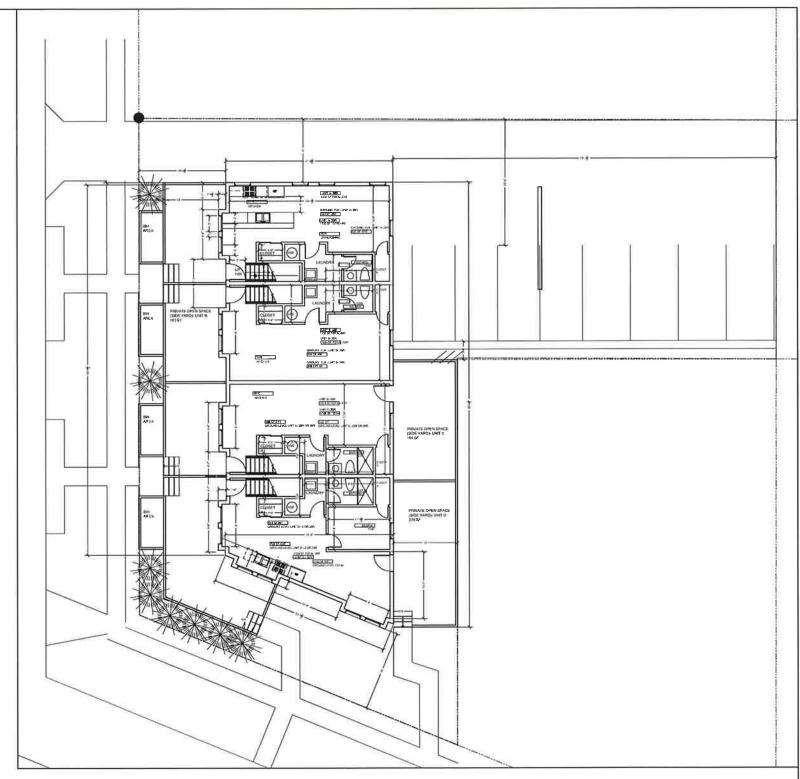
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COVER SHEET & SITE PLAN

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GROUND FLOOR PLAN

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PROJECT:

MULTI- FAMILY RESIDENCE 1514 WASHINGTON CALISTOGA CA.



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CONSULTANTS:

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

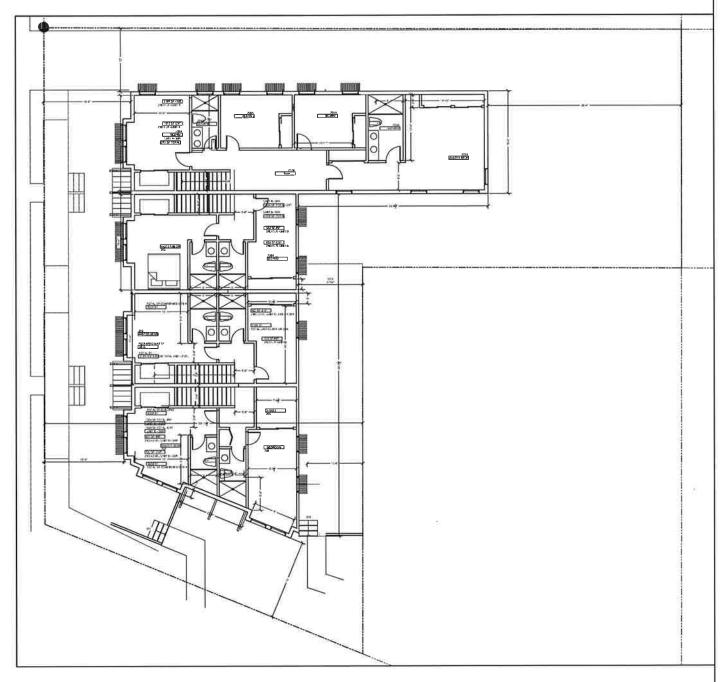
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SECOND FLOOR PLAN

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PROJECT:

MULTI- FAMILY RESIDENCE 1514 WASHINGTON CALISTOGA CA.



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CONSULTANT

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

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MULTI- FAMILY RESIDENCE 1514 WASHINGTON CALISTOGA CA.



