CITY OF



CALISTOGA, CALIFORNIA



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY OF CALISTOGA, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Prepared by the Administrative Services Department

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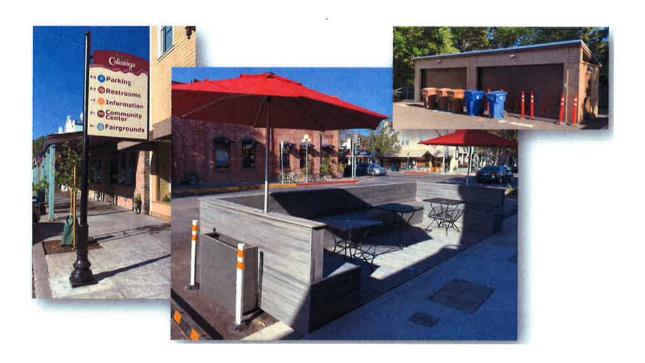
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



WAY SIGNS, PARKLET AND DUMPSTER ENCLOSURE

CITY OF CALISTOGA

1232 Washington Street • Calistoga, CA 94515 707.942.2800

December 31, 2019



The Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of Calistoga

We hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, or CAFR, of the City of Calistoga for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The fiscal year covers financial transactions from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 on a modified or full accrual basis, depending on the fund type. The City follows a policy of preparing a complete set of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America after the end of each fiscal year. An independent licensed certified public accounting firm audits these financial statements.

City management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. We have established a comprehensive internal control framework that when followed, is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to provide sufficient reliable information for the City of Calistoga's financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The cost of internal controls should not out-weigh associated benefits and the internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Auditor's Report Summary

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc., a licensed and certified public accounting firm, has audited the City of Calistoga's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Calistoga for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and; evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. R.J. Ricciardi, Inc., has concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified audit opinion that the City of Calistoga's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This CAFR contains financial information and data using the new financial reporting format established for governments by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB sets accounting and financial reporting standards for governments in the United States of America. The financial reporting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Calistoga's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY AND ITS OPERATIONS

The City of Calistoga was incorporated in 1886 as a general law city in the County of Napa, State of California. The City is established as a Council-Manager form of local government and governed by an elected Mayor and a four-member City Council. The Council is responsible, among other matters, for passing ordinances, adopting the City budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with two members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term.

The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the daily operations of the City, hiring department directors, appointing all other employees and otherwise managing daily operations of the City.

The City of Callstoga provides a full range of services including; police and fire protection; planning activities, code enforcement and building inspections; parks facilities, aquatics and recreation programs; construction and maintenance of streets, public buildings and other infrastructure facilities; cemetery, water production and distribution; and wastewater collection, treatment and recycling. The City Council also exercises oversight of Calistoga Public Facilities Corporation; a non-profit public benefit corporation for the financing of City facilities and equipment, and this component unit is included in the City's financial statements as part of the primary governmental reporting entity.

The City of Calistoga is located about 75 miles north of San Francisco in the northern part of Napa County. The City is approximately 2.6 square miles with an estimated population of 5,453 as of January 1, 2019. However, an additional surrounding population of 2,000 to 3,000 is considered part of the greater Calistoga community. The 2010 US Census reflects an ethnic diversity with 49% of the population white, 49% Hispanic and 2% other non-white. The median age is 38.2 years and almost 25% of the population is over 60 years. The median income is \$50,128 with an estimated 30% employed in management, professional or related occupations, 31% in services, 13.5% in sales or office and 25.5% in other occupations. An estimated 85% have a high school education and 29% have a bachelor's degree or higher. Of the 2,295 housing units an estimated 24% are mobile homes. The City has a diverse population with income, housing and employment reflecting a tourist, wine producing and retirement community.

The Napa Valley is one of the world's premier grape growing and wine producing regions and draws thousands of tourists each year to the area. Samuel Brannan, a California pioneer and entrepreneur, founded the Calistoga community in 1860's, as a tourist health resort with the natural geothermal water in the area. The City's primary economic base is still tourism. The vineyards and commercial wineries, fine shops, cafes and restaurants, world famous mineral hot springs and tourist accommodations featuring mud baths and spa treatments and scenic valley mountains, all combine to make the City of Calistoga a place to visit for tourists from around the world. The mild climate and beauty of the area has also drawn retirees to three large mobile home parks in the City.

DISCUSSION OF FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the CAFR is perhaps best understood when it is considered in relationship to the City's specific environment and the City's plans.

Local Economy

As discussed previously, the City of Calistoga's local economy is primarily related to agriculture, wine production, tourism and health services. The City has a stable assessed valuation base which continues increasing property tax revenue collections. The taxable sales base is primarily centered on restaurants and other tourist related products. The 36 lodging facilities range from small bed and breakfasts inns to large resorts with geothermal spas and other health treatments. These lodging facilities generate the largest single source of annual revenue to the City from transient occupancy tax, in addition to generation of sales and property tax.

About 75% of the City's general fund revenues come from the local transient occupancy tax, sales tax, and property taxes. As the City looks ahead to Fiscal Year 2019-2020, City management is encouraged by indicators that the local economy will continue to grow.

Budget

The City's budget serves as the base for the City's financial planning and control systems. The annual budget begins on July 1st and ends on June 30th and is approved by City Council every May or June. Throughout the fiscal year, City Council reviews and updated budget projections to ensure fiscal accountability. All City departments submit budget updates and requests to the City Manager each spring in preparation of the budget. The City Manager uses this information, as well as revenue and expenditure forecasts, to develop a proposed budget. The City Manager presents a proposed budget to the City Council in May or June. The City Council holds public hearings on the proposed budget, provides input and feedback and then finally adopts an annual budget resolution. The budget is adopted by fund at the department and project levels. The Council periodically reviews during the fiscal year the City's actual financial activity in relationship to the original budget, and as necessary amends the original budget to reflect changing conditions.

Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund's comparison, a major fund under the new reporting standards, is presented as required supplementary information in a separate section of this report immediately following the notes to the financial statements. For the City's other governmental-type funds a budget to actual comparison schedule is presented as optional information in the section of this report containing combining financial statements and individual fund schedules,

Long-Term Financial Planning

In 2020, the City expects a modest revenue growth from transient occupancy and sales taxes. Improvements and rehabilitation of existing lodging facilities accompanied with the addition of new facilities brought in additional transient occupancy tax from the prior year. There was an increase of 9% in transient occupancy tax partly due to the Tubbs fire in the month of October 2017 as the City evacuated all its residents and businesses were closed during the month of October.

The City experienced a net taxable value increase of 6.0% for the Fiscal Year 2018-19 tax roll, which was somewhat more than the increase experienced countywide at 5.0%. The assessed value increase between Fiscal Year 2017-18 and Fiscal Year 2018-19 was \$59.1 million. The change attributed to the 2% Proposition 13 inflation adjustment was \$17.9 million, which accounted for 30% of all growth experienced in the City.

Transfers of ownership and new improvements were the drivers of individual parcel growth between roll years. The largest assessed value increase was reported on a commercial parcel owned by Silver Rose Property Owner LP. The parcel, which is the site of the Four Seasons, has been reappraised adding over \$4.4 million to the roll. The parcel owned by Solage Owners LLC added \$1.5 million in value due to the 2% CPI growth. The sale of one residential parcel increased in value by \$1.4 million.

The housing market has fully recovered from the recent recession in many urban and coastal areas of the State while housing recovery has tended to lag in more rural and inland areas. Current median home prices are at or above the pre-recession peak value in many areas. Affordability and inventory constraints are the main contributor to increases in home prices over the last year. The median sales price of a detached single-family residential home in Calistoga from January through September 2018 was \$700,000. This represents a \$1,000 (-.1%) decrease in median sale price from 2017.

The City has a very stable property valuation base due to the growth management program and the nature of the community housing stock and ownership. However, even with the economic cautions, a conservative projection of slight growth in the primary general fund revenue sources should be sufficient to fund the projected growth in general municipal operations.

For Fiscal Year 2018-19, the City's general fund will have a fund balance of about \$7.9 million as compared to \$8.3 million in June 2018. Of the \$8.3 million approximately \$.7 million is non-spendable. The remaining \$7.1 million is available for spending in Fiscal Year 2018-19.

The reason for the decrease in the general fund balance was due to the increase in free recreation programs offered, legal costs and day-to-day operations and maintenance of city programs.

The City contributed \$1.0 million in May 2019 to CalPERS which was applied to the accrued and unfunded liabilities of the City's pension programs. It is not unusual to have an unfunded liability; however, it does cost the City in the long run. A portion of the unfunded liability is made up of a "Side Fund", a fund that was set up to account for the amount that the City is underfunded in excess of the risk pool in which we participate. The City is in a risk pool with all other organizations of under 100 employees that provide the same retirement benefit as we do (2.5% @ 55 for miscellaneous first tier and 3% @ 55 for Safety, first tier).

Since Fiscal Year 2012-13 the City has been setting aside funds in an employee future benefits fund to apply towards the unfunded CalPERS liability. The City has made three payments towards the unfunded liability; \$1.8 million in May 2017 and \$1.0 million in May 2018 and May 2019. By making these payments towards the side fund the City will reduce the annual payment of both safety and miscellaneous.

At June 30, 2018 the net pension liability amount was \$10.5 million and at June 30, 2019 the amount is \$9.3 million. By contributing \$1.0 million in Fiscal Year 2018-19 the net pension liability decreased by \$1.2 million. In addition, the biggest single factor affecting the net pension liability was the risk pool's experience loss. This would have increased the City's net pension liability for the year, but it was offset by a small investment gain (assets earned 8.4% for the year or 1.25% more than expected) and favorable changes in actuarial assumptions. The City continues to set aside \$500K per year to address the net pension liability amount.

For Fiscal Year 2018-19 the City had an operating income loss of \$0.2 million for the enterprise funds as compared to \$0.9 million in Fiscal Year 2017-18. The decrease was attributable to increase in utility rates and one-time revenues. The Feige Water Tank Project, Phase 1 of the Riverside Pond design and upgrades to the recycle pump station was completed in Fiscal Year 2018-19. City staff is awaiting grant award approvals in an amount not to exceed \$14 million. If successful, some of the projects to be undertaken will include Kimball Intake and Drain Valve, Scada upgrades, Dunaweal Pump station and Conn Creek Waterline relocation.

The City's Fiscal Year 2019-20 Budget continues to present realistic projections of revenues and expenditures and makes that information more readily available regarding City budgeting decisions and financial resources. The City is maintaining, and in some cases improving, its level of service in key areas following significant budget reductions in previous fiscal years. The City continues its strong practice of maintaining adequate reserves to guard against unforeseen circumstances and to provide flexibility to the Council for unanticipated budget needs and opportunities.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Calistoga for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements. The City has received the award for the last seven fiscal years since June 30, 2012.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and other departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the City Council and the Management staff for their continued support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Calistoga's financial affairs.

Respectfully submitted,

Markoul Kin

Michael Kirn City Manager Gloria Leon Administrative Services Director/City Treasurer

CITY OF CALISTOGA, CALIFORNIA PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Elected Officials

City Council

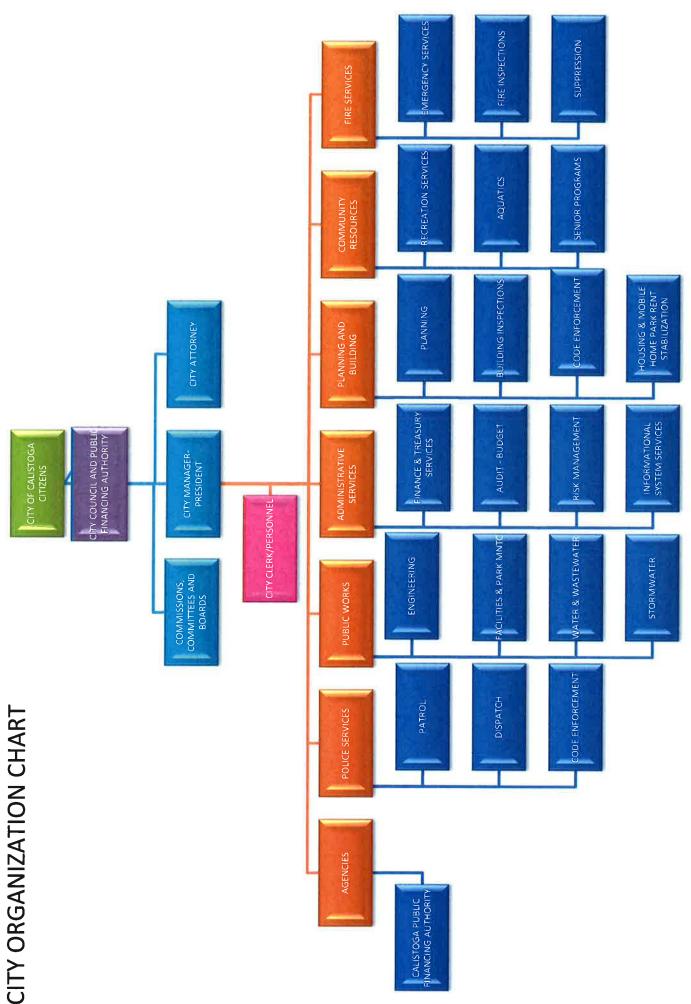
Chris Canning Michael Dunsford Gary Kraus Irais Lopez-Ortega Donald Williams Mayor Vice Mayor Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember

Appointed Officials

City Management Staff

Michael Kirn
Michelle Marchetta Kenyon
Mitch Celaya
Lynn Goldberg
Steve Campbell
Irene Camacho-Werby
Gloria Leon
Michael Kirn, P.E.

City Manager
City Attorney
Police Chief
Planning & Building Director
Fire Chief
City Clerk
Administrative Services Director/City Treasurer
City Engineer & Public Works Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Calistoga California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Movill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT



LAKE AND SPRING STREETS

R. J. RICCIARDI, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Calistoga Calistoga, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calistoga, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calistoga's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to City of Calistoga's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calistoga's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calistoga, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Calistoga - Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which follows this report letter, and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise of the City of Calistoga's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information and statistical section as identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019, on our consideration of City of Calistoga's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calistoga's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R. J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California December 27, 2019

This section of the *City of Calistoga's* annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the City's accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to these financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by about \$5.4 million over Fiscal Year 2017-18 after conducting all City operations. This was due to overall increased city-wide revenues from all governmental and business-type activities and assets exceeding liabilities.
- As of June 30, 2019, the assets of the City's Governmental Activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$34.1 million (net position). Of that amount \$24.5 million was invested in capital assets net of related debt. Restricted funds account for \$8.8 million for capital projects, public safety, streets and housing. Unrestricted net position is about \$.8 million.
- City total assets increased by \$3.6 million to \$81.8 million, of which \$45.5 million represented governmental assets and \$36.3 million represented business-type assets.
- City total liabilities decreased by \$4.3 million to \$29.4 million, of which \$13.3 million were governmental liabilities and \$16.1 were business-type liabilities. Primary reason for decrease is repayment of annual debt service and \$1.0 million contribution to net pension liability.
- Overall City-wide revenues from all governmental and business-type activities increased by \$0.1 million compared to Fiscal Year 2017-18 for a total of \$24.1 million. Charges for Services increased by \$0.6 million; Transient occupancy taxes increased by \$0.5 million and property, sales and other taxes increased by \$0.2 million. Business-type activity revenues from grants and contributions increased by \$1.7 million from the prior year.
- The City's total expense from all programs in Fiscal Year 2018-19 increased by \$1.1 million compared to Fiscal Year 2017-18. This was due in large part to the increase in free recreation programs offered, legal costs, and day-to-day operations and maintenance in all city departments.
- City's total deferred outflow of resources decreased by \$.5 million to \$5.2 million, of which \$3.7 million represented governmental outflows and \$1.5 million represented business-type outflows. During fiscal year 2018-19, the City recorded a prior year adjustment to the business-type outflows to account for the loss on refunding of old debt in the amount of \$72,175 in compliance with GASB 23.
- City's total deferred inflow of resources increased by \$.7 million as a result of the accrual of pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) related amounts. More information on pension and OPEB accounting can be found in the Notes starting on page 46.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$7.9 million at the end of the Fiscal Year 2018-19. Of this amount \$.7 million is non-spendable.
- The City business-type funds ended Fiscal Year 2018-19 with net position of \$21.1 million, most of which is invested in the water and wastewater facilities and systems (net of related debt).
- The City business-type funds ended the Fiscal Year 2018-19 with an operating income loss of \$0.2
 million as compared to a loss of \$0.9 million in Fiscal Year 2017-18. Increased utility rates offset the
 income loss.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of five parts – a management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and budget to actual comparison statements and a statistical section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services like public safety, general government, community services, public works and other services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- o *Proprietary fund* statements offer *short-* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates, such as the City's water/wastewater systems.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our non-major funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. Also included are optional budgetary comparison statements for the City's non-major governmental funds.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Major Features of City of Calistoga

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Sta	atements
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire City government	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, streets, general government, and community services	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: the water and wastewater systems
Required financial statements	> Statement of net position > Statement of activities	> Balance sheet > Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	> Statement of net position > Statement of revenues expenses, and changes in net position > Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements present the total financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *the entire* City's' assets and liabilities. All the current

year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the City's financial health, or *position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are reported in two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, police, fire, streets, public works, and community services. Property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, special and other taxes, user charges and fees and state, local and federal grants finance these activities.
- Business-Type activities The City charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services. The City's water and wastewater enterprises are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

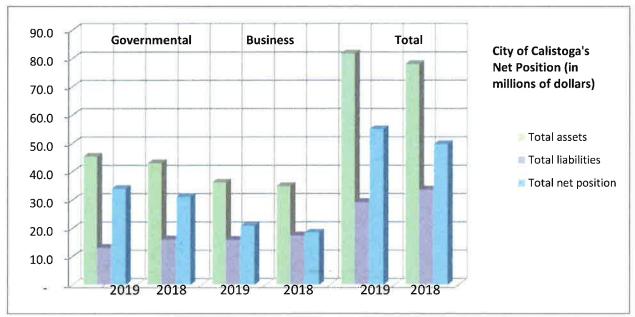
- The City's major governmental funds, the General Fund, HOME Grant Fund, CDBG Open Grant Fund and Capital Lease Projects Funds are reported in separate columns and all other non-major governmental funds are aggregated in a single column. The City's water and wastewater funds are reported separately each as a major fund.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as restricted donations). Some funds are maintained to demonstrate that the City is properly using certain specific fees for their intended purpose (such as landscape maintenance fees).
- Other funds are maintained for similar purposes but in addition demonstrate the City's ability to repay its long-term debt obligations, such as capital lease obligations

The City has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds The City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences).
- Proprietary funds The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements; the City's water and wastewater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Calistoga's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles and equipment. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund statements provide separate information for the City's water and wastewater operations, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The internal service funds are presented in a separate column alongside the totals for the City's proprietary enterprise funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position. The City's combined net position increased by \$5.4 million between Fiscal Year 2017-18 and Fiscal Year 2018-19 to \$55.2 million.



		ı	Cit	Ta y of Calist (in millio	_	Net Po		tion				
	G	overnmen	tal	Activities	Busin	ıess-typ	oe A	Activities	Fiscal Ye	ar To	otals	Total Percentage Change
		2019		2018	20	19		2018	2019	2	018	2018 to 2019
Current and other assets	\$	18.1	\$	18.5	\$	2.8	\$	3.6	\$ 20.9	\$	22.1	-5.4%
Capital assets		27.4		24.6		33.5		31.4	60.9		56.0	8.7%
Total assets		45.5		43.1		36.3		35.0	81.8		78.1	4.7%
Deferred outflows- loss of refunding	Ī	-		3. # 3		0.1		:=:	0.1		_	
Deferred outflows - pension		3.7		4.1		1.4		1.5	5.1		5.6	-8.3%
Deferred outflows - OPEB	(-	0.1		0.1					0.1		0.1	0.0%
Long-term debt outstanding		2.5		2.8		12.1		12.9	14.6		15.7	-7.0%
Other liabilities	_	10.8		13.4		4.0		4.7	14.8		18.1	-18.2%
Total liabilities		13.3		16.2		16.1		17.6	29.4		33.8	-13.0%
Deferred inflows - pension		1.3		1.1		0.6		0.4	1.8		1.4	0.0%
Deferred inflows - OPEB		0.5		0.2		-		:=:	0.5		0.2	0.0%
Net position Net Invested in capital										_		
assets		24.5		21.4		20.6		17.6	45.1		39.0	15.7%
Restricted		8.8		8.4		=			8.8		8.4	4.5%
Unrestricted		0.8		1.4		0.4		1.0	1.3		2.4	-46.7%
Total net position	-\$	34.1	\$	31.2	\$	21.1	\$	18.6	\$ 55.2	\$	49.8	10.8%
**due to rounding figures are not e.	xact	2										

Changes in Net Position

The City's Fiscal Year 2018-19 total revenues of \$24.1 million was the same as Fiscal Year 2017-18. There was an increase of 7.1% for charges for services, due to increased utility rates; 55.8% more in operating grants and contributions due to Measure T and SB1 Road Maintenance grants; and a 9% increase in transient occupancy tax due to the Tubbs fire in the month of October 2017 and extending into November with less hotel stays. During Fiscal Year 2018-19 approximately 40% of the City's total revenue came from various taxes including property, sales, and transient occupancy as opposed to a total of 37% in Fiscal Year 2017-18. Property taxes increased by 7%, whereby the City received \$0.2 million, a one-time educational revenue augmentation (ERAF) payment. The total cost of all programs and services in Fiscal Year 2018-19 was \$18.8 million an increase of 6.2% from Fiscal Year 2017-18 and includes a wide range of services such as police and fire protection, streets, public works, general administration, community services, water and wastewater operations. Largest contributors to the increase was general government, community services, recreation services and public works. (See Table A-2).

				Table /	A-2								
	Change	es in th	ne C	ity of Ca	listo	ga's Ne	t P	osition					
			(in	millions o	f dol	lars)							
	Gove	ernment	al A	ctivities	Bus	siness-typ	e A	.ctivities		Fiscal Ye	ar To	tals	Total Percentage Change
	20	19		2018	2	019		2018		2019	2	018	2018 to 201
Revenues													
Program revenues													
Charges for services	\$	2.1	\$	2.4	\$	6.1	\$	5.2	\$	8.2	\$	7.6	7.19
Operating Grants and contributions		2.4		1.6		**		:#0		2.4		1.6	55.89
Capital Grants and contributions		0.4		4.6		2.5		0.8		2.9		5.4	-46.89
General revenues													
Transient occupancy taxes		6.4		5.9		*		·		6.4		5.9	9.09
Property, Sales and other taxes		3.7		3.5		+				3.7		3.5	
Other		0.4		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.6		0.1	292.99
*Total revenues		15.4		17.9		8.7		6.1		24.1		24.1	0.09
Expenses													98.00
General government		2.6		2.1						2.6		2.1	23.0
Public safety		5.0		4.8				57		5.0		4.8	
Community services		8.0		0.7		1.00		0.70		8.0		0.7	
Housing		0.4		0.6		ē.		(==		0.4		0.6	
Recreation services		0.5		0.4		: -		5/20		0.5		0.4	
Public works		1.9		1.6		-		15		1.9		1.6	
Planning & building		0.8		0.9						0.8		0.9	
Water		:=		X.e.		3.6		3.5		3.6		3.5	
Wastewater						3.1		3.0		3.1		3.0	
Other		0.1		0.1						0.1		0.1	-1015
**Total expenses	\	12.2		11.2		6.6		6.5		18.8		17.7	6.2
Excess (deficiency) before transfers and	JIE -					0.4		(0.4)		5.3		6.4	-17.0
Special Items		3.2		6.8		2.1		(0.4)		5.3		0.0	
Transfers		(0.4)		0.0		0.4		0.0		-		6.4	
Increase(decrease) in net position		2.9		6.8		2.4		(0.4)		5.3 49.8		6.4 44.6	
Net position, beginning		31.2		25.6		18.6		19.0 0.0		49.8 0.1		(1.2)	
Prior Period Adjustment	_	0.0		(1.2)	_	0.1	•		6				
**Net position, ending	\$	34.1	\$	31.2	\$	21.1	\$	18.6	\$	55.2	\$	49.8	10.7

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

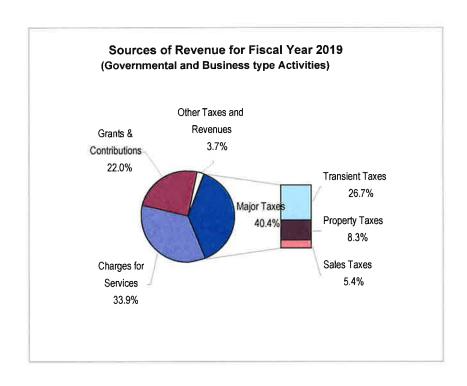
Total revenues from all governmental type activities in Fiscal Year 2018-19 remained stable at \$24.1 million compared to \$24.1 million in Fiscal Year 2017-18. In Fiscal Year 2018-19 the City saw an increase of 7.1% in charges for services, 55.8% more in operating grants and contributions, 46.8% less in capital grants and 9% more in transient occupancy tax. In addition, there was a 7.4% increase in property taxes, 3.5% more in sales tax and 293% more in one-time miscellaneous revenues. Measure provided \$.8 million for the Grant Street Drainage Project.

As the graph below shows, the City's primary sources of revenue come from charges for services and tax revenues. About 74% of all City revenues are from taxes, water sales, wastewater fees, and local charges for services.

When all operations were concluded, the governmental activities function reported a change of \$3.2 million in net position. When compared to Fiscal Year 2017-18 overall expenses for Fiscal Year 2018-19 were \$1.0 million more. The increase in expenses was due to increases in public safety, recreation services, general government and public works.

Net position of business type-activities increased by \$2.4 million due to more capital grants and contributions available. City staff was successful in applying and being awarded capital grants and contributions which includes Measure A funds in the amount of \$0.8 million for the Kimball Dam Tower project. In addition, the City received grants from Office of Emergency Services in the amount of \$1.2 million for the Feige Tank project and \$0.2 million for the Riverside Pond project.

During fiscal year 2018-19, the City reported a prior period adjustment in the amount of the \$72,175 to the enterprise fund balances to account for the loss on refunding of old debt as of June 30, 2019 in compliance with GASB 23.



The majority of the City's operating expenses are incurred to provide public safety, water and wastewater services. These three programs account for 62.0% of the City's total operating expenses in Fiscal Year 2018-19.

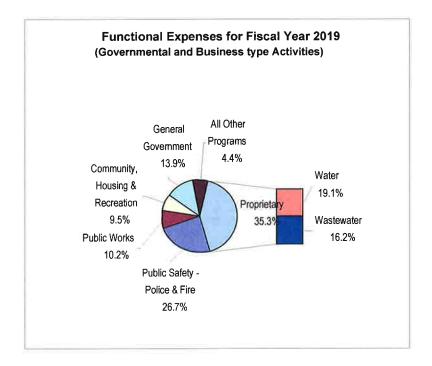


Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the City's three largest programs – public safety, water and wastewater. The cost of all programs this year was \$ 18.8 million, compared to \$ 17.7 million in Fiscal Year 2017-18; approximately an overall 6.2% increase for the year. There were increases in water and wastewater due primarily to purchase of water and day-to-day operations. For all other departments the increase was due to employee cost of living adjustments and increases in benefits.

	Ta	able A-	3		
Cost of	City of	Calist	oga	Programs	
(i	n millio	ons of	doll	ars)	
					Total
					Percentage
	Change				
	20	19	2018 to 2019		
Public Safety	\$	5.0	\$	4.9	2.0%
General Government		2.6		2.1	23.8%
Public Works		1.9		1.6	18.8%
Water		3.6		3.5	2.9%
Wastewater		3.1		3.0	3.3%
All other		2.6		2.6	0.0%
Total	\$	18.8		\$17.7	6.2%

Governmental Activities

Users and contributors funded \$4.8 million of the \$12.2 million in costs of city's governmental activity programs leaving the City general revenues to fund the other \$7.4 million. General revenues were sufficient to pay for these services. The expense of governmental services was absorbed by:

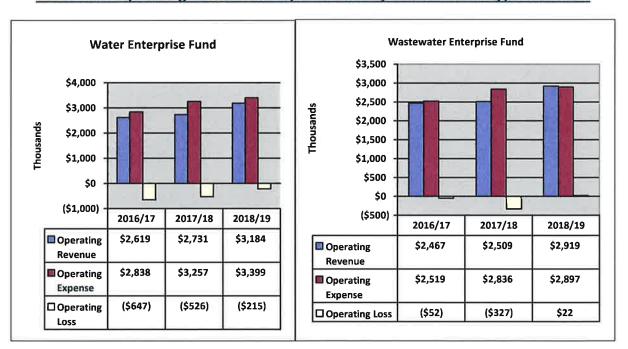
- Those who directly benefited from or used the programs (about \$2.0 million), and
- Other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (approximately \$2.8 million).

The City ended the fiscal year with a change in net position of \$2.8 million in the governmental activities as compared to \$6.8 million in fiscal year 2017-18. The reason for the large decrease was that in fiscal year 2017-18 the City received a grant in the amount of \$4.6 million for the Berry Street project.

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities (water and wastewater) had a change in net position of \$2.4 million during the fiscal year. Total revenue for the business-type activities was \$8.6 million comprised of \$2.5 million in capital grants and contributions and \$6.1 million in charges for services. Total program revenues increased by 42% in Fiscal Year 2018-19 when compared to Fiscal Year 2017-18. This was due to receiving in Fiscal Year 2018-19 \$2.5 million in one-time impact fees and increases in rates.

Total expenses for the year were \$6.6 million, an increase of \$0.1 million from the prior year. This is due to increases in purchasing of water and day-to-day operations and maintenance.



Three Year Operating Revenue & Expense History for Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities should generate enough revenue to cover the cost of operations and capital needs, however in past years the City has transferred general government revenue to the water and wastewater enterprise funds to subsidize the rates. The operating expenses and capital costs of the business enterprises are continuing to rise, primarily due to state regulations and the increases to the cost to purchase water supply.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balance of \$16.7 million which is \$0.03 million less than was reported at the end of Fiscal Year 2017-18. Of this amount \$.7 million is legally restricted for specific purposes by enabling legislation or external funding source providers and \$8.8 million are committed for specific purposes by the City Council. The unearned revenue balances of \$5.5 million for the Home grant fund, CDBG open grant fund and Other governmental funds are being classified as restricted fund balances for affordable housing programs. The remaining \$7.1 million is unassigned fund balance available for spending at the City's discretion but is also subject to Council-established policies for future contingencies.

The following are the major funds that either qualified under the reporting criteria or were important to financial statement users:

General Fund - The general fund had an increase of \$0.5 million in revenues as compared to Fiscal Year 2017-18 and the costs of the City's general fund operations were \$9,443 less than general fund revenues. After transfers in and out, the general fund reported a net (\$0.4) million decrease in fund balance for Fiscal Year 2018-19 as compared to \$0.2 million decrease in Fiscal Year 2017-18. This was primarily due to an increase of 4.7% in general fund operations.

At year end, the City's general fund had a fund balance of \$7.9 million as compared to \$8.3 million in Fiscal Year 2017-18. Of that amount \$.7 million is non-spendable. The City made a contribution of \$1.0 million to the unfunded pension liability for both the miscellaneous and safety groups for future retirement benefits. The City's general fund at June 30, 2019 had \$6.0 million in cash and investments as compared to \$5.5 million cash and investments available in Fiscal Year 2017-18.

The general fund had a transfer out of \$1.9 million to cover debt service lease payments, reserves for unfunded public employee retirement system benefits, water capital improvement fund and to the equipment replacement fund. In addition, the general fund transferred \$250,000 to the water operations fund to ensure debt service coverage was met as required by lending institutions.

Home Grant Fund- This fund was established to account for a HOME loan between the City and Palisades Investors, L.P. in the original amount of \$3,197,184 bearing interest at 3% per annum. Payments of principal and interest are due annually from excess/distributable cash with the entire principal and interest due in 2064. The objectives and intent of the HOME program is to provide decent affordable housing to lower-income household, strengthen the ability of state and local governments to provide housing; expand the capacity of non-profit housing providers; and leverage private sector participation. The City, at June 30, 2019, had \$3.8 million in notes receivables in the HOME grant fund.

CDBG Open Grant Fund – This fund was established to provide "silent" second mortgages to eligible families for assistance in purchasing their first house. The City currently holds 17 first time homebuyer notes with a fund balance of \$1.2 million at June 30, 2019. Maximum loan amounts for second mortgages were set at \$250,000 by the California Department of Housing and Community Development. The City mortgages are financed as a deferred payment loan. Loans are due upon sale or transfer of title or when the borrower no longer occupies the home as his/her principal residence.

Capital Lease Project Fund – This fund was established in 2007 in the amount of \$4.7 million to account for capital improvements for the City, including public safety improvements, infrastructure, public recreational facilities and other public works projects. Amounts in this fund are held by Deutsche

Bank National Trust and are held, disbursed and returned when reimbursements for projects are completed. The fund has a balance of \$0.08 million at June 30, 2019 for completion of projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council made various revisions to the City budget. The budget amendments fall into two categories: changes made during the year for unanticipated appropriations and at the year end review for adjustments in revenues and costs and increases in appropriations to better reflect operations and improvements during the year.

Excluding budgeted transfers in Fiscal Year 2018-19 general fund revenues came in at about \$.06 million more than the final amended budget as a result of one-time ERAF property tax payment in the amount of \$.03 million; sales tax, \$.08 million; interest earnings \$.10 million; transient occupancy taxes, \$.05 million; and charges for services,\$.09 million. There was a difference of \$.02 million projected between the original budget and the final budget.

Actual general fund expenditures were \$.16 million less than the final amended budget. There were small changes from budgeted to actual for risk management claims paid, police dispatch services, fire emergency services and the building department.

The City Council approved a \$1.0 million payment to CalPERS for net pension liability and 100% of it was allocated to the general fund. At June 30, 2018 the net pension liability amount was \$10.5 million and at June 30, 2019 the amount is \$9.3 million. By contributing \$1.0 million in Fiscal Year 2018-19 the net pension liability decreased by \$1.2 million. In addition, the biggest single factor affecting the net pension liability was the risk pool's experience loss. This would have increased the City's net pension liability for the year, but it was offset by a small investment gain (assets earned 8.4% for the year or 1.25% more than expected) and favorable changes in actuarial assumptions. The City continues to set aside \$500K per year to address the net pension liability amount. In addition, unanticipated overtime and contract services for public safety at the end of the fiscal year contributed to actual expenditures exceeding final budgeted expenditures. The detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund can be found on page 57 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of Fiscal Year 2018-19, the City had invested \$60.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including land, vehicles, equipment, the water system, wastewater system and other capital assets. (See Table A-4) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of about \$4.9 million, or 8.8%, more than Fiscal Year 2017-18.

This year's major capital assets additions included:

In Fiscal Year 2018-19, the City added \$0.3 million to land by purchasing property on Earl Street for future housing development projects. Some of the improvement projects that were undertaken during the year was the repaving and reconstruction of Spring, Lake, Grant, Cedar and Washington Streets for a total of \$.9 million all paid through the general fund.

The Feige Water Tank Project, Phase 1 of the Riverside Pond design and upgrades to the recycle pump station was completed in Fiscal Year 2018-19 and staff is awaiting grant awards over \$14 million for the Kimball Intake & Drain Valve, Scada upgrades, Dunaweal Pump station and Conn Creek Waterline relocation. A total of \$.9 million was transferred from construction in progress to completed projects during Fiscal Year 2018-19 for business type activities. An additional \$.4 million was transferred from construction in progress to completed projects during Fiscal Year 2018-19 for the governmental activities.

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found under Capital Assets, Section D Pages 37 through Pages 39 under the notes to the financial statements.

The following table provides information on the City's capital assets.