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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Revisions

Date: 4-30-2018

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EY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTITY	SIZE	REMARKS	WUCOLS
REES						
COR	Cornus 'Eddie's White Wonder'	Eddle's White Wonder Dogwood	5	15 gallon	Ca Native, Bark	М
	Maytenus boarla 'Green Showers' or	Green Showers Mayten or		15 gallon	Ca Native, Bark	м
	Arbutus 'Marina'	Madrone Cross		15 gallon	Ca Native, Bark	L
TALLSHR	JBS					
BAK	Bambusa multiplex 'Alphonse Karr'	Clumping Bamboo	3	15 gallon	Foliage	L
PMC	Pittosporum 'Marjoris Channon' or	Marjorle Shannon Kohuhu or	В	5 gallon	Foliage	м
	Prunus caroliniana 'Compacta'	Carolina Cherry		5 gallon	Follage	L
SHRUBS	1			-		
LES	Loropetalum chinenals 'Emerald Snow'	Emerald Snow Chinese Fringeflower	15	5 gallon	Flowers	L
LSP	Loropetalum chinemiis 'Bizzling Pink'	Sizzling Pink Chinese Fringeflower	6	5 gatton	Flowers	L
NAN	Nandina domestica 'Plum Passion or	Plum Passion Heavenly Bamboo	18	5 gallen	Follage	L
	Nandina domentica Gulf Stream	Gulf Stream Heavenly Dandroo		5 gallen	Foliage	L
INES/ESP	ALIERS	*			***************************************	
CA	Clematie 'Armandii'	Evergreen Clematis	2	5 gallon	Flowers	м
ESP	Loropetalum chinensis 'Espalier' or	Chinese Fringe Flower or	6	5 gallon	Flowers	L
	Malus '3 Tier' 'Assorted'	Apple 'Full, Yellow Delictous'			Fruit	:м
JAS	Jasminum polyanthum	Pink Jasmine	3	5 gallon	Fragrant	м
LGF	Lonicera heckrottii Goldflame'	Goldflame Honeyeuckle	5	5 gullon	Flowers	м
GROUNDCO	OVERS/PERENNIALS					
ID	ins douglasiana 'Canyon Snow' or	White Douglas Iris or	45	1 gallon	30° OC-Flowers	L
	Heuchera 'Palace Purple', 'Lava Lamp'	Burgundy Alum Root		1 gallon	30° OC-Follage	L
	Geranium blocova	Cranebill	50	1 gallon	24" OC-Flowers	м
	1	Section 1				
GRASSES/	FERNS					
СНО	Chondropstalum tectorum	Small Cape Rush	6	5 gallon	Accent, Follage	L
сти	Carex tumulicola	Berkeley Sedge	70	1 gallon	36" OC-Native	L
LOM	Lomandra Ionalfolla 'Breeze'	Dwarf Matt Rush	150	1 gallen	36"0C	ı
MOR	Moraea Iridiodes	Fortnight Lily	20	1 asllon	Accent	L
MT	Miscanthus transmorrisonensis	Evergreen Miscanthus	7	1 aution	Accent	м
NO-MOW	'Native Mow-Free' Seed Blend	Delta Bluegrass Bloffitration God	350	SF	Bioretention Area	1
PT	Phormium 'Amazing Red' or	Red New Zealand Flax or	8	5 gallon	Accent	1 .
	Acacia cognata 'Cousin Itt'	Coupin Itt Little Riverr Wattle		5 gallon	Foliage	1

FLANTING NOTES

1. Existing trees and shrube to be removed. All proposed planting areas shall be cleared of any weeds and debris prior to soil preparation. In the case of pernicious perennial weeds, a systemic herbicide shall be applied prior to clearing. If particularly difficult weeds, such as wild onlors, are encountered, the Landscape Architect and owner shall be contacted prior to proceeding. No soil preparation shall take place in areas where soil is contaminated with cennent, place paint or other construction debris. All contaminated with a finished early learn caught of sustaining healthy solar life and containing no noxious weeds or debris.