				T	able	A-4						
			-	f Calist epreciat	_							
	Gov	ernment	al Acti	ivities	Busi	iness-typ	e Act	ivities	Fiscal Ye	ar T	otals	Total Percentage Change
	20)19	20	018	20	19	2	018	2019		2018	2018 to 2019
Land	\$	3.7	\$	3.4	\$	2.8	\$	2.8	\$ 6.5	\$	6.2	4.8%
Construction in progress		0.1		0.6		1.1		1.3	1.2		1.9	-36.8%
Buildings		1.4		1.3					1.4		1.3	7.7%
Internal service equipment		1,3		0.4					1.3		0.4	225.0%
Improvements		20.8		18.9					20.8		18.9	10.1%
Water utility system		-		-		17.4		14.8	17.4		14.8	17.6%
Wastewater system		(=)				12.3		12.5	12.3		12.5	-1.6%
Total	\$	27.3	\$	24.6	\$	33.6	\$	31.4	\$ 60.9	\$	56.0	8.8%

Long Term Debt

At the end of Fiscal Year 2018-19, the City had \$15.8 million in long-term debt and capital lease obligations outstanding. Of the \$15.8 million, approximately 82% relates to the City's business-type activities, mainly the water and wastewater systems, and the remaining 18% is applicable to governmental type financing activities.

In the business-type activities the City made all required payments of principal and interest on its obligations in the amount of \$1.1 million. Additional information about the City's capital leases and long-term obligations can be found under Capital Leases, Section E Pages 39 and 40 and Long-Term Debt Section F on Pages 40 through Pages 44 under the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

For the Fiscal Year 2019-20, general fund revenue projections continue to be conservative and based on known changes in on going revenues from taxes and one-time capital grants.

Budget projections for Fiscal Year 2019-20 revenues excluding transfers are projected at 1.5% less as compared to Fiscal Year 2018-19 budget projections for a total of \$11.7 million. Several factors contributing to the decrease are less revenues for charges for services due to less building activity and other one-time revenues. Occupancy tax, property, tax and sales tax comprise 80 percent or \$9.4 million of the City's general fund revenue. Outside of the additional revenues transient occupancy revenues have been projected conservatively due to uncertainty in the economy and the impact it may have on local government. The residents of the City of Calistoga voted and passed in November 2018 a special tax measure that will add an additional \$500K to affordable housing programs and services including, without limitation, land acquisition, land donation, building rehabilitation and providing housing subsidies to lower income residents.

- The General Fund Fiscal Year 2019-20 budgeted operating appropriations adopted are \$10.7 million as compared to the final Fiscal Year 2018-19 appropriations of \$10.2 million. The \$0.5 million increase is due to public safety, deferred maintenance, contract services and personnel costs.
- The General Fund appropriations for capital projects for Fiscal Year 2019-20 is \$1.8 million.
 This includes \$1.0 million budgeted for pavement maintenance; \$.8 million for sidewalk
 improvements, paving the public works yard, Logvy park improvements, community pool
 improvements, replace culvert access road to the Feige Tank and Pioneer Cemetery
 improvements.
- The general fund will be transferring out \$1.0 million for debt service, employee unfunded pension liabilities and equipment replacement fund.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please see the City Website at www.ci.calistoga.ca.us or contact the Administrative Services Director/City Treasurer (City of Calistoga, 1232 Washington Street, Calistoga, California 94515, 707-942-2803 or finance@ci.calistoga.ca.us).

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	-		
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,333,295		\$ 10,632,225
Net receivables	2,742,576		3,806,361
Prepayment	107,644		107,644
Total current assets	11,183,515	3,362,715	14,546,230
Noncurrent assets:			
Internal balances	659,384	(659,384)	***
Receivables-long-term	6,273,499	16,941	6,290,440
Nondepreciable assets	3,796,395	3,884,954	7,681,349
Depreciable assets, net	23,577,706	29,661,656	53,239,362
Total capital assets, net	27,374,101	33,546,610	60,920,711
Total noncurrent assets	34,306,984	32,904,167	67,211,151
Total assets	45,490,499	36,266,882	81,757,381
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources - loss of refunding		69,315	69,315
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	3,680,136	1,393,346	5,073,482
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	61,775		61,775
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,741,911	1,462,661	5,204,572
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	004 707	005.000	4 407 407
Accounts payable	931,507		1,137,127
Accrued liabilities	5,085		5,085
Compensated absences	285,524		382,036
Deposits	117,946 29,668		318,854 143,433
Accrued interest payable Accrued expenses	29,000	15,765	15,965
Unearned revenues		16,941	16,941
Claims and settlements	28,698		28,698
Bonds, leases, agreements, notes	20,000		20,000
and certificates due in one year	373,902	820,786	1,194,688
Total current liabilities	1,772,330	1,470,497	3,242,827
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	130,000	20,000	150,000
Bonds, leases, agreements, notes			
and certificates due in more than one year	2,544,059	12,093,885	14,637,944
Net pension liability	6,744,721		9,259,223
Net pension liability (OPEB)	2,139,488	_3#3_	2,139,488
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,558,268	14,628,387	26,186,655
Total liabilities	13,330,598	16,098,884	29,429,482
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	1,289,895	555,471	1,845,366 1
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	530,298	3#0.	530,298
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,820,193	555,471	2,375,664
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	24,456,140	20,631,939	45,088,079
Restricted for:	- 1, 11, 1	, ,	1 1 - 1 - 1
Streets, recreation, capital projects	2,014,495	141	2,014,495
Public safety	1,268,488		1,268,488
Housing	5,510,954		5,510,954
Unrestricted	831,542		1,274,793
Total net position	\$ 34,081,619	\$ 21,075,190	\$ 55,156,809

CITY OF CALISTOGA
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

City government
Governmental activities:
General government
Public safety
Community services
Housing
Recreation services

Functions/Programs

		20	Program Revenues	S	Day	net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	s
						City Government	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type	
unctions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
ity government							
General government	\$ 2,624,383	\$ 186,972	69	€	\$ (2,437,411)	69	\$ (2,437,411)
Public safety	4,992	Ψ.	203,772	8		K	
Community services	841,158	50,669	94,423	@	(990'069)	Sir	(990'969)
Housing	432,479	92,491	385,341	¥.	45,353	6	45,353
Recreation services	509,245	58,071	14,511	9	(436,663)	74	(436,663)
Public works	1,928,763	93,958	1,727,263	370,135	262,593	¥.I ·	262,593
Planning and building Interest on long-term debt	72,080	121,482			(462,136)	41	(462,156)
Total governmental activities	12,157,030	2,049,239	2,425,310	370,135	(7,312,346)		(7,312,346)
Ducinose Turo Activitios							
Dusiness-Type Activities. Water	3,593,145	3,183,764		2,211,693	×	1,802,312	1,802,312
Wastewater	3,053,680	2.918.606		278,320		143,246	143,246
Total business-type activities	6,646,825	6,102,370	14	2,490,013	1.0	1,945,558	1,945,558
otal City government	\$ 18,803,855	\$ 8,151,609	\$ 2,425,310	\$ 2,860,148	(7,312,346)	1,945,558	(5,366,788)
		General revenue	General revenues and transfers				
		General revenues:	es:				
		Property taxes	sax		1.950.682	90	1.950.682
		Transient o	Transient occupancy taxes		6.415.794	i (3	6.415.794
		Sales taxes			1,265,293	24:	1,265,293
		Other taxes			448,215	336	448,215
		Unrestricted in	Unrestricted investment earnings		136,950	114,947	251,897
		Other general revenues	revenues		300,744	26	300,744
		Transfers			(366,464)	366,464	
		Total general rev	Total general revenues and transfers		10,151,214	481,411	10,632,625
		Change in	Change in net position		2,838,868	2,426,969	5,265,837
		Not position			24 242 754	18 576 046	40 848 707
		Net position, beginning Prior period adiustment	linning stment		31,242,731	16,576,046	49,616,797
		Net position, beginning restated	jinning restated		31,242,751	18,648,221	49.890.972
		Not position andipa	lina		\$ 34,081,619	\$ 21 075 190	S 55 156 800

Total City government

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF CALISTOGA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General Fund	HOME Grant Fund	CDBG Open Grant Fund	Capital Lease Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes receivables Accounts receivables Due from other governments Accrued interest receivable Advances to other funds Prepayments Notes receivables	\$ 5,977,674 1,260,440 352,885 114,061 68,897 659,384 86,662	\$ 2,730	1,218,250	\$ 80,364	\$ 1,863,173 467,579 405,044 254,725 1,210,864	\$	7,923,941 1,260,440 820,464 519,105 68,897 914,109 86,662 6,273,499
Total assets	\$ 8,520,003	\$ 3,847,115	\$1,218,250	\$ 80,364	\$ 4,201,385	\$	17,867,117
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payables Accrued liabilities Advances from other funds Deposits	\$ 575,209 5,085 77,656	\$	\$ " 844 194 194 	\$	\$ 258,162 254,725 40,290	\$	833,371 5,085 254,725 117,946
Total liabilities	657,950				553,177	-	1,211,127
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted for capital improvements Restricted for affordable housing Restricted for streets Restricted for facilities Restricted for public safety Restricted for parks Unassigned Total fund balances	746,046 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,847,115	1,218,250	80,364	445,589 1,539,707 379,096 1,268,488 15,328		746,046 80,364 5,510,954 1,539,707 379,096 1,268,488 15,328 7,116,007
	Dati Responsible	*******		A B B B B B B B B B B	e 4204.285	\$	17,867,117
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,520,003	\$ 3,847,115	\$1,218,250	\$ 80,364	\$ 4,201,385		
Total Governmental Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are financial resources and therefore are not reported. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund activities in the statement of net position. Liabilities for other post employment benefit (OPEB) use of current financial resources and are not report. Some liabilities, including bonds, leases, compensa	in the funds are included in the obligations do not ed in the funds ted	result in the				\$	16,655,990 26,104,160 1,675,811
absences, and accrued interest are not due and pay and are therefore not reported in the funds Deferred outflow related to pension Deferred outflow related to OPEB Deferred inflow related to pension Deferred inflow related to OPEB Net pension liability Net pension liability OPEB Net Position of Governmental Activities	adie in the current	репоа				\$	(3,391,852) 3,680,136 61,775 (1,289,894) (530,298) (6,744,721) (2,139,488) 34,081,619

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General Fund			CDBG Open Grant Fund	Capital Lease Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES		4.050.000	323					•		•	4.050.000
Property taxes	\$	1,950,682	\$	- 5	5	\$	~	\$	5	\$	1,950,682
Sales taxes		1,265,293		-	-		*		0.47.004		1,265,293
Transient occupancy taxes		6,415,794		-					247,684		6,663,478
Other taxes		448,215		•					*		448,215
Licenses and permits		137,714		*	3.5		~				137,714
Fines and forfeits		32,205					*		4 004 000		32,205
Intergovernmental		136,950		~	28				1,291,233		1,428,183
Interest and rents		1,483,526		•			1,531		50,045		1,535,102
Charges for services		1,054,109			88				315,051		1,369,160
Miscellaneous	-	362,113	90,80	D7 _				-	79,410	-	532,330
Total revenues	_	13,286,601	90,80	07			1,531		1,983,423		15,362,362
EXPENDITURES											
Current:		0.070.445									2,673,145
General government		2,673,145			0.00		*		2 202		2,673,145 4,976,158
Public safety		4,972,855			(6				3,303		
Community services		728,536			-		-		400.000		728,536
Housing					150		3		426,620		426,620
Recreation services		327,850		×	196		*		440.470		327,850
Public works		1,611,609		•	2.0				410,478		2,022,087
Planning and building		755,208		-	7.4		-				755,208
Debt service:									000 705		200 705
Principal					1,5				298,785		298,785
Interest		828		22	1,51				75,117		75,117
Capital outlay		2,207,955		-	7.81	***				-	2,207,955
Total expenditures	_	13,277,158			<u> </u>				1,214,303	-	14,491,461
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		9,443	90.80	07			1,531		769,120		870,901
•								-			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									000 504		1,870,420
Transfers in		1,486,896			194		(F.000)		383,524		
Transfers out	-	(1,910,007)		<u> </u>		4	(5,893)		(859,066)	_	(2,774,966)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(423,111)		œ	•		(5,893)		(475,542)	·	(904,546)
Net change in fund balances		(413,668)	90,80	07		-	(4,362)		293,578		(33,645)
Fund balances, July 1		8,275,721	3,756,30	08	1,218,250		84,726		3,354,630		16,689,635
Fund balances, June 30	\$	7,862,053	\$ 3,847,11	15	\$ 1,218,250	\$	80,364	\$	3,648,208	\$	16,655,990

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF CALISTOGA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of

Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(33,645)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$2,757,549 exceed depreciation (\$883,663).		1,873,886
Repayments of long-term debt principal and claims are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net assets		298,785
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the funds until due		3,037
Governmental funds report compensated absences when payments are made or are immediately due. However, in the statement of activities these costs are recorded when incurred.		(38,275)
Internal service funds are closed by charging additional amounts or reducing charges to participating governmental activities to completely cover the internal service fund's costs for the year		654,002
Increases in long-term claim liabilities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported in the funds		(8,820)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Government funds record OPEB expense as it is paid.		(144,310)
Governmental funds record pension expense as it is paid. However, in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows) and an increase/(decrease) in net pension liability	-	234,208
Net differences	-	2,872,513
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	2,838,868

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Calistoga Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

Enterprise Funds

		Enterprise Funds			
				Governmental	
	Water	Wastewater	Totals	Activities- Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS			;=====================================		
Current assets:		e 0.000.000	¢ 2200.020	\$ 409,354	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 639.886	\$ 2,298,930 423,899	\$ 2,298,930 1,063,785	73,670	
Receivables(net) Prepaids	000,000	-120,000	-	20,982	
Due from Other Funds	- <u>**</u>	183,810	183,810		
Total current assets	639,886	2,906,639	3,546,525	504,006	
Noncurrent assets:					
Other assets:					
Notes receivable	4,674	12,267	16,941_		
Total other noncurrent assets	4,674	12,267	16,941		
Capital assets:					
Land	2,338,730	464,108	2,802,838	2 207 204	
Equipment and vehicles	1,326,122	1,153,879	2,480,001	3,607,894	
Distribution and collection systems	24,127,035	22,723,666	46,850,701 820,774		
Water rights, net of amortization	820,774 355,693	726,423	1,082,116		
Construction in progress	(8,875,184)	(11,614,636)	(20,489,820)	(2,337,953)	
Less accumulated depreciation	12.4542			C35.728/J4292.5	
Net capital assets	20,093,170	13,453,440	33,546,610	1,269,941	
Total noncurrent assets	20,097,844	13,465,707	33,563,551	1,269,941	
Total assets	20,737,730	16,372,346	37,110,076	1,773,947	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	44.400	25 490	69,315	5	
Deferred outflow of resources - loss on refunding Deferred outflow of resources - pension	44,126 643,217	25,189 750,129	1,393,346		
Total deferred outflow of resources	687,343	775,318	1,462,661		
	001,010	710,010			
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:	116,454	89,166	205,620	98,136	
Accounts payable Compensated absences	48,256	48,256	96,512	727	
Deposits	200,908	10,200	200,908		
Accrued interest	69,756	44,009	113,765	523	
Accrued expenses	12,179	3,786	15,965	3.5	
Due to other funds	183,810	- 2	183,810		
Unearned Revenue	4,674	12,267	16,941	•	
Agreements, loans,					
and certificates due in one year	231,000	589,786	820,786		
Total current liabilities	867,037	787,270	1,654,307	98,136	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
State revolving loan payable	-	1,365,033	1,365,033	-	
Certificate of participation	3,555,000	4,455,000	8,010,000	1.5	
USDA Loan	2,718,852		2,718,852	-	
Advances from other funds	-	659,384	659,384	(2)	
Compensated absences	10,000	10,000 1,326,852	20,000 2,514,502	: **: 12	
Net pension liability	1,187,650				
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,471,502	7,816,269	15,287,771		
Total liabilities	8,338,539	8,603,539	16,942,078	98,136	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflow of resources - pension	256,912	298,559	555,471		
Total deferred outflow of resources	256,912	298,559	555,471		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in capital asets	13,588,318	7,043,621	20,631,939	1,269,941	
Unrestricted	(758,696)	1,201,947	443,251	405,870	
Total net position	\$ 12,829,622	\$ 8,245,568	\$ 21,075,190	\$ 1,675,811	

CITY OF CALISTOGA

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Wastewater	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal- Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Sales of water Service fees	\$ 2,956,975	\$ 2,836,176	\$ 2,956,975 2,836,176	\$ - 372,944
Miscellaneous	226,789	82,430	309,219	250
Total operating revenues	3,183,764	2,918,606	6,102,370	373,194
OPERATING EXPENSES Maintenance and operations Employee services Interfund charges for services Depreciation and amortization	1,773,531 1,022,001 82,500 520,862	781,444 1,244,993 82,500 788,413	2,554,975 2,266,994 165,000 1,309,275	457,354 - - 88,818
Total operating expenses	3,398,894	2,897,350	6,296,244	546,172
Operating income (loss)	(215,130)	21,256	(193,874)	(172,978)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Gain(Loss) on capital assets Interest and investment revenue Interest expense	60,822 (194,251)	54,125 (156,330)_	114,947 (350,581)	32,312 6,586
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(133,429)	(102,205)	(235,634)	38,898
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(348,559)	(80,949)	(429,508)	(134,080)
Contributions and transfers Transfers in Transfers out Capital contributions	366,464 2,211,693	3,696 (3,696) 278,320	370,160 (3,696) 2,490,013	538,082
Net contributions and transfers	2,578,157	278,320	2,856,477	788,082
Change in net position	2,229,598	197,371	2,426,969	654,002
Total net position, July 1	10,554,133	8,021,913	18,576,046	1,021,809
Prior period adjustment	45,891	26,284	72,175	ш
Total net position, July 1 restated	10,600,024	8,048,197	18,648,221	1,021,809
Total net position, June 30	\$ 12,829,622	\$ 8,245,568	\$ 21,075,190	\$ 1,675,811

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF CALISTOGA **Statement of Cash Flows** Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	E	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Wastewater	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
	•			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Cash received from other funds for services	\$ 3,046,969 (1,951,562)	\$ 2,810,905 (834,157)	\$ 5,857,874 (2,785,719)	\$ (373,198) 299,524
Payments to other funds for services Payments to employees for services Other operating receipts	(82,500) (1,022,001) 226,789	(147,219) (1,287,328) 82,431	(229,719) (2,309,329) 309,220	(a) (b) (b) (c)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	217,695	624,632	842,327	(73,674)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			<u> </u>	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in from other funds	366,464	<u>*</u>	366,464	538,082
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	366,464		366,464	538,082
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions and grants Draw down of USDA loan Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,211,693 (66,000)	278,320	2,490,013 (66,000)	250,000 32,312
Principal payments on capital debt Interest paid on long-term debt Purchases of capital assets	(183,000) (182,453) (2,428,521)	(601,682) (141,785) (1,064,071)	(784,682) (324,238) (3,492,592)	(958,190)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(648,281)	(1,529,218)	(2,177,499)	(675,878)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments on long-term notes Interest receipts	3,300 60,822	8,659 54,125	11,959 114,947	6,586
Net cash provided by investing activities	64,122	62,784	126,906	6,586
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	¥	(841,802)	(841,802)	(204,884)
Cash and cash equivalents balances - beginning of the year		3,140,732	3,140,732	614,239
Cash and cash equivalents balances-end of the year	<u> </u>	\$ 2,298,930	\$ 2,298,930	\$ 409,355

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF CALISTOGA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

⊢nter	nrise	Funds
	01130	I dilas

q		Water	\\/	astewater		Totals	A	ernmental ctivities- nternal vice Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	_	VVatci		astowater		Totals	- 001	vice i dila
net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(215,130)	\$	21,256	\$	(193,874)	\$ (172,978)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	•	(210,100)	*	2.,200	•	(100,011)	* (,0.0,
net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization expense		520.862		788,414		1,309,276		88.818
Pension expense		(36,648)		(42,335)		(78,983)		-
Change in assets and liabilities:		(,- :-)		(/ /		(, 5,555)		
Decrease(increase) in deposits		(343)		527		(343)		2
Decrease(increase) in accounts receivable		93,294		(16,612)		76,682		(73,670)
Decrease(increase) in due from other funds				(64,719)				, , ,
Increase(decrease) in compensated absences		(2,900)		(2,900)		(5,800)		
Increase(decrease) in accrued expenses		(5,929)		3,786		(2,143)		€
Increase(decrease) in accounts payable		(196,930)		(53,599)		(250,529)		81,240
Increase(decrease) in due to other funds		64,719						
Increase(decrease) in deferred revenue		(3,300)		(8,659)		(11,959)		*
Decrease(increase) in prepayments				S#3		Ē		2,916
, , , ,								
Net cash provided by (used for)								
operating activities	\$	217,695	\$	624,632	\$	842,327	\$	(73,674)
			\	0.40				77
Noncash capital financing activities:								
Amortization of bond loss on refunding	\$	1,765	\$	1,095	\$	2,860	\$	·*

City of Calistoga Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,156
Assessments receivable		160,039
Total assets		214,195
LIABILITIES		
Deposits payable to Tourism Business Improvement District		214,195
Total liabilities	\$	214,195

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Calistoga is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The Calistoga Public Facilities Corporation is a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable, and it is governed by the elected City Council. The Corporation was formed to provide a method of financing public improvements. The financial activities of the Corporation are blended with those of the City and are reported in the City's governmental funds, and as capital assets of the City and debt obligations of the City.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as

revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly, receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The HOME Grant and CDBG Open Grant Funds account for resources used for various programs funded partially or entirely by federal grant monies. The Capital Lease Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds from a commercial lease arrangement used to obtain financing for pool, public works, fire station, and other recreational facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the operations of the City's water treatment and distribution system. The wastewater fund accounts for the operation of the City's wastewater treatment plant and collection facilities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

The internal service fund is used to account for the City's general operating equipment and related services provided to other City departments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and wastewater function and other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise and internal service funds include the costs of sales and services, administration costs and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds are used by the City as Agency Funds to account for assets held by the City as an agent for special districts. Agency funds have no measurement focus and are excluded from the Government-wide financial statement but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

D. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period (s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes, report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period (s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue, a type of deferred inflow of resources, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: taxes receivable, interest on interfund advances and loans receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

F. Deposits and Investments

The City is authorized by its most recent investment policy to invest in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund, (LAIF) U.S. Treasury bonds, bills, and notes, obligations issued by US Government agencies, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, time deposits, savings and demand accounts. Additional types of investments including mutual and money market funds are also authorized by long-term debt financing agreements and indentures. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within Level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All

other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Long-term notes receivable is reported as assets in the governmental funds despite their focus on current financial resources, but they are offset by deferred revenue amounts in the governmental funds until such a time those collections on the notes are realized by the funds.

All trade and property tax receivables are not shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of the prior January 1. State statutes provide that the property tax rate be limited generally to one percent of assessed value, be levied by only the County, and be shared by applicable jurisdictions. The County of Napa collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to voter-approved debt. Property taxes are due on November 1 and March 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10. The City receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan". Under the plan, the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the City. The City recognizes property tax revenues in the fiscal year in which they are due to the City.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed or placed in service.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements under the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$50,000 for infrastructure type assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value at the date of donation. Under the GASB 34 Implementation Rules, the City is a Phase 3 entity and was not required to record infrastructure assets existing or acquired prior to July 1, 2003 at the date these new financial reporting standards were implemented; and the City has not recorded such assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	50
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure-Utility	50
Vehicles and equipment	5 – 10

Intangible type assets such as water rights are amortized to expense over the estimated term of the contractual arrangement underlying such rights using a straight-line amortization periods of 20 and 50 years.

5. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Proprietary fund types, cash and investments balances classified as Available for Operations are considered cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

6. Compensated Absences and Other Post-Employment Benefits

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The City accrues each year as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, the long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

8. Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints about the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications include (1) nonspendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned and (5) unassigned amounts. Non-spendable amounts generally are items not expected to be readily converted into cash such as inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables not offset by deferred revenue accounts.

Restricted amounts include those where constraints placed on the uses of the resources are externally imposed by grantors, contributors, other governments or by laws and regulations. Committed amounts are those that can only be used for a specific purpose as determined by the City Council. Such committed amounts may be redeployed for other uses only by the direction of the City Council.

Assigned amounts are fund balance amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes as determined by the City Manager or City's Director of Administrative Services. Unassigned fund balance amounts are the residual amounts reported only in the general fund or funds having deficit balances.

The City Council by resolution established a policy that delegates to the City Manager or Director of Administrative Services the authority to establish, rescind or modify assigned amounts. Committed amounts may be established, modified, or rescinded by the adoption of a resolution of the City Council.

When expenditures are incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which any class of unrestricted fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

9. Comparative Data

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current years' presentation.

10. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets added to the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as Net Position. Net position is measured on the full accrual basis as compared to Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis. Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of source.

Net Position is divided into three captions and is described as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These are principally debt service requirements.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

11. Prepayments

Prepaid items represent payments made to vendors for which the benefits are applicable to future accounting periods. Prepaids are recorded using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

12. Implementation of Accounting Standards

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than pension which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2018, as discussed in Note 1E to the financial statements.

13. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Prior Period Adjustments

During fiscal year 2018-19, the City recorded a prior period adjustment to the enterprise fund balances to account for the loss on refunding of old debt as of June 30,2019 in compliance with GASB 23:

	vvater		vvasiewalei		
Fund balance as previsouly reported	\$	10,554,133	\$	8,021,913	
Prior period adjustment		45,891		26,284	
Beginnning fund balance as adjusted	\$	10,600,024	\$	8,048,197	
209	133				

1. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *net assets* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$ 26,104,157 difference are as follows:

Capital assets	\$34,061,733
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(7,957,573)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance – total governmental	
funds to arrive at net assets – governmental activities	\$26,104,160

Another element of the reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities" are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds. The details of this \$3,391,853 difference are shown below:

Net adjustment to decrease fund balance total governmental Funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ (3,391,853)
Compensated absences	(415,524)
Claims	(28,698)
Capital lease obligations	(2,917,963)
Accrued interest	\$ (29,668)
Long-Term Debt Obligations and Related Interest:	

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$2,872,513 difference and other significant components of the difference are on the following page:

Capital outlay capitalized	\$	2,757,549
Depreciation expense		(883,663)
Repayment of long-term debt principal		298,785
Internal service fund income		654,002
Other post-employment benefit expense		(144,310)
Pension expense		234,208
Other items		(44,058)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	,	
Total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	_\$_	2,872,513

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis of consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds and proprietary funds. The City is not required to have a capital lease budget. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers between departments and other changes require City Council approval. The legal level of control is the department and fund level. The Council made supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting is not employed in governmental funds. The expenditures budgets exclusive of fund transfers were exceeded in none of the funds.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Total deposits and investments	\$ 10,686,381
Investments with trustees	84,476
Pooled investments	10,234,702
Demand deposits: (Time deposits and book bank balances)	\$ 367,203
Deposits and investments at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:	

Investments - At June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments.

Investment	Average Maturity	Fair Value	
State Investment Pool (LAIF) Goldman Sachs Fin SQ Government Fund	167 days 14 days	\$ 10,234,702 84,476	
Goldman Gacha Fill GQ Government and	,	\$ 10,319,178	

Cash and Investments as of June 30, 2019 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments available for operations	\$ 10,632,225
Fiduciary funds- cash and investments	 54,156
Total cash and investments	\$ 10,686,381
Total cash and investments	\$ 10,686,3

The total cash and investments above include those amounts held by the City in its Fiduciary funds. However, the entity-wide presentation excludes Fiduciary funds totals, as the City is merely acting as an agent for other parties (assessment districts).

California law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law, this collateral is held in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution. The City has waived collateral requirements for the portion of deposits covered by federal deposit insurance.

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)- The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which at June 30, 2019 was \$17,383 more than the City's cost. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises and corporations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the City's investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City participates in the State of California, Local Agency Investment Fund investment pool (LAIF). LAIF invests a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities, which are subject to interest rate risk. The City's current investment policy is designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return on its' investments consistent with the constraints imposed by the safety objective and cash flow considerations. Yield is to be considered only after the basic requirements of adequate safety and liquidity have been met.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including Investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

Investment Type	12 Months or less	13 to 24 Months	_	Total
California local agency investment fund	\$ 10,234,702	\$ =	\$	10,234,702
Goldman Sachs Fin SQ government fund	84,476	¥		84,476
Total investments	\$ 10,319,178	\$ =		
Cash in bank and on hand				367,203
Total cash and investments			\$	10,686,381

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	_	Level 2	Ex	empt	Total		
California local agency investment fund	\$	10,234,702	\$	=	\$	10,234,702	
Goldman Sachs Fin SQ government fund		84,476		<u> </u>		84,476	
Total investments	\$	10,319,178	\$	i i			
Cash in bank and on hand						367,203	
Total cash and investments					\$	10,686,381	

Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using quoted prices for a non-active market portfolio at fiscal year-end. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the custodian bank.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2018 are provided by Standard and Poor's except as noted.

Investment Type	A	AAm	Investment			
Money market mutual funds Not rated:	\$	5 9 0	\$. ≡		
California local agency investment fund		*		10,234,702		
Goldman Sachs in Fin SQ government fund				84,476		
Cash in bank and on hand		3		367,203		
Total cash and investments	\$	2 0	\$	10,686,381		

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major and non-major funds in the aggregate, net of the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts is as follows:

	_G	eneral Fund		DBG Open nd HOME Grants		Nonmajor Funds & IS Fund	Gc	Total overnmental	 Water	_w	astewater	E	Total interprise
Accounts	\$	352,885	\$		\$	467,579	\$	820,464	\$ 436,816	\$	405,953	\$	842,769
Taxes		1,260,440		72		700		1,260,440	20,116		14,385		34,501
Interest		68,897		(*)		: e		68,897	-		-		-
Governments		114,061		擅		405,044		519,105	182,953		3,560		186,513
Notes	=		7.=	5,062,635	-	1,210,864	=	6,273,499	4,674	=	12,267	_	16,941
Totals	<u>\$</u>	1,796,283	\$	5,062,635	\$	2,083,487	\$	8,942,405	\$ 644,559	\$	436,165	\$	1,080,724

The receivables above do not include \$73,670 for the internal service fund. The notes receivable of \$6,273,499 consists of housing rehabilitation loans of \$137 bearing interest at rates of 3 to 6 percent and repayable in monthly installments, other loans of \$109,727 including one loan for \$250,000 plus accrued and unpaid interest for the development of low to moderate income apartments, maturing in 2023 and repayable out of residual receipts, and \$2,069,250 in first-time homebuyer assistance loans secured by 4th deeds of trust and repayable between 30 and 55 years or under certain conditions including sale of the housing unit.

In addition, the total notes receivable also includes \$3,844,385 a loan made from the proceeds of a HOME grant funded by a federal grant passed through the State of California. The loan bears interest at 3 percent per annum, matures in 55 years is secured by a deed of trust on an affordable housing multifamily complex. The loan is repayable starting the first fiscal year following the first year of the project's operations from and to the extent of available cash flows as defined in the agreement.

C. Inter-fund Transfers, receivables and payables

The composition of inter-fund transfers of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Transfers In:	General Fund	Non-Major Funds	Water	Internal Service Fund	Total Transfers Out
General fund	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 383,524	\$ 366,464	\$ 160,019	\$ 1,910,007
Capital lease	5,893	-	=	-	5,893
Non-Major funds	481,003	-		378,063	859,066
Totals	\$ 1,486,896	\$ 383,524	\$ 366,464	\$ 538,082	\$ 2,774,966

The General Fund made transfers out for \$160,019 to the equipment replacement fund for police software, RIMs, and a mower, forklift, and vacuum trailer for the public works department. The General Fund also transferred out \$373,902 for the Westamerica debt service annual payment. A \$1,000,000 transfer was done between the general fund and future retiree benefits and increases in CalPERS retirement rates. In addition, the General Fund made a transfer in the amount of \$366,464 to the enterprise fund for operations and a rate stabilization fund to ensure the water fund met debt coverage. Other transfers out of the non-major funds were made to reimburse the general fund for street and public safety costs.

1. The composition of inter-fund was:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Asset			Liability
Quality of Life	Affordable Housing Fund	\$	35,134	\$	35,134
Traffic Signal Fund	MTC Street Fund		219,591		219,591
General Fund	Wastewater Fund		659,384		659,384
Wastewater Fund	Water Fund		183,810		183,810
Wastewater CIP Fund	Wastewater Fund		3,696		3,696
Totals		\$	1,101,615	\$	1,101,615

Inter-fund balances are presented in the Government-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

Transfers To/From Other Funds

From the Quality Life Fund to the Affordable Housing Fund to offset negative cash balance.

From the Traffic Signal Fund to the MTC Street Fund to offset negative cash balance.

From the General Fund to the Wastewater Fund to help fund costs for capital projects.

From the Wastewater Fund to the Water Fund to offset negative cash balance.

D. Capital Assets – Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity relating to governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,418,126	\$ 250,000	\$	\$ 3,668,126
Construction in progress	557,338		(429,069)	128,269
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,975,464	250,000	(429,069)	3,796,395
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	3,494,179	234,802	:50	3,728,981
Machinery and equipment	885,267	5,895	.	891,162
Equipment - internal service fund	2,649,704	958,190	-	3,607,894
Infrastructure	9,401,716	1,783,575	:40	11,185,291
Improvements	13,547,561	912,346		14,459,907
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,978,427	3,894,808		33,873,235
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,182,258)	(101,168)	(#X)	(2,283,426)
Machinery and equipment	(831,763)	(12,278)	-	(844,041)
Equipment - internal service	(2,249,135)	(88,818)	Y	(2,337,953)
Infrastructure	(3,415,280)	(508,584)	=	(3,923,864)
Improvements	(644,612)	(261,633)	:=	(906,245)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,323,048)	(972,481)		(10,295,529)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	20,655,379	2,922,327		23,577,706
Governmental activities capital asets, net	\$ 24,630,843	\$ 3,172,327	\$ (429,069)	\$ 27,374,101

D. Capital Assets – Business-Type Activities

Capital asset activity relating to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	<u>D</u>	ecreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:		2						
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	2,802,838	\$	S 2 8	\$	2	\$	2,802,838
Construction in progress		1,261,658	_	679,854	_	(859,396)		1,082,116
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,064,496	_	679,854	_	(859,396)	_	3,884,954
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Wastewater collection and treatment		22,263,278		460,388		ä		22,723,666
Water rights		1,589,875		:= 0		2		1,589,875
Water treatment and distribution system		21,073,829		3,053,206		2		24,127,035
Equipment - wastewater		1,068,482		85,397		2		1,153,879
Equipment - water		1,252,982		73,141	_			1,326,123
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	47,248,446	_	3,672,132	-		_	50,920,578
Less accumulated depreciation and								
amortization for:								
Wastewater collection and treatment system		(10,089,184)		(722,692)		2		(10,811,876)
Water rights		(720,111)		(48,990)		2		(769,101)
Equipment- wastewater		(737,041)		(65,721)		2		(802,762)
Equipment - water		(923,043)		(30,135)		2		(953,178)
Water treatment and distribution system	=	(7,480,268)	_	(441,737)	-			(7,922,005)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(19,949,647)	_	(1,309,275)	_		_	(21,258,922)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	27,298,799	_	2,362,857	_		_	29,661,656
Business-type activities capital asets, net	\$	31,363,295	\$	3,042,711	\$	(859,396)	\$	33,546,610

D. Capital Assets - Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 37,759
Public safety	100,061
Community services	105,351
Recreation servcies	179,314
Public Works	461,178
Capital assets held by the City's internal service fund are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	88,818
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 972,481
3.	
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 471,872
Water rights amortication	48,990
Wastewater	788,413
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,309,275

E. Capital Leases - Governmental Type Activities including Internal Service

In fiscal 2008, the City entered into a capital lease arrangement in an original amount of \$4,674,000 with West America Bank for the purpose of obtaining financing to make improvements to pool, recreation, fire, and public works facilities. In fiscal year 2016 the City reset the lease to minimize the overall costs of the 2008 lease. The new loan amount is \$3,870,414. Resetting the interest rate on the 2007 Lease generates total savings of approximately \$619,994. Net present value savings are approximately \$517,692 or 13.54%. The lease is payable in monthly installments of between \$24,000 and \$35,700 commencing July 1, 2016 and continuing through February 1, 2028. The lease bears interest at 2.44 percent per annum. The leasing arrangement included a lease between the City of Calistoga and the Calistoga Public Facilities Corporation; a blended component unit of the City. The lease receivable and payable between the City and its component unit financing corporation has been eliminated from these financial statements. The City has not pledged any specific revenue source for repayment of the lease but has agreed to appropriate sufficient resources from any source of legally available funds to make the payments.