2. All plant material shall be approved by the Landscape Architect prior to installation and will be rejected if not in accordance with industry standards. Substitution request to be made to the Landscape Architect for approval prior to eite delivery. The plant count is for the convenience of the Landscape Contractor. In case of a discrepancy with the

3. Incorporate compost or natural fertilizer into the soil to a minimum depth of 6" at a minimum rate of 4 cubic yards per 1000 square feet or per specific amendment recommendations from a soils laboratory report. A minimum of 8" of non-mechanically compacted soil shall be available for water absorption and root growth in planted areas

4. Plant Material shall have the follow backfill mix: 30% native soil, 10% 3/16" Lava rock, 60% coarse firbark or 60% native soil and 40% recycled ecreened compost or per steet recommendations. Holes to be 2 x the diameter x the depth of the plant container.

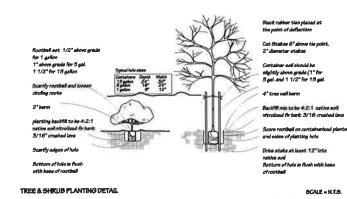
i. Prior to planting, the final location of all plant material to be determined in the field by the Landecape Architect. The Landecape Contractor shall give three (3) days written obtain prior to planting placement date. All plant material shall be approved by the Landecape Architect prior to installation and will be rejected if not in accordance with decape and architect prior to installation and will be rejected if not in accordance with decape and architect for a promoted record and control of the prior to installation and will be rejected if not in accordance with

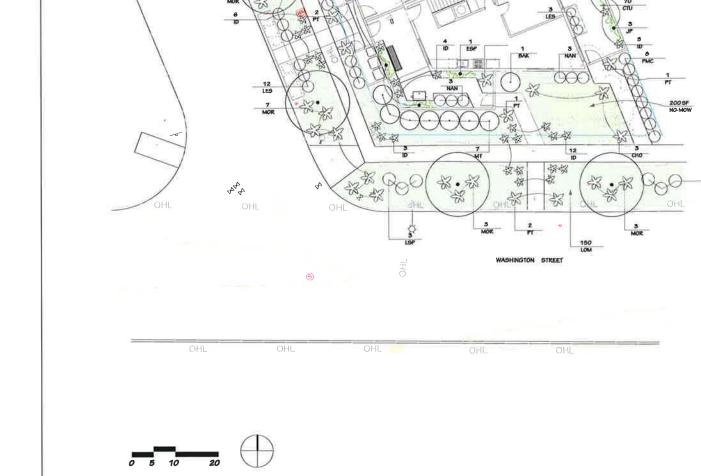
Planting areas shall receive a 3" layer of "Golden Nuggets" by American Soil Products or recycled 'arbor' mulch. Mulch to be epread after container plant.
 The landscape contractor shall provide a bark sample to the Landscape Architect prior to shipping to site.

. The Landscape Contractor shall guarantee all new plantings for a duration of six months. The guarantee period shall begin after the Final inspection and approva 60 day establishment maintenance to be provided upon final approval of landscape installation.

B. Provide an automatically actuated irrigation system for complete coverage. Shrubs & Trees to be irrigated with 1 GPH Pressure compensating drip emitters: 1/1 gallon, 2/5 julion, 4/15 gallon or Natafim. 8 or .9 GPH inline emitters, Bioretemion turf to be Irrigated with MP rotators. Controller to be a Smart controller with Rain Sensor & ETA

8. Planting operations shall conform to the City of Calletoga Water Efficient Landscape Guidelines, WELO, MAWA and WUCOLS IV.





D.





Drawn By: LC Job: 1514WA

|| L2.1





TREES











LARGE SHRUBS

PTITOSPORUM MARJORIE CHANNON

BAMBUSA MULTIPLEX 'ALPHONSE KARR'

ESPALIERED APPLE









PHORMIUM 'AMAZING RED'

MEDIUM SHRUBS

A THE PARTY OF THE

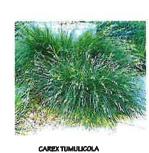
MISCANTHUS TRANSMORRISONENSIS



CHONDROPETALUM TECTORUM









IKIS DOUGLASIANA 'CANYON SNOW'