The City entered into a lease agreement payable to Sun Trust Leasing, bears interest at 4.35 percent per annum, and is payable in semi-annual variable installments each February 28 and August 28 through 2018. The loan was completely paid off on February 28, 2018.

Future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	West			
	/	America		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Ba	ink Lease		
2020	\$	373,902		
2021		373,902		
2022		373,902		
2023		373,902		
2024		373,902		
2025-2028	8	1,370,814		
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing		3,240,324		
interest	-	(322,363)		
Net present value of minimum				
lease payments	\$	2,917,961		

F. Long-Term Debt

Water Enterprise

2011 Certificates of Participation

In July 2011, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement with the Calistoga Public Facilities Financing Corporation for \$3,750,000 wherein the City agreed to make installment payments to the Corporation in exchange for the Corporation obtaining financing to fund water treatment plant improvements by issuing Certificates of Participation.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) provided a \$3,750,000 loan to the Corporation to provide financing for the subject improvements and for the repayment to the City of construction costs and other improvements made by the City's water enterprise. The USDA provided the loan by purchasing the Certificates of Participation referred to above. The installment agreement receivable and payable between the Corporation and the City has been eliminated from these financial statements as the Corporation is a blended component unit of the City, and the \$3,750,000 is reported by the City as long-term debt (the certificates of participation) of the City's water enterprise fund.

Under the arrangements, the City has pledged net revenues of the water enterprise as security for the payment of the certificates of participation. The City is also obligated to fund a reserve fund in an amount equal to \$148,237 with funding of this reserve to be made over a ten-year period. The certificates bear interest at 2.5 percent and principal/interest payments are due each January 1 and July1 through July 1, 2051.

Under the arrangement, the USDA shall fund the purchase price of the certificates from time to time by paying cash advances to the Trustee. Interest shall begin to accrue only upon disbursement of funds by USDA to the Trustee. As of June 30, 2014, the USDA had obligated funding of \$3,750,000, had drawdowns of \$3,203,852 to the City and there was a \$546,148 undisbursed balance on the USDA

Loan. The Mount Washington Tank which was funded through the Certificates of Participation has been completed; therefore, the undisbursed balance will not be used by the City.

Final payment on the loan is scheduled for 2048. For fiscal year 2019, Capital Contribution Revenues, amounted to \$2,211,693 and operating costs including operating expenses, but not interest or depreciation amounted to \$2,878,032. Net Revenues available for debt service amounted to \$305,732 which represents 227% of the \$134,421 in debt service. The City made a principal payment of \$64,000 and an interest payment of \$70,421 during the fiscal year so the outstanding receivable of \$2,784,852 which represents the City's liability at June 30, 2019 for the Certificates. Future debt service principal and interest remaining to be paid on the agreement is approximately \$3,919,456. Principal and interest combined on the certificates will require the City to make annual payments which in the aggregate are expected to be from \$66,000 to \$132,000 each fiscal year.

Future debt service for water on the Certificates of Participation is:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 66,000	\$ 68,796	\$ 134,796
2021	68,000	67,121	135,121
2022	69,000	65,409	134,409
2023	71,000	63,659	134,659
2024	73,000	61,859	134,859
2025-2029	393,000	280,594	673,594
2030-2034	445,000	228,294	673,294
2035-2039	504,000	169,107	673,107
2040-2044	570,000	102,107	672,107
2045-2048	525,852	27,658	553,510
		. 0	
Totals	\$ 2,784,852	\$ 1,134,604	\$ 3,919,456

2018 Certificates of Participation

In May 2018, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement with the Calistoga Public Facilities Financing Corporation(CPFFC) for the refunding of \$3,255,000 an outstanding purchase agreement dated as of November 1, 2005, between the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) and the City, and an installment purchase agreement with the CPFFC and USDA for the refunding of \$1,728,556 an outstanding purchase agreement dated as of March 27, 2008, between the USDA and the City of which issuances were for the purpose of financing the costs of certain public facilities constituting a part of the City's water enterprise for improvements by issuing Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$3,905,000.

The obligation of the water enterprise to pay its share of the installment payments will be secured by an irrevocable pledge of the Water's Net Revenues.

Final payment on the loan is scheduled for 2045. The outstanding receivable of \$3,720,000 represents the City's liability at June 30, 2019 for the Certificates. Future debt service principal and interest remaining to be paid on the agreement is approximately \$5,144,565. Principal and interest combined on the certificates will require the City to make annual payments which in the aggregate are expected to be from \$95,000 to \$255,000 each fiscal year.

The refinancing of the bonds reduced the debt service interest payments by approximately \$36,739 per year and total debt service savings by \$815,844. This translates into a net present value of \$430,996 and 8.7% net present savings as a percentage of refunded principal. The reacquisition price exceeds the net carrying value for the old debt by \$47,656. There is no defeased debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

Future debt service for water on the Certificates of Participation is:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 165,000	\$ 137,306	\$ 302,306
2021	165,000	132,356	297,356
2022	170,000	126,481	296,481
2023	180,000	119,481	299,481
2024	185,000	111,256	296,256
2025-2029	1,075,000	408,331	1,483,331
2030-2034	880,000	206,231	1,086,231
2035-2039	370,000	125,547	495,547
2040-2044	435,000	55,913	490,913
2045-2046	95,000	1,663	96,663
Totals	\$ 3,720,000	\$ 1,424,565	\$ 5,144,565

Wastewater Enterprise

State of California Revolving Fund Loan

The City obtained a \$5,609,999 loan from the State of California Department of Water Resources under the State Revolving Loan Program for the purpose of obtaining financing to construction the City's wastewater treatment plant. The loan bears interest at 0.00 percent effective March 3, 2015 and is secured by a pledge of the City to maintain dedicated sources of revenue sufficient in amounts to provide for repayment of the loan. The interest rate is suspended and wholly replaced with the AB 2356 Small Community Grant Fund Charge effective March 3, 2015. Principal and grant fund charge on the loan is payable in annual installments due each October 30 through 2023. The Small Community Grant Fund charge is at one and six tenths percent (1.6%) per annum.

Future debt service for the State of California Revolving fund loan is:

		Grant Fund						
Fiscal Year	F	Principal CI			Charge			Total
2020	\$	319,786		\$	43,805		\$	363,591
2021		328,100			35,491			363,591
2022		336,631			26,960			363,591
2023		345,383			18,208			363,591
2024		354,918			9,228			364,146
Totals	\$	1,684,818		\$	133,692		\$:	1,818,510

Annual principal and grant fund charge on the agreement are expected to require 79 percent of current system net revenues as defined. The total grant fund charge and principal remaining to be paid on the agreement is \$1,818,511. For fiscal year 2018, Wastewater Fund Revenues, amounted to \$2,918,606 and operating costs including operating expenses, but not interest or depreciation amounted to \$2,108,937. Net Revenues available for debt service amounted to \$809,669 which represents 223% of the \$363,591 in debt service. Principal and grant fund charge paid for the current fiscal year and total system net revenues as defined were \$363,591 and \$809,669 (exclusive of \$278,320) in capital contributions), respectively

2018 Certificates of Participation

In May 2018, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement with the Calistoga Public Facilities Financing Corporation(CPFFC) for the refunding of \$2,230,000 an outstanding purchase agreement dated as of August 1, 2001, between the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) and the City, and an installment purchase agreement with the CPFFC and USDA for the refunding of \$1,628,700 an outstanding purchase agreement dated as of May 2005, between the USDA and the City.

The issuances were for the purpose of financing the costs of certain public facilities constituting a part of the City's wastewater enterprise for improvements by issuing Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$5,015,000 in May 2018.

The obligation of the wastewater enterprise to pay its share of the installment payments will be secured by an irrevocable pledge of the Wastewater's Net Revenues.

Final payment on the loan is scheduled for 2043. The outstanding receivable of \$4,725,000 represents the City's liability at June 30, 2019 for the Certificates. Future debt service principal and interest remaining to be paid on the agreement is approximately \$6,440,207. Principal and interest combined on the certificates will require the City to make annual payments which in the aggregate are expected to be from \$96,663 to \$442,000 each fiscal year.

The refinancing of the bonds reduced the debt service interest payments by approximately \$36,866 per year and total debt service savings by \$695,887. This translates into a net present value of \$380,176 and 8.15% net present savings as a percentage of refunded principal. The reacquisition price exceeds the net carrying value for the old debt by \$27,379. There is no defeased debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

Future debt service on the 2018 Certificates of Participation is:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 270,000	\$ 171,988	\$ 441,988
2021	280,000	163,738	443,738
2022	285,000	153,838	438,838
2023	295,000	142,238	437,238
2024	310,000	128,587	438,587
2025-2029	990,000	470,138	1,460,138
2030-2034	985,000	302,516	1,287,516
2035-2039	840,000	140,339	980,339
2040-2044	040-2044 470,000		511,825
Totals	\$ 4,725,000	\$ 1,715,207	\$ 6,440,207

Changes in Long-term liabilities

Long-term debt activity for the 2019 fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental					
Activities:					
2016 Capital lease obligation	3,216,746		298,785	2,917,961 ———	373,902
Total	\$3,216,746	\$	\$298,785	\$2,917,961	\$373,902
Business-type					
Activities:					
2011 Certificates of participation	2,848,852		64,000	2,784,852	66,000
2018 Certificates of participation	3,905,000	120	185,000	3,720,000	165,000
State Revolving Fund Loan	1,996,501		311,682	1,684,819	319,785
2018 Certificates of participation	5,015,000		290,000	4,725,000	270,000
Total	\$13,765,353	\$ -	\$850,682	\$12,914,671	\$820,785

G. Compensated Absences

The City records a liability to recognize the financial effect of unused vacation and other compensated leaves. As of June 30,2019, the total liability for vacation and other compensated leaves is \$532,036. The City typically uses the General fund, Water and Wastewater funds to liquidate the majority of its compensated absences.

Compensated absence activity for the 2019 fiscal year was as follows:

	Additions	Re	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due within One year	
\$ 377,249	\$ 130,000	\$	91,725	\$	415,524	\$	285,524	
122,312	90,000		95,800		116,512		96,512	
\$ 499,561	\$ 220,000	\$	187,525	\$	532,036	\$	382,036	
\$	122,312	\$ 377,249 \$ 130,000 122,312 90,000	\$ 377,249 \$ 130,000 \$ 122,312 90,000	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 377,249 \$ 130,000 \$ 91,725 122,312 90,000 95,800	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions \$ 377,249 \$ 130,000 \$ 91,725 \$ 122,312 90,000 95,800	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 377,249 \$ 130,000 \$ 91,725 \$ 415,524 122,312 90,000 95,800 116,512	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions Balance (c) \$ 377,249 \$ 130,000 \$ 91,725 \$ 415,524 \$ 122,312 90,000 95,800 116,512	

A. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City participates as a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC). The Authority is a joint powers agency providing joint protection programs for public entities.

The Authority provides general liability, workers compensation and property insurance coverage to member entities. Under the liability program, the City has a \$10,000 retention limit similar to a deductible with the Authority being responsible for losses above that amount up to \$1 million. The Authority carries purchased excess insurance above that amount to cover losses up to \$35 million. The City has a \$25,000 deductible for workers compensation claims, and PARSAC covers workers compensation claims up to the first \$475,000 per claim and carries excess commercial insurance above that amount to cover losses up to \$5 million. Property coverage is commercial insurance jointly purchased with other public entities throughout the State. The commercial coverage is one billion for the collective members with various sub-limits by type of coverage and property.

The City's obligation is to pay annual premiums billed by the Authority. The PARSAC periodically may make retrospective premium adjustments and the City would be required to pay its prorata share of such adjustments.

Liabilities of the City are reported in the statement of net position for the governmental activities when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claim's liability estimate. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years except for the contract settlements incurred in fiscal 2019.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		Year		Year
		Ended		Ended
	- 6/3	30/2018	6/	30/2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	3,338	\$	19,878
Incurred claims, (including IBNRs)		4 7		-
Claim payments		16,540		8,820
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	19,878	\$	28,698

B. Contingencies and Commitments

Litigation. The City is involved in litigation incurred in the normal course of conducting City business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grants and allocations. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

- General Information about the Pension Plans
 Plan Descriptions All qualified employees are eligible to participate in the City's following cost- sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans):
 - City Miscellaneous (Tier 1)
 - City Miscellaneous (Tier 2)
 - City Miscellaneous (Tier 3)
 - City Safety (Tier 1)
 - City Safety (Tier 2)
 - City Safety (Tier 3)

The Plans are administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1959 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

	City Miscellaneous Plan						
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3				
Hire date	Prior to May 1, 2012	On or after May 1,	On or after				
		<u>2012</u>	January 2, 2013				
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2%@62				
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service	5 years' service				
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life				
Retirement age	50-63	50-63	52-67				
Monthly benefit, as a % of eligible compensation	1.43% to 2.42%	1.43% to 2.42%	1.0% to 2.5%				
Required employee contribution rates	8.0%	7.0%	6.25%				
Required employer contribution rates	10.11%	7.2%	6.533%				

	City Safety Plan					
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3			
Hire date	Prior to May 1, 2012	On or after May 1, 2012	On or after January 2, 2013			
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2% @ 55	2% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service	5 years' service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	50-55	50-55	50-57			
Monthly benefit, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.4% to 3%	2.0% to 2.7%			
Required employee contribution rates	9.0%	7.0%	9.5%			
Required employer contribution rates	17.875%	12.242%	9.513%			

The City's Miscellaneous and Safety Rate Plans are part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (PERF C), which is administered by the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS). PERF C consists of a miscellaneous pool and safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Individual employers may sponsor more than one miscellaneous and safety rate plan. The employer participates in one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan regardless of the number of rate plans the employer sponsors. The City sponsors six rate plans (three miscellaneous and three safety).

Contributions – Section 20814('c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	City Miscellaneous Plan					
		Tier 1		Tier 2	Tier	3 (PEPRA)
Contributions - employer	\$	1,086,669	\$	41,040	\$	90,423
Contributions - employee paid		117,981		35,380		79,349
	City Safety Pla			lan		
		Tier 1		Tier 2	Tier	3 (PEPRA)
Contributions - employer	\$	757,016	\$	25,792	\$	72,909
Contributions - employee paid		71,182		12,150		66,096

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Propo	rtionate Share
	of Net	Pension Liability
City safety plan	\$	3,597,523
City miscelleanous plan		5,661,700
Total net pension liability	\$	9,259,223

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total net pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

	City Safety Plan				
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3		
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.066%	0.00%	0.00%		
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.069%	0.00%	0.00%		
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.003%	0.00%	0.00%		
	City Mi	scellaneous	Plan		
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3		
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.130%	0.00%	0.00%		
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.130%	0.00%	0.00%		
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$686,810. At June 30, 2019 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Safety plan	Deferred Outflows <u>of Resources</u>			1.	eferred nflows lesources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	855,717		\$	2
Differences between actual and expected experience		52,959			24,046
Changes in assumptions		352,980			(47,623)
Change in employer's proportion of difference between					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		24,357			¥
Change in proportions and differences					
between actual contributions		6 #			(569,429)
and proportionate share of contributions	~	698,679	200		-
Total	\$	1,984,692		\$	(593,006)

Miscellaneous plan	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Change in employer's proportion of difference between Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	1,218,132 217,229 645,451 - - 27,990	\$ (73,922) (158,188)
Change in proportions and differences between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total	\$	979,988 3,088,790	\$ (1,020,250)

\$2,073,849 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement period Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) <u>of Resources</u>				
		<u>Safety</u>	Mis	cellaneous	
2020	\$	573,782	\$	401,064	
2021		310,759		243,867	
2022		(215,319)		(84,044)	
2023		(50,924)		(24,918)	
2024		36			
Total	\$	618,298	\$	535,969	

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability. The June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2017	
Measurement date	June 30, 2018	
Actuarial cost method	Entry -age normal cost method	
Actuarial assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	
Inflation	2.50%	
Projected salary increase	Varies by entry age service	
Investment rate of return	7.15%	(1)
Projected salary increase	Varies by entry age service and	
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS membership date for all funds	(2)

'(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

'(2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements, using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions – GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.15 percent used for the June 30, 2017 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.15 percent used for the June 30, 2018 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expenses. All other assumptions for the June 30, 2017 measurement date were the same as those used for the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund including PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employee's Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The

expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

		Real	Real
		Return	Return
	New Strategic	Years 1-10	Years 11+
Asset Class	Allocation	(a)	(b)
Global equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive	0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real estate	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Discount Rate					
1	6.15%	7.15%	8.15%			
(1%	decrease)	(current rate)	(1% increase)			

Net pension	liabilit	У
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Safety	\$ 5,684,651	\$ 3,597,524	\$ 1,887,496
Miscelleanous	\$ 8,627,254	\$ 5,661,700	\$ 3,213,684

D. Restricted Net Position and Governmental Fund Balances

The \$8,793,937 restricted amount in the governmental activities statement of net position represent amounts to be used only for specific purposes which restrictions are imposed by laws, formal agreements or other governments. Of the \$8,793,937 for governmental activities, \$5,510,954 is restricted for housing and community development, \$1,268,488 is restricted for public safety, and \$2,014,495 is for streets and other purposes.

The fund balances of the City's governmental funds are essentially all restricted as to their availability for future uses except for the \$7,116,007 in the general fund. The \$746,046 consist of non-spendable amounts in prepayments and advances to other funds.

E. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description. The City administers the City's retired employees' health care plan, a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retired City employees and their beneficiaries. The City provides medical benefits through the CalPERS healthcare program, pursuant to the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care (PEMHCA), paying \$102.00 for employees retiring directly from the City. For unrepresented retirees with at least 10 years of City service, the City pays an additional portion of the medical premium. The City's plan is affiliated with the State of California CalPERS in so far as the City's health insurance premium payments are paid to CalPERS. CalPERS through an aggregation of single employer plans pools administrative functions in regard to purchases of commercial health care policies and coverages. City regulations and resolutions assign authority to establish and amend plan provisions to the City. Separate financial statements of the Plan are not issued by the City as a separate OPEB Trust or equivalent arrangement has not been established by the City.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on a projected pay-as-you-go financing requirement, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City Council. The City provides continuation of medical and dental coverage to its retiring employees. This benefit creates both an implicit and explicit subsidy liability. An explicit subsidy exists when the employer contributes directly toward the cost of retiree healthcare. An implicit subsidy exists when the premiums charged for retirees' coverage are lower than the expected retiree claims for that coverage. In the CalPERS medical program, the same monthly premiums are charged for active employees and for pre-Medicare retirees. CalPERS has confirmed the claims experience of these members is considered together in setting premium rates.

The agency's funding policy affects the calculation of liabilities by impacting the discount rate that is used to develop the plan liability and expense. "Prefunding" is the term used when an agency consistently contributes an amount based on an actuarially determined contribution (ADC) each year. GASB 75 allows prefunded plans to use a discount rate that reflects the expected earnings on trust assets. Pay-as-you-go or "PAYGO" is the term used when an agency only contributes the required retiree benefits when due. When an agency finances retiree benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis, GASB 75 requires the use of a discount rate equal to a 20-year high grade municipal bond rate.

Because the City is on a pay-as-you-go plan, the discount rate used in the GASB 75 valuation was based on the Fidelity Municipal Bond AA 20-year maturity yield index. As of the beginning and end of the Measurement Period, use of this index results in discount rates of 3.56% as of June 30, 2017 and 3.62 as of June 30, 2018.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – membership in the Plans consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Membership of the City as of the valudation date consisted of the following:

Active plan members 51
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments. 10

Total 61

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

3.56% as of June 30, 2017
Discount Rate
Inflation
Aggregate Salary Increases
(individual salary increases based on CalPERS)
3.56% as of June 30, 2018
2.75%
3.25%

Mortality rates (1) Healthcare cost trend rate Based on CalPERS tables 7.00% in the first year, trending down to 3.94% over 57 years

F

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB Liability was 3.62%. Healthcare cost trend rate was assumed to start at 7.0% (effective January 1, 2020) and grade down to 5% for years 2025 and thereafter.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The Changes in the net OPEB liability for each plan follows:

City	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan					
	T	otal OPEB	Fiduciary			Net OPEB
		Liability	Net			Liability
Balance as of Report Date June 30, 2018	\$	2,314,284	\$		\$	2,314,284
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		175,923		0€0		175,923
Interest on the total OPEB liability		87,379		-		87,379
Differences between expected and actual		(220,228)				(220,228)
Experience		#		5 3 65		-
Changes of assumptions		(146,376)	(=)			(146,376)
Contributions						
Employer - City's contribution		<u>8</u>		71,494		(71,494)
Employer - Implicit Subsidy		<u> </u>				40
Employee		*		5,⊕3		
Net investment income		₩.	:#:			.
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(71,494)	(71,494)			20
Employee contributions		里 经		82		(4)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		s :=		;€		-
Administrative expense						
Net changes	\$	(174,796)	\$	(e:	\$	(174,796)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	2,139,488	\$	- E	\$	2,139,488

The impact of a 1% increase or decrease in these assumptions is show in the chart below:

Sensitivity to:						
Change in discount rate	Current – 1% 2.62%	Current 3.62%	Current + 1% 4.62%			
Total OPEB Liability	2,460,257	2,139,488	1,877,461			
Change in healthcare cost trend rate	Current trend -1%	Current trend	Current trend +1%			
Total OPEB Liability	1,818,046	2,139,488	2,553,762			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$206,085. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	infl	ows of	ou	tflows of
	res	ources	re	sources
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date Net excess of projected over actual earnings on OPEB	\$	*	\$	61,775
plan investments	5	30,298		
Total	\$ 5	30,298	\$	61,775

The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five-year period. The amount of \$61,775 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30						
2020	\$	(57,217)				
2021		(57,217)				
2022		(57,217)				
2023		(57,217)				
2024		(57,217)				
Thereafter		(244,213)				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



GRIT CLEANING AND THM REDUCTION IMPLEMENTATION

CITY OF CALISTOGA Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Am	

		Budgeted A	Amoun	ts				
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
				0.705.057		9 07E 704	•	(509,336)
Fund Balance, July 1	\$	7,208,811	\$	8,785,057	\$	8,275,721	\$	(509,550)
Resources (inflows):		1,591,571		1,674,036		1,950,682		276,646
Property taxes		1,165,000		1,190,000		1,265,293		75,293
Sales taxes				6,363,078		6,415,794		52,716
Transient occupancy taxes		6,363,078		434,730		448,215		13,485
Other taxes		434,730		177,896		137,714		(40,182)
License and permits		177,896		30,500		32,205		1,705
Fines and forfeits		25,500		36,500		136,950		100,450
Interest		16,500		1,490,761		1,483,526		(7,235)
Intergovernmental		1,780,836						87,062
Charges for services		1,062,547		967,047		1,054,109		
Miscellaneous		50,000		320,000		362,113		42,113
Transfers in	0	1,253,199	-	1,514,473		1,486,896		(27,577)
Amounts available for		04 400 668		00 004 070		22 040 249		65,140
charges to appropriations	0	21,129,668	-	22,984,078	_	23,049,218		65,140
Charges to appropriations:								
General Government:				00 :		F0 700		(4.045)
City council		61,774		57,864		59,709		(1,845)
Finance		322,912		381,257		375,668		5,589
City clerk		113,965		122,214		134,513		(12,299)
City attorney		200,000		400,000		452,598		(52,598)
City manager		228,434		281,763		278,540		3,223
Nondepartmental		214,973		151,530		126,247		25,283
Economic vitality		475,792		478,454		487,671		(9,217)
Elections		31,200		34,299		33,798		501
Risk management		447,847		536,546		507,752		28,794
Personnel		162,388		183,934		216,649		(32,715)
Public Safety:		,				,		, , ,
Police services		2,197,006		2,282,925		2,301,810		(18,885)
Police dispatch		660,931		855,580		840,244		15,336
•		38,788		44,459		37,249		7,210
Emergency services		1,703,187		1,820,913		1,793,552		27,361
Fire protection		1,703,107		1,020,913		1,730,002		27,001
Community Services		200 006		272 720		323,726		(49,997)
Aquatic services		288,096		273,729				41,758
Community promotions		274,893		274,093		232,335		
Community activities		40,326		42,626		30,747		11,879
Library services		108,226		107,215		107,215		(255)
Sharpsteen Museum		20,670		19,158		19,513		(355)
Handy Van		10,500		10,500		15,000		(4,500)
Recreation Services								45 700
Recreation services		177,915		189,376		173,676		15,700
Education and recreation courses		111,386		111, 4 98		104,786		6,712
Senior activities		57,975		55,338		49,388		5,950
Public Works								
Administration		208,751		233,461		243,279		(9,818)
Streets		410,158		439,902		392,459		47,443
Park maintenance		289,933		317,858		310,091		7,767
Shop maintenance		52,586		59,331		57,452		1,879
Pool maintanance		152,081		162,925		166,686		(3,761)
Building maintenance		388,222		449,458		441,642		7,816
Planning and building		1				.,		
Planning commission		6,285		6,285		6,694		(409)
Planning		269,419		313,667		312,772		895
_		462,322		479,985		435,742		44,243
Building inspection		3,489,750		2,175,674		2,207,955		(32,281)
Capital outlay Transfers out		784,967	-	1,990,037		1,910,007		80,030
Total charges to appropriations		14,463,658		15,343,854		15,187,165		156,689
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	6,666,010	\$	7,640,224	\$	7,862,053	_\$	221,829
	-		_					

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note A: Explanation of Difference between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and expenditures:

Sources/inflows resources: Actual amounts "available for appropriation" from budgetary comparison schedule: Differences - budget to GAAP:	\$ 23,049,218
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(8,275,721)
Transfers in from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(1,486,896)
Total revenues as reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 13,286,601
Uses/outflows of resources:	
Actual amounts "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP:	\$ 15,187,165
Transfers to other funds require the use of current financial resources, but are not considered as expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances -	(1,910,007)
governmental funds	\$ 13,277,158

Required Supplemental Information For Major Special Revenue Fund HOME Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final
Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual	Budget- Positive(Negative)
Intergovernmental: State of California pass-through HOME grant: Miscellaneous	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 90,807	\$ - 90,807
Total revenues			90,807	90,807
Expenditures: Current: Housing:				
Palisades project loan				-
Total expenditures	7 	380,		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			90,807	90,807
Other financing uses:				
Transfer out to general fund			:=)	3
Total other financing uses			<u> </u>	· · ·
Net change in fund balances	(-)		90,807	90,807
Fund balance, July 1	3,664,259	3,756,308	3,756,308	
Fund balance, June 30	\$3,664,259	\$3,756,308	\$ 3,847,115	\$ 90,807

Required Supplemental Information For Major Special Revenue Fund CDBG Open Grants Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		
Revenues: Intergovernmental:	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget-Positive(Negative)
State of California pass-through grants:	4.0			•
CDBG economic development		\$ -	\$ -	\$ =
Total revenues				
Expenditures: Current:				
Economic development			<u>~~</u>	
Total expenditures		·	-	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	·			
Net change in fund balances	æ	语人	Ē	2
Fund balance, July 1	1,218,250	1,218,250	1,218,250	·
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 1,218,250	\$ 1,218,250	\$ 1,218,250	\$ -

Required Supplementary Information

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan - Last five (5) years* Schedule of Plan's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios as of Measurement Date

Miscellaneous Plan

	2014	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.082210%	0.217692%	0.000000%	0.48000%	0.058754%
Plan's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)	5,115,809	5,968,142	6,838,433	6,459,856	5,661,700
Plan's covered payroll	2,067,261	2,089,714	2,469,644	2,446,709	2,724,654
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset as a percentage of the plan's total pension liability	277.67%	285.60%	276.90%	264.02%	207.80%
Plan's proportion share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the plan's total pension liability	69,77%	66%	74.06%	73.31%	75.26%
		Safety	Plan		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.060900%	0.092536%	0.058670%	0.310000%	0.037333%
Plan's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)	3,789,935	3,809,042	4,343,184	4,055,661	3,597,524
Plan's covered payroll	1,206,006	1,222,660	1,303,114	1,179,222	1,433,486
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset as a percentage of the plan's total pension liability	314.26%	311.54%	333.29%	343.93%	250.96%
Plan's proportion share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the plan's					

^{*}Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation.

City of Calistoga Required Supplementary Information Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan - Last six (6 years*) Schedule of Contributions

Miscellaneous Plan

	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 400,634	\$ 445,033	\$ 568,838	\$ 1,693,684	\$ 1,175,752	\$ 1,218,132
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	(400,634)	(445,033)	(568,838)	(2,773,684)	(1,775,752)	(1,818,132) (600,000)
Covered payroll	\$ 2,089,714	\$ 2,469,644	\$ 2,446,709	\$ 2,724,654	\$ 2,915,491	\$ 3,284,369
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.17%	16.66%	23.25%	62.16%	40.33%	37.09%

^{*}Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Benefit Changes. In 2015, benefit terms were modified to base miscelleaneous pensions on a final three-year average salary instead of a final one-year average salary.

<u>Changes in assumptions.</u> In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

City of Calistoga Required Supplementary Information Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan - Last six (6 years*) Schedule of Contributions

Safety Plan

	E	scal Year 2014	E	iscal Year 2015	E	iscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	F	iscal Year 2018	Fis	scal Year 2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	351,214	\$	376,319	\$	454,373	\$ 1,197,592	\$	839,584	\$	855,717
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)		(351,214)	_	(376,919)	_	(454,373)	(1,917,592)	_	(1,239,584) (400,000)	(1,255,717) (400,000)
Covered payroll	\$	1,222,660	\$	1,303,114	\$	1,179,222	\$ 1,433,486	\$	1,654,613	\$	1,675,108
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		28.73%		26.00%		38.53%	83.54%		50.74%		51.08%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Benefit Changes. In 2015, benefit terms were modified to base public safety pensions on a final three-year average salary instead of a final one-year average salary.

<u>Changes in assumptions.</u> In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

^{*}Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation,

City of Calistoga Required Supplementary Information Change in the Net OPEB Liability For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Fiscal Y	Year Ending
Total OPEB Liability	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Service cost	\$	175,923
Interest		87,379
Differences between expected and actual experience		(220,228)
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		(71,494)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		(146,376)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(174,796)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		2,314,284
Total OPEB liability - end of year (a)	\$	2,139,488
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Net investment income		
Contributions		
Employer - explicit subsidy	\$	71,494
Employer - implicit subsidy		=
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		(71,494)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		*
Administrative expense	-	<u>.</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year		<u> </u>
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	\$	
City's net OPEB liability - end of year = (a) - (b)	\$	2,139,488
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		49.92%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,285,509

Notes to schedule:

The City adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019

OPTIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR FUNDS COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES,



NEW PUMPS, PIPING AND CONTROLS

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City of Calistoga Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

								ď	Special Revenue Funds	venue	Funds										
	Gas Tax	i	Road Maintenance & Rehab	Measure T	Pai	Parking Ordinance	Administration		Fire	8	Police	Transportation	CDBG Loan Repayment	!	CDBG Revolving Loan	Palisades Landscape Maintenance		Asset Forfeiture	Affordable Housing	ì	Quality of Life
Assets Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 7.	7,622 \$	19,410	\$ 68,045	₩	128,597	\$ 207,065	ь	13,957	€	96,057	\$ 701,385	\$ 8,711	11 8	4,899	\$ 4,796	us us	21,695	69	69	136,897
Receivables from other																					
governments	ຕັ	3,591	17,457	219,858		(1)			34		531	9	17,859	59	90	18	~	() ·	80,025	52	à
Accounts		10	400	*		•)	*		**		60			¥9	*0	A.C		. 80			*
Advances to other funds		¥		*		٠	*		(4)		80	8		*	*	.41	40	*			35,134
Notes receivable			56	(*)	ļ	((X				*	Š	359,727	27	137	14		()	851,000	 s	
Total assets	\$ 11	11,213 \$	36,867	\$ 287,903	69	128,597	\$ 207,065	69	13,957	69	96,057	\$ 701,385	\$ 386,297	97 \$	5,036	\$ 4,814	os II	21,695	\$ 931,025	υ»	172,031
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:																					
Accounts payable	4	4,911 \$	38	69	s	8		69	**	S	35		69	ю	5,036	69	69	*	S	49	¥
Advances from other funds		Jan I	99e i	230		e	STATE OF		ă		æ	3		o.	9			3	35,134	¥	9
Deposits		2	4.5	*4		*			1		-										1
Total liabilities	4	4,911		1		٠									5,036			9	35,141	 	•
Fund balances: Restricted for streets	Ó	6,302	36,867	287,903	7-	128,597	٠		10			701,385		×		4,814		*		¥.	10
Restricted for parks		*	*	.96					760		it.	8		90	*						(4)
Restricted for public safety		ā	39			3	3.0		13,957		26,057	106		79	()	est.	74	21,695	895,884	*	17
Restricted for affordable housing		e	6	6		Ò	•		6.		185	*	386,297	97	()(c		140				1141
Restricted for facilities			*	×		×	207,065					411		*				20			172,031
Total fund balances	ဖ် မ	6,302	36,867	287,903	ļ	128,597	207,065	ļ	13,957		96,057	701,385	386,297	97		4,814		21,695	895,884	 k	172,031
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,	11,213 \$	36,867	\$ 287,903	8	128,597	\$ 207,065	↔	13,957	ь	96,057	\$ 701,385	\$ 386,297	97 \$	5,036	\$ 4,814	69	21,695	\$ 931,025		\$ 172,031

City of Calistoga Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

Silverado
Vehicle Traffic Signal MTC Street
10,840 \$ 109,095 \$
ě
467,579
219,591
·/
\$ 10,840 \$ 328,686 \$ 467,579
\$ 247,988
P86,812 -
467,579
289 800
200,020
280
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10,840 328,686
2,775 \$ 10,840 \$ 328,686 \$ 467,579

City of Calistoga Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Special Re	Special Revenue Funds						
	Gas Tax	Road Maintenance & Rehab	Measure T	Parking Ordinance	Administration	ē.	Police	Transportation	CDBG Loan Repayment	CDBG Revolving Loan	Palisades Landscape Maintenance	Asset Forfeiture	Affordable Housing	Quality of Life
Revenues:	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	200	000	44	6				6					
Charnes for services	4,5/0	0 0 0	701 'nec e	/00'11	38.265	24 709	6621	123.769	9	•	1.585	a) (a)	46.582	50.058
Transient occupancy tax	C 594	- 19	9	-	3.5	3	1/4	7.18	Ţ	- AX	Ţ	i a	247,684	74
Interest	123	644	1,095	2,069	3,332	224	1,545	11,285	17,859	564	(d)	349	(%)	2,768
Miscellaneous							•		Ĭ	55,049	j		268	ŝ
Total revenues	114,499	98,460	531,257	13,936	41,597	24,933	8,166	135,054	17,859	55,613	1,585	349	294,534	52,826
Expenditures:			w											
Current:														
Public safety	E.	8	8)	¥	ti	**	¥8	50	100	6	90	2,879	100	, d)
Public works	33,896	Æ		¥	*	**	ř	*:	ř	*.	1,328	*0	•	8
Housing	9	28		ii i	ist.		i e	i#.	31,577	143,768	Ü	36	250,000	×
Debt service:														
Principal	×	81	83	*3	tii	8	90	#11	•	10	Ñ	60	5	9
interest			1	*			*		ė			*	٠	*
Total expenditures	33,896	-[•		31,577	143,768	1,328	2,879	250,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	80,603	98,460	531,257	13,936	41,597	24,933	8,166	135,054	(13,718)	(88,155)	257	(2,530)	44,534	52,826
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	*	*		*	9	ě	¥	*	8	3,521	ę		ė	ě
Transfers out	(78,226)	(61,860)	(243,354)			(300,000)		*				(30,000)		*
Total other financing sources (uses)	(78.226)	(61,860)	(243,354)	,	,	(300,000)	•		1	3,521		(30,000)		,
Net change in fund balances	2.377	36.600	287,903	13.936	41.597	(275.067)	8.166	135.054	(13.718)	(84.634)		(32,530)	44.534	52,826
,			1											
Fund balances, July 1	3,925	797		114,661	165,468	289,024	L88'/8	LES, 330	400,004	84,034	4,557	34,223	005,108	202,811
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 6,302	\$ 36,867	\$ 287,903	\$ 128,597	\$ 207,065	\$ 13,957	\$ 96,057	\$ 701,385	\$ 386,297	·	\$ 4,814	\$ 21,695	\$ 895,884	\$ 172,031