ACCENTS & GRASSES













NO-MOW BIORETENTION FESCUE TURF

HEUCHERA TALACE PURPLE

GERANIUM BIOCOYA

CISTUS SALVIFOLIUS

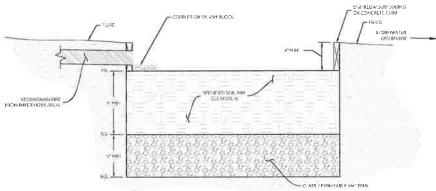
LONICERA HECKROTTIF
VINES

CLEMATIS ARMANDII

JASMINUM POLYANTHUM

BIOSWALE

PERENNIALS & GROUNDCOVERS



ARREVIATIONS

BIORETENTION FACILITY

SYMBOL LEGEND

—⊙ SSMH#

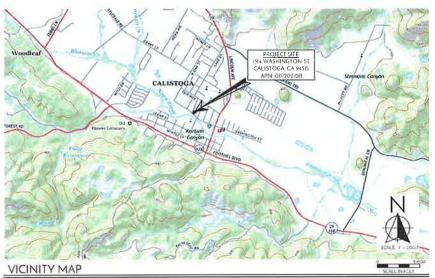
PROJECT STATEMENT

- 3 SITE BENCHMARK DESCRIPTION "CONTROL POINT #899 PKINAL ELEVA" ION = 98/32 (ASSUMED)
- 5 CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT EXISTING SURVEY MONUMENTS OR REPLACE THEM AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

ESTIMA	TED PROJECT EA	ARTHWORK	
	JNADJUSTED OHANTITIES USY:	ADQUSTED CHARTITIES (CV)	
CJT 94/A		65	
FILL N/A		65	
CERMATED NETTEATH (WORK		BALANCED	

CIVIL IMPROVEMENT PLANS FOR: MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING

1514 WASHINGTON ST CALISTOGA, CA, 94515



1407 3RD ST APN: 011-202-016 SITE MAP

SHEET INDEX	PROJECT INFORMATION				
DRIO COVER SHEET DR2O HARDSCAPE PLAN DR21 GRADING PLAN	OWNER	DMJTRI LAKTIONOV 1349 TARAVAL ST SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94116	ARCHITECT:	DAVID KESLER 4739 25TH ST SAN FRANCISCO. CA (510) 710-7910	
	SITE ADDRESS:	1514 WASHINGTON ST CALISTOGA: CA 94515			
	ASSESSOR PARCEL # PARCEL SIZE CITY ZONING	011-202-011 ±0 21 ACRES R-3			
	SURVEYOR	LESCURE ENGINEERS, INC 5468 SKYLANE BLVD 5ANTA ROSA, CA 95403 JOHN PAWSON, PL S 707/575-3427			
	CIVIL ENGINEER	MADRONE ENGINEERING 1485 MAIN STREET. SUITE 302 ST. HELENA CA 94574			