City of Calistoga Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Speci	Special Revenue Funds	spun				Debt Service	
	Silverado Landscape Maintenance	Abandoned Vehicle	Traffic Signal	MTC Street	North West Drainage	Recreation Donations	Police Donation	Police Grants	Tree Mitigation	Fire Donation	Mobile Home Park	City Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental	· so	ь	€9	\$ 370,135	69	69	,	\$ 166,877	ч	69	ь		5 1,291,233
Charges for services	1,047	*			i.		90		14,150	Ř	8,265	· *	315,051
Transient occupancy tax	(58)												247,684
Interest	- 86	174	5,289	10	53	218	203	53	1,281	16	954	50	50,045
Miscellaneous	*		*	1	*	14,293			*		008'6		79,410
Total revenues	1,047	174	5,289	370,135	53	14,511	203	166,877	15,431	91	19,019		1,983,423
Expenditures:													
Current:								Š					0
Public safety	•	8	i0	<u> </u>	Ü	¥i)	10 2	424		7/	€	E	3,303
Public works	123	*	(*)	375,131	0	(4)	(*)	? ?	8	¥	*	8	410,478
Housing	li†	4	734	3.0	ě) i		æ	8	ii.	1,275	5t	426,620
Debt service:													
Principal	£	¥.		*1	8	¥5	(()	80	80	***	•0)	298,785	298,785
Interest					×		*			*		75,117	75,117
Total expenditures	123			375,131	•			424			1,275	373,902	1,214,303
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	924	174	5,289	(4,996)	53	14,511	203	166,453	15,431	16	17,744	(373,902)	769,120
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	*11	20	*	6,101	•)	20	X 0	\$11	11	411	**)	373,902	383,524
Transfers out		(14,600)		(1,105)		(000'9)		(116,891)			(7,030)		(990'658)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(14,600)		4,996		(6,000)		(116,891)	•		(7,030)	373,902	(475,542)
Net change in fund balances	924	(14,426)	5,289		53	8,511	203	49,562	15,431	16	10,714		293,578
Fund balances, July 1	1,851	25,266	323,397	,	3,205	6,817	12,427	166,872	23,689	975	48,578		3,354,630
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,775	\$ 10,840	\$ 328,686	· ·	\$ 3,258	\$ 15,328	\$ 12,630	\$ 216,434	\$ 39,120	\$ 991	\$ 59,292	€\$	\$ 3,648,208

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amou	nts				AACO Final
	Orignal		Final		Actual	I	ce With Final Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental:						_	(4.000)
Gas tax 2105	\$ 30,649	\$	30,649	\$	29,266	\$	(1,383)
Gas tax 2106	18,954		18,954		18,880		(74)
Gas tax 2107	38,047		38,047		36,804		(1,243)
Gas tax 2107.5	2,000		2,000		2,000		363
Other state grant	26,001		26,001		27,426		1,425
Interest	 75		75	-	123		48
Total revenues	115,726	_	115,726		114,499		(1,227)
Expenditures: Current:							
Highways and streets:							
Street lighting utilities	37,500		37,500		33,896		3,604
out out high turning will make	-		-				
Total expenditures	 37,500		37,500		33,896		3,604
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	78,226		78,226		80,603		2,377
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out to the generral fund	 (78,226)		(78,226)		(78,226)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (78,226)		(78,226)	-	(78,226)	-	₹.,
Net change in fund balance	: €:		*		2,377		2,377
Fund balance, July 1	3,925		3,925		3,925		
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 3,925	\$	3,925	_\$	6,302	\$	2,377

Road Maintenance and Rehab Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amour	nts				
		Orignal		Final		Actual		ance With Final Budget- itive(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental: Road Rehab - SB1	\$	87,642	\$	87,642	\$	97,816	\$	10,174
Interest	Ψ	07,042 □	Ψ	-	Ψ	644	*	644
interest.								
Total revenues		87,642		87,642		98,460		10,818
Expenditures: Current: Highways and streets: Rehab Streets				::e				<u>*</u>
		.#N		a te		3		
Total expenditures		-		-				-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		87,642		87,642		98,460		10,818
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out to the general fund		(86,982)		(87,909)		(61,860)		26,049
Total other financing sources (uses)		(86,982)		(87,909)		(61,860)		26,049
Net change in fund balance		660		(267)		36,600		36,867
Fund balance, July 1		29,873		267		267		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	30,533	\$		\$	36,867	\$	36,867

Measure T Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts		Varian	ce With Final
	Orignal		Final	Actual		Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental: Mntc streets, curbs, roadway drainage Interest	\$ # =	\$	167,365	\$ 530,162 1,095	\$	362,797 1,095
Total revenues			167,365	 531,257		363,892
Expenditures: Current: Highways and streets: Street Rehab			<u>2</u> _			· (東京)
Total expenditures	 - 120 - 120 			 		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 5.78		167,365	 531,257		363,892
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out to the general fund	 		(167,365)	(243,354)	(-	(75,989)
Total other financing sources (uses)	•		(167,365)	 (243,354)		(75,989)
Net change in fund balance	19 6 5		•	287,903		287,903
Fund balance, July 1	 /=	_		 		•
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 	\$		\$ 287,903	\$	287,903

Parking Ordinance Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				
Revenues:		Original		Final	£	Actual	F	ariance With inal Budget- sitive(negative)
Charges for services:								
Parking impact fees Interest	\$	150	\$	150	\$	11,867 2,069	\$	11,867 1,919
Total revenues		150		150	-	13,936		13,786
Expenditures: Public safety					12-	<u> </u>		
Total expenditures		N71.		<u> </u>		-		-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		150		150	8	13,936	_	13,786
Net change in fund balance		150		150		13,936		13,786
Fund balance, July 1		109,758	_	114,661	-	114,661		
Fund balance, June 30	_\$_	109,908	\$	114,811	\$	128,597	\$	13,786

City Administration Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts			\/ar	iance With
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget- ive(Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services: City administration impact fees Interest	\$ 35,089 100	\$	57,018 100	\$	38,265 3,332	\$	(18,753) 3,232
Total revenues	 35,189		57,118		41,597		(15,521)
Expenditures: City Administration:	 	ī- <u></u>	5		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures		-				-	- 4
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 35,189	-	57,118	-	41,597		(15,521)
Net change in fund balance	35,189		57,118		41,597		(15,521)
Fund balance, July 1	159,648	_	165,468		165,468		
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 194,837	\$	222,586	\$	207,065	\$	(15,521)

Fire Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budge	ted Amou	ınts		
Revenues:	Original		Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget-Positive(Negative)
Charges for services:					
Public safety impact fees Interest	\$ 69,54 7		40,505 75	\$ 24,709 224	\$ (15,796) 149
Total revenues	69,61	5	40,580	24,933	(15,647)
Expenditures: Public Safety:			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>v æ</u>
Total expenditures		•			(e)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	69,61	5	40,580	24,933	(15,647)
Other financing uses:					
Transfer out to equipment fund			(300,000)	(300,000)	: :
Total other financing uses		<u> </u>	(300,000)	(300,000)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net change in fund balance	69,61	5	(259,420)	(275,067)	(15,647)
Fund balance, July 1	285,88	3	289,024	289,024	<u> </u>
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 355,49	8 \$	29,604	\$ 13,957	\$ (15,647)

Police Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amou	nts				
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	iance With al Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services: Public safety impact fees Interest	\$ 47,903 30	\$	10,817	\$	6,621 1,545	\$	(4,196) 1,515
Total revenues	47,933		10,847	-	8,166		(2,681)
Expenditures: Public Safety:	 8		<u> 28</u>		(m)(_	-	
Total expenditures							
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	47,933		10,847	,	8,166		(2,681)
Net change in fund balance	47,933		10,847		8,166		(2,681)
Fund balance, July 1	 87,498		87,891		87,891	-	
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 135,431	\$	98,738	\$	96,057	\$	(2,681)

Transportation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		V / m mi	\ <i>\\\i</i> ith
	(Original		Final	 Actual	Fina	ance With al Budget- re(Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services: Transportation impact fees Interest	\$	98,188 350	\$	67,915 350	\$ 123,769 11,285	\$	55,854 10,935
Total revenues		98,538		68,265	 135,054		66,789
Expenditures: Transportation:		-		<u> </u>	 		<u> </u>
Total expenditures					 ¥	-	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		98,538		68,265	 135,054		66,789
Net change in fund balance		98,538		68,265	135,054		66,789
Fund balance, July 1		551,129		566,331	 566,331	-	= =
Fund balance, June 30	\$	649,667	\$	634,596	\$ 701,385	\$	66,789

CDBG Loan Repayment Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amour	its			\/ori	ance With
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous - loan repayments	\$		\$	• •	\$	17,859	\$	17,859
Total revenues		<u> </u>	-			17,859	-	17,859
Expenditures: Current: Contracts and program services		i At		-		31,577		(31,577)
Total expenditures		<u>=</u>		7.5	_	31,577		(31,577)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures)-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	(13,718)		(13,718)
Net change in fund balance		¥		-		(13,718)		(13,718)
Fund balance, July 1	8=	394,439		400,015		400,015		н.
Fund balance, June 30	\$	394,439	\$	400,015	\$	386,297	\$	(13,718)

CDBG Revolving Loan Program Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	iance With al Budget- ive(Negative)
Revenues:				4.000		50.4		(400)
Interest	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	564	\$	(436)
State grants		300,000		300,000		55,049	\$	(244,951)
Total revenues		301,000		301,000		55,613		(245,387)
Expenditures: Current:								
Contracts and program services		300,000		300,000		143,768		156,232
, •							,	
Total expenditures		300,000		300,000		143,768		156,232
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u> </u>	1,000		1,000	-	(88,155)	-	(89,155)
Other financing uses: Transfers in from general fund						3,521		3,521
Total other financing uses					-	3,521		3,521
Net change in fund balance		1,000		1,000		(84,634)		(85,634)
Fund balance, July 1		364,530		84,634	-	84,634		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	365,530	\$	85,634	\$	1.00	\$	(85,634)

Palisades Landscape Maintenance Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amour	ts			Variana	e With Final
	(Driginal		Final		Actual	B	e vvitii Filiat udget- e(Negative)
Revenues:	-							
Special assessments: Landscape maintenance	\$	1,550	\$	1,550	\$	1,585	\$	35
Total revenues	· -	1,550	-	1,550		1,585		35
Expenditures: Public works		2,856		2,856	6	1,328		1,528
Excess of revenues over(under)expenditures		(1,306)		(1,306)		257		1,563
Net change in fund balance		(1,306)		(1,306)		257		1,563
Fund balance, July 1		2,783	-	4,557		4,557	-	
Fund balance, June 30	\$	1,477	\$	3,251	\$	4,814	\$	1,563

Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(negative)
Revenues: Interest	150_	150	349	199
Total revenues	150	150	349	199
Expenditures:				
Current: Public safety	4,000	4,000	2,879	1,121
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,850)	(3,850)	(2,530)	1,320
Other financing uses:				
Transfer out to equipment replacement fund	•	(30,000)	(30,000)	
Total other financing uses		(30,000)	(30,000)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(3,850)	(33,850)	(32,530)	1,320
Fund balance, July 1	47,330	54,225	54,225	22
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 43,480	\$ 20,375	\$ 21,695	\$ 1,320

Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Varian	ce With Final
	Original		Final		Actual		Budget- Positive(Negative	
Revenues: Interest Transient Occupancy Tax Other revenue Development in lieu fees	\$	200 768 50,183	\$	200 165,000 768 64,382	\$	247,677 275 46,582	\$	(200) 82,677 (493) (17,800)
Total revenues		51,151		230,350		294,534		64,184
Expenditures: Current: Housing services	(<u> </u>	250,000		250,000	N 	250,000		<u>"</u>
Total expenditures		250,000	-	250,000		250,000	-	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(198,849)		(19,650)		44,534		64,184
Net change in fund balance		(198,849)		(19,650)		44,534		64,184
Fund balance, July 1		782,581		851,350		851,350		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	583,732	\$	831,700	\$	895,884	\$	64,184

Quality of Life Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amount	S			11	Mith Final		
	(Original		Final		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)			
Revenues:										
Charges for services:	\$	85,697	\$	69,213	\$	50,058	\$	(19,155)		
Quality of life fees Interest	Φ	100	Ψ	100	*	2,768	•	2,668		
Total revenues		85,797	-	69,313		52,826		(16,487)		
Expenditures:										
Current:						-		_		
Public works			-	<u></u>			75			
Excess of revenues over(under)		85,797		69,313		52,826		(16,487)		
expenditures	-	05,797		09,515		02,020	-	1.0,.0.2		
Net change in fund balance		85,797		69,313		52,826		(16,487)		
Fund balance, July 1		133,271		119,205		119,205				
Fund balance, June 30	\$	219,068	\$	188,518	\$	172,031	\$	(16,487)		

Silverado Landscape Maintenance Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		В	e With Final udget- e(Negative)
Revenues:								
Special assessments: Landscape maintenance	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,047	\$	47
Total revenues	(1,000		1,000		1,047		47
Expenditures: Current:								
Public works		1,253		1,253		123	-	1,130
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures	10-	(253)		(253)	ş :	924		1,177
Net change in fund balance		(253)		(253)		924		1,177
Fund balance, July 1	79	622		1,851		1,851		•
Fund balance, June 30	\$	369	\$	1,598	\$	2,775	\$	1,177

Abandoned Vehicle Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts

Variance With Final

	Or	iginal		Final	Actual		Budget- Positive(Negative)	
Revenues:	-							
Intergovernmental: Napa County - reimbursement fees Interest	\$	50_	\$	4,500 50	\$	174	\$	(4,500) 124
Total revenues		50		4,550		174		(4,376)
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		<u>*</u>					_	12
Total expenditures		<u> </u>		- P				-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		50_		4,550		174_		(4,376)
Other financing uses:				(10,000)		(10,000)		2
Transfer out to equipment replacement fund Transfers out to general fund		(4,600)		(4,600)		(4,600)		<u> </u>
Total other financing uses		(4,600)	-	(14,600)		(14,600)	-	<u>;</u>
Net change in fund balance		(4,550)		(10,050)		(14,426)		(4,376)
Fund balance, July 1		24,976		25,266		25,266		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	20,426	\$	15,216	\$	10,840	\$	(4,376)

Traffic Signal Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget- Positive(Negative)
Revenues: Interest	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 5,289	\$ 4,989
Total revenues	300	300	5,289	4,989
Expenditures: Current public works		1983.		
Total expenditures	78		0.	
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures	300	300	5,289	4,989
Other financing uses: Transfer in from mtc Transfer out to the mtc	(126,000)	(37,271)	-	37,271
Total other financing uses	(126,000)	(37,271)	- 2	37,271
Net change in fund balance	(125,700)	(36,971)	5,289	42,260
Fund balance, July 1	315,890	323,397	323,397	
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 190,190	\$ 286,426	\$ 328,686	\$ 42,260

MTC Street Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted							
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	riance With al Budget- ive(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental: MTC Street allocations	_\$	779,161	_\$_	385,280	\$	370,135	\$	(15,145)
Total revenues		779,161		385,280		370,135		(15,145)
Expenditures: Current:								
Public works- pedestrian projects		828,161		425,551		375,131		50,420
Total expenditures		828,161		425,551		375,131	-	50,420
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures		(49,000)		(40,271)	-	(4,996)		35,275
Other financing uses: Transfer in from traffic signal fund Transfer in from general fund Transfer out to general fund		49,000		37,271 3,000		6,101 (1,105)		(37,271) 3,101 (1,105)
Total other financing uses		49,000		40,271		4,996		(35,275)
Net change in fund balance		-		۵		2		-
Fund balance, July 1			_	<u>.</u>		-		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	5 = 8	_\$_		\$		\$	

North West Drainage Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amounts						
	Orig	jinal	F	inal	Ac	tual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)		
Revenues: Interest	\$	<u> ×</u>	\$	B.	\$	53_	\$	53	
Total revenues				<u> </u>		53		53	
Expenditures: Current: Public works projects		<u> </u>		<u>*</u> .	·			-	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			-	<u>.</u>	======	53_		53	
Net change in fund balance		52		-		53		53	
Fund balance, July 1	î 	3,162	-	3,205		3,205			
Fund balance, June 30	\$	3,162	\$	3,205	\$	3,258	\$	53_	

Recreation Donation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget- Positive(Negative)
Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous:	\$	\$	\$ 218	\$ 218
Donations		6,000	14,293	8,293
Total revenues		6,000	14,511	8,511
Expenditures: Current:				
Recreation		<u>H.</u>		
Total expenditures			<u></u>	
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		6,000	14,511	8,511
Other Financing Use Transfer out to general fund		(6,000)	(6,000)	
>			0.544	0.544
Net change in fund balance	-	-	8,511	8,511
Fund balance, July 1	6,525	6,817	6,817	-
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 6,525	\$ 6,817	\$ 15,328	\$ 8,511

Police Donation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amoun			\	\ \ / ith	
	Original Final				Variance V Final Budç Actual Positive(Neg			
Revenues:	œ.	50	\$	50	\$	203	\$	153
Interest	_\$	50	Ψ		Ψ	200	Ψ	100
Total revenues		50		50_		203		153
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety	-	100					-	
Net change in fund balance		50		50		203		153
Fund balance, July 1		12,260	-	12,427		12,427		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	12,310	\$	12,477	\$	12,630	\$	153