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION





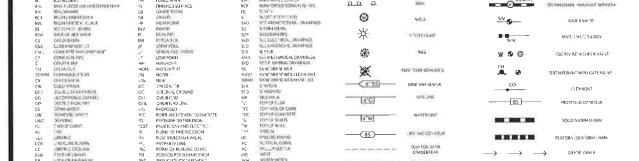
IMPROVEMENT PLANS SHEE COVER

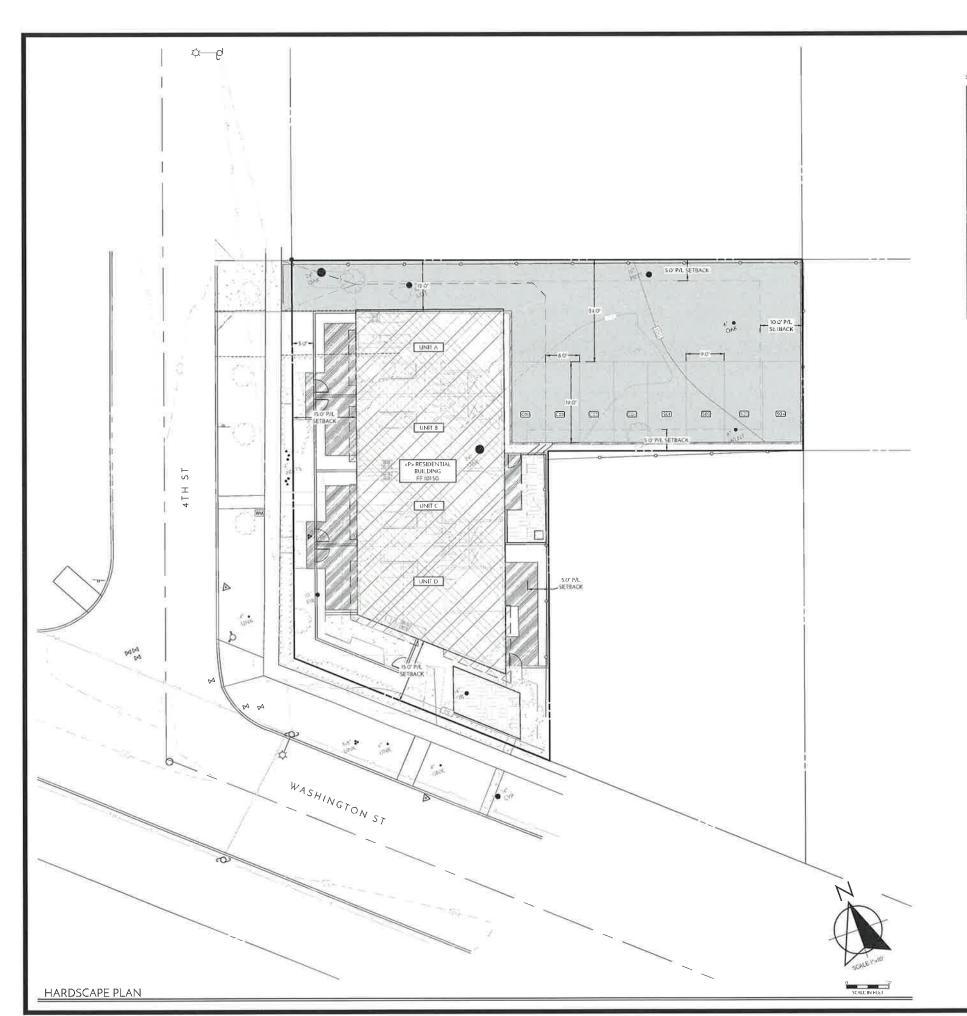
CIVIL





DR1.0





HARDSCAPE LEGEND

Ī	TYPE OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACE	AREA DESCRIPTIONS	AREA (SF)	TYPICAL SECTION	PERVIOUS/ IMPERVIOUS
	BUILDINGS, GARAGES CARPORTS, OTHER STRUCTURES WITH ROOFS	BUILDINGS	2,870	N/A	IMPERVIOUS
		WOOD DECK	765	N/A	IMPERVIOUS
	PATIO, IMPERVIOUS DECKING, PAVERS AND IMPERVIOUS LINERS	CONCRETE	0	N/A	IMPERVIOUS
	SIDEWALKS AND PATHS	CONCRETE	360	4" CONC OVER 4" CL 2 AB	IMPERVIOUS
	PARKING/DRIVEWAY	ASPHALT CONCRETE	3,570	2 5" AC OVER 6 0" CL 2 AB	IMPERVIOUS
	OFF-SITE IMPERVIOUS IMPROVEMENTS	CONCRETE	210	5" CONC OVER 4" CL 2 AB	IMPERVIOUS
	OTHER PERVIOUS SURFACE	DECOMPOSED GRANITE	0	N/A	PERVIOUS
		PLANTING	0	N/A	PERVIOUS
		Lawn	0	N/A	PERVIOUS
		BIORETENTION	314	N/A	PERVIOUS
		TOTAL	8,089		

TOTAL NEW/RECONSTRUCTED IMPERVIOUS AREA | TOTAL DISTURBED SOIL AREA

-9 000 SF (0 21 AC)

A CONTROLLED CONTROLLE





CIVIL IMPROVEMENT PLANS HARDSCAPE PLAN

JLTI-FAMILY HOUSING 1514 WASHINGTON ST CALISTOGA, CA 94515





DATE ISSUE C4/27/18 DESIGN REVIE

par.

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NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