CITY OF CALISTOGA Police Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amounts					
		riginal		Final	-	Actual	E	ce With Final Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovermental:								
COPS grant	\$	108,440	\$\$	108,440	\$	166,877	_\$	58,437
Total revenues		108,440		108,440	V	166,877		58,437
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		29,940		17,440		424		17,016
Total expenditures		29,940		17,440		424		17,016
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		78,500		91,000	_	166,453		75,453
Other financing uses: Transfer out to equipment replacement fund Transfers out to the general fund	-	(78,828)		(39,000) (78,828)		(38,063) (78,828)		937
Total other financing uses		(78,828)		(117,828)		(116,891)	·	937
Net change in fund balance		(328)		(26,828)		49,562		76,390
Fund balance, July 1		67,911		166,872	_	166,872		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	67,583	\$	179,044	\$	216,434	\$	37,390

Tree Mitigation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Vari	ance With
	0	riginal		Final		Actual		al Budget- ve(Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services:								
Tree mitigation and removal fees Interest	\$	500	\$	500	\$	14,150 1,281	\$	13,650 1,281
Total revenues		500		500		15,431	X	14,931
Expenditures: Current:								
Public works						(a)(<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		500	-	500	X=	15,431		14,931
Net change in fund balance		500		500		15,431		14,931
Fund balance, July 1	-	1,762	-	23,689		23,689	-	
Fund balance, June 30	\$	2,262	\$	24,189	\$	39,120	\$	14,931

Fire Donation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

a		Budgeted	Amounts					
	Ori	ginal	F	-inal	Act	tual	Final E	ce With Budget- Negative)
Revenues Interest	\$	121	\$	3.00	\$	16_	\$	16_
Total revenues Expenditures:					· ·	16		
Current: Public safety					·		-	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		S#1		<u> </u>	7	16	0,	*
Net change in fund balance		(#		7 7		16		16
Fund balance, July 1		962		975		975		-51
Fund balance, June 30	\$	962	\$	975	\$	991	\$	16

Mobile Home Park Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts				
D	Or	iginal		Final		Actual	Fina	ince With I Budget- e(Negative)
Revenues: Interest	\$	49	\$	49	\$	954	\$	905
Inspection fees	Φ	7,940	Φ	7,940	Φ	8,265	φ	325
Rent stablization fees		10,600		10,600		9,800		(800)
Trom Stabillation 1000	-	10,000	,	10,000			-	(000)
Total revenues		18,589		18,589		19,019		430
Expenditures: Current:								
Housing		1,550		1,550		1,275		275
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		17,039	-	17,039		17,744	,	705
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out to general fund		(7,030)		(7,030)		(7,030)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,030)	,	(7,030)	8	(7,030)	-	
Net change in fund balance		10,009		10,009		10,714		705
Fund balance, July 1		49,468		48,578		48,578		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	59,477	\$	58,587	\$	59,292	\$	705

City Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive(Negative)
Revenues:	Ф	¢ _	\$	\$ -
Miscellaneous	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	<u> </u>		- 12	
Expenditures: Debt service:				
Principal retirement	291,543	291,543	298,785	(7,242)
Interest on long-term debt	82,359	82,359	75,117	7,242
Total expenditures	373,902	373,902	373,902	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(373,902)	(373,902)	(373,902)	
Other financing sources:	373,902	373,902	373,902	45
Transfer in from general fund	- 070,002	- 010,000		
Total other financing sources	373,902	373,902	373,902	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	¥	(#E	a	-
Fund balance, July 1	:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

Fund balance, June 30

City of Calistoga Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Balance e 30, 2018	Α	dditions	R	eductions	Balance e 30, 2019
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Assessments receivable	\$	89,909 116,223	\$	43,816	\$	(35,753)	\$ 54,156 160,039
Total assets	\$	206,132	\$	43,816	\$	(35,753)	\$ 214,195
LIABILITIES Deposits payable to Tourism Business Improvement District	\$	206,132	\$	8,063	\$	ā	\$ 214,195
Total liabilities	\$	206,132	\$	8,063	\$		\$ 214,195

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

STATISTICAL SECTION



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Calistoga's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

Schedules 1-4

These schedules contain trend information to help understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

Schedules 5-6

These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, which for the City is the transient occupancy tax revenue.

Debt Capacity

Schedules 7-11

These schedules present information to help assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Schedules 12 -14

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

Schedules 15-17

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to services the City provides and the activities it performs.

City of Calistoga Schedule 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities: Net investment in	\$8 770 663	¢0 131 808	©0 103 554	40 134 067	99 000 004	\$ 77£ 0£4	611 200 045	644 074 577	607 444 007	624 456 440
Restricted	6,272,999	6,320,030	5,539,578	6,873,465	7,326,817	7,440,190	6,021,004	8,823,271	8,413,914	324,436,140 8,793,937
Unrestricted	171,473	(601,181)	909,057	2,284,571	5,031,807	1,381,017	2,483,766	2,730,097	1,414,740	831,542
Total governmental activities net position	\$15,217,125	\$14,853,747	\$15,572,189	\$18,292,993	\$21,048,485	\$17,598,061	\$19,885,585	\$25,627,945	\$31,242,751	\$34,081,619
Business-type activities: Net investment in										5.
capital assets	\$13,691,652	\$13,584,563	\$15,137,975	\$14,984,506	\$14,438,811	\$15,430,416	\$16,114,172	\$16,711,648	\$17,597,942	\$20,631,939
Unrestricted	436,945	194,892	6,084	1,607,643	3,371,809	(392,582)	(1,240,016)	2,282,891	978,104	443,251
Total business-type activities net position	\$14,128,597	\$13,779,455	\$15,144,059	\$16,592,149	\$17,810,620	\$15,037,834	\$14,874,156	\$18,994,539	\$18,576,046	\$21,075,190
Primary government: Net investment in										\$(C
capital assets	\$22,464,305	\$22,719,461	\$24,261,529	\$24,119,463	\$23,128,672	\$24,207,270	\$27,494,987	\$30,786,225	\$39,012,039	\$45,088,079
Restricted	6,272,999	6,320,030	5,539,578	6,873,465	7,326,817	7,440,190	6,021,004	8,823,271	8,413,914	8,793,937
Unrestricted	608,418	(406,289)	915,141	3,892,214	8,403,616	988,435	1,243,750	5,012,988	2,392,844	1,274,793
Total primary government net position	\$29,345,722	\$28,633,202	\$30,716,248	\$34,885,142	\$38,859,105	\$32,635,895	\$34,759,741	\$44,622,484	\$49,818,797	\$55,156,809

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement Number 34 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2004. The information in this schedule is therefore set forth prospectively from the intial year of implementation.

City of Calistoga Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

								!	!	
2.5	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,672,657	\$ 1,842,683	\$ 1,669,272	\$ 1,642,042	\$ 1,498,929	\$ 1,688,533	\$ 2,282,351	\$ 1,992,420	\$ 2,128,779	\$ 2,624,383
Public safety	3,175,941	3,178,320	3,011,419	3,166,518	3,077,799	2,508,394	4,815,398	3,776,483	4,836,736	4,992,643
Community services	309,074	385,499	485,263	452,308	521,194	521,463	653,406	541,960	652,712	841,158
Housing	124,359	123,490	127,496	69,474	55,530	240,816	1,313,989	597,274	630,211	432,479
Recreation Services	542,515	615,712	391,147	357,669	329,786	276,256	312,621	367,714	421,816	509,245
Public works	1,067,014	1,123,110	1,082,233	1,060,887	1,203,406	1,050,950	786,042	1,279,585	1,574,729	1,928,763
Planning and Building	628,391	637,991	405,710	423,257	668,238	593,152	684,053	809,416	847,769	756,279
Interest on long-term debt	268,959	291,896	272,807	56,689	286,823	202,958	204,061	94,542	79,329	72,080
Total governmental activities expenses	7,788,910	8,198,701	7,445,347	7,228,844	7,641,705	7,082,522	11,051,921	9,459,394	11,172,081	12,157,030
Business-type activities:										
Water	2,916,682	3,055,351	3,025,828	2,842,771	3,117,243	3,063,683	3,557,559	3,149,415	3,518,014	3,593,145
Wastewater	2,784,072	2,695,348	2,607,225	2,782,294	2,708,702	2,646,921	2,900,037	2,712,713	3,012,669	3,053,680
Total business-type activities expenses	5,700,754	5,750,699	5,633,053	5,625,065	5,825,945	5,710,604	6,457,596	5,862,128	6,530,683	6,646,825
Total primary government expenses	\$13,489,664	\$13,949,400	\$13,078,400	\$12,853,909	\$13,467,650	\$12,793,126	\$17,509,517	\$15,321,522	\$17,702,764	\$18,803,855
Program revenues: Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$258,984	\$265,929	\$290,492	\$210,161	\$394,402	\$411,142	\$469,078	\$1,070,171	\$549,243	\$186,972
Public safety	326,789	185,890	293,710	541,245	391,088	474,448	687,788	1,101,773	1,172,139	1,272,957
Community services	9,238	21,734	18,882	9,952	10,891	17,058	12,249	14,994	15,987	50,669
Housing	47,643	146,202	140,320	127,679	79,092	103,150	126,261	33,752	29,359	92,491
Recreation services	128,795	123,832	141,329	157,059	149,305	102,290	101,496	91,831	95,513	58,071
Public works	25,203	66,484	33,743	55,840	71,730	50,864	66,039	83,031	75,047	93,958
Planning and building	157,031	182,174	166,892	207,008	279,974	275,553	294,329	605,732	433,930	294,121
Operating grants and contributions	297,496	272,868	310,240	419,165	1,209,804	760,212	2,350,878	2,244,382	1,564,613	2,425,310
Capital grants and contributions	2,261,454	1,113,412	33,131	86,386	201,332	174,074	205,204	638,523	4,571,480	370,135
Total governmental activities	¢3 512 633	40 378 505	\$1 428 739	\$1 814 495	\$2 787 618	\$2 368 791	\$4.313.322	\$5,884,189	\$8,507,311	\$4.844.684
program revenues	20,216,000	42,010,020	(Post; 100)	2011	20,101,10	1000110				
			(confining)							

City of Calistoga Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water	\$ 2,090,136	\$ 2,100,595	\$ 2,243,967	\$ 2,359,606	\$ 2,683,096	\$ 2,339,237	\$ 2,589,747	\$ 2,619,404	\$ 2,730,765	\$ 3,183,764
Wastewater Capital grants and contributions	952,188		2,620,301	2,426,374	1,951,228	510,874	1,084,217	4,864,855	806,224	2,490,013
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,981,965	4,541,749	6,997,657	7,067,493	6,963,589	5,225,630	6,104,903	9,951,618	6,045,938	8,592,383
Total primary government program revenues	\$8,494,598	\$6,920,274	\$8,426,396	\$8,881,988	\$9,751,207	\$7,594,421	\$10,418,225	\$15,835,807	\$14,553,249	\$13,437,067
Net revenues (expenses): Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$(4,276,277)	\$(5,820,176)	\$(6,016,608)	\$(5,414,349) 1,442,428	\$(4,854,087)	\$(4,713,731) (484,974)	\$(6,738,599)	\$(3,575,205) 4,089,490	\$(2,664,770)	\$(7,312,346) 1,945,558
Total net revenues (expenses)	(\$4,995,066)		(\$4,652,004)	(\$3,971,921)	(\$3,716,443)	(\$5,198,705)	(\$7,091,292)	\$514,285	(\$3,149,515)	(\$5,366,788)
General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities:	net position:									
raxes. Property faxes	\$1.654.593	\$1,685,427	\$1,635,425	\$1,685,766	\$1,718,853	\$1,758,715	\$1,959,099	\$1,497,974	\$1,815,586	\$1,950,682
Transient occupancy taxes	3,042,315	3,430,487	3,768,443	3,948,825	4,456,456	5,037,136	5,622,943	5,952,810	5,888,876	6,415,794
Sales tax	606'029	796,563	965,528	1,021,131	985,555	1,019,262	1,235,143	1,290,068	1,222,837	1,265,293
Other taxes	348,285	312,778	323,873	326,135	377,858	422,361	396,009	464,158	444,103	448,215
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	15,665	24,494	(4		ě	# 6	* 0			. 000
Investment income	11,517	9,693	1,331	* 4	7,669	15,502	24,848	14,189	69,388	136,950
Other general revenue	1	57,164	40,450	151,796	135,088	72,181	73,104	98,300	•)	300,744
Donations for community pool	1000 010 11	, 000 0307	® 1	1	(000 12)	(100 400)	(185 011)	, ,	7 500	(366 464)
net Hanslers Total governmental activities	4.389.415	5,456,798	6,735,050	7,133,653	7,609,579	8,215,757	9,126,135	9,317,565	\$9,448,290	\$10,151,214
			(continued)							
Business-type activities:								,	1	
Investment income	* *		8. (5,662	8,927	8,220	4,004	30,892	73,752	366,464
Tansters	1,353,000	808,808	•	, A GR2	80.827	117.620	189 015	30.892	66.252	481.411
Total busin less-type activities Total primary government	\$5,743,284	\$6,316,606	\$6,735,050	\$7,139,315	\$7,690,406	\$8,333,377	\$9,315,150	\$9,348,457	\$9,514,542	\$10,632,625
Change in not nocition										
Governmental activities	\$113,138	(\$363,378)	\$718,442	\$1,719,304	\$2,755,492	\$3,502,026	\$2,387,536	\$ 5,742,360	\$ 6,783,520	\$ 2,838,868
Business-type activities	635,080	(349,142)	1,364,604	1,448,090	1,218,471	(367,354)	(163,678)	4,120,382	(418,493)	2,426,969
Total primary government	\$748,218	(\$712,520)	\$2,083,046	\$3,167,394	\$3,973,963	\$3,134,672	\$2,223,858	\$9,862,742	\$6,365,027	\$5,265,837

Schedule 3
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General fund:										
Reserved	\$ 154,504	ı \$	 ↔	€	€9	€	· •	€	· \$	° +
Unreserved	778,500	ĸ	E	Ŀ	Ř	ï	20	į	ė	i)
Nonspendable (1)	i i	16,911	311,927	606,843	613,509	614,207	1,031,743	979,065	1,318,738	746,046
Unassigned (1)	ı	(455)	646,165	1,858,588	4,242,111	6,580,837	7,310,881	7,476,508	6,956,983	7,116,007
Total general fund	933,004	16,456	958,092	2,465,431	4,855,620	7,195,044	8,342,624	8,455,573	8,275,721	7,862,053
All other governmental funds:										
Reserved	1000	(00)	1000	(10)	10			1	t	00
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	1,151,093	ж	38		ì	ř	*		3	ï
Capital projects funds	2,158,730	Œ	J ()	£	ij	•	٠	ï	ř	r
Nonspendable (1)	£:	6	t:	Ċ	6,249,139	6,231,098	6,187,621	ţ	e	r
Restricted for capital improvements	а	398,097	397,158	397,176	233,858	210,716	210,736	201,431	84,726	80,364
Restricted for affordable housing	¥	628,868	551,931	485,175	741,581	823,486	454,128	6,762,308	6,359,135	5,510,954
Restricted for streets	¥	327,317	351,173	344,747	410,084	486,462	511,613	928,596	1,041,883	1,539,707
Restricted for facilities	r	50,584	32,037	166,893	14,135	23,311	38,460	382,491	284,673	379,096
Restricted for public safety	0000	125,782	132,025	319,186	543,524	396,777	223,670	537,920	636,680	1,268,488
Restricted for parks	ä	2,150	2,152	150	1,578	3,303	2,788	10,525	6,817	15,328
Restricted for debt service	ar	1,708	31	ä	Ĩ	į	9.	8	*	ï
Total all other governmental funds	3,309,823	1,534,506	1,466,476	1,713,327	8,193,899	8,175,153	7,629,016	8,823,271	8,413,914	8,793,937
Total Governmental funds	\$4,242,827	\$1,550,962	\$2,424,568	\$4,178,758	\$4,178,758 \$13,049,519	\$15,370,197	\$15,971,640 \$17,278,844		\$16,689,635	\$16,655,990

(1) The City of Calistoga implemented GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011; implementation is done prospectively as the City did not have the information to restate prior year fund balance classifications.

CITY OF CALISTOGA
Schedule 4
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Debt Service Ratio of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues:										
Property Taxes	\$ 1,654,593	\$ 1,685,427 \$	1,635,425	\$ 1,685,766	\$ 1,718,854	\$ 1,758,715	\$ 1,959,099 \$	1,497,974 \$	1,815,586	\$ 1,950,682
Sales Taxes	620,909			1,021,131	985,555	1,019,262	1,235,143	1,290,068		
Transient Occupancy Taxes	3.042,315	3,430,487	3,768,443	3,948,825	4,456,456	5,037,136	5,622,943	5,952,810	5,888,876	6.663.478
Other Taxes	292,758	312,778	323,873	326,135	377,858	422,361	396,009	464,158	444,103	448,215
Licenses and permits	65,849	65,022	64,458	81,436	135,763	131,136	142,198	256,445	263,690	137,714
Fines and forfeitures	42,577	53,486	55,989	33,075	35,799	51,192	21,661	25,390	35,320	32,205
Intergovernmental	1,869,131	1,324,812	338,865	382,499	519,468	455,942	1,636,185	1,587,309	5,993,793	1,428,183
Interest and rents	28,893	61,280	43,963	50,969	77,845	110,817	93,606	44,330	132,507	1,535,102
Charges for services	744,437	677,254	723,338	1,185,644	2,001,041	1,511,202	1,362,977	3,061,082	1,709,806	1,369,160
Other	146,261	229,222	209,747	213,665	201,649	287,134	1,154,645	1,073,344	545,309	532,330
Total revenues	8,557,723	8,636,331	8,129,629	8,929,145	10,510,288	10,784,897	13,624,466	15,252,910	18,051,827	15,362,362
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	1,417,360	1,829,295	1,556,860	1,579,047	1,473,573	1,786,396	2,396,840	2,088,814	2,092,138	2,673,145
Public safety	3,063,619	3,054,689	2,895,021	3,048,884	3,054,999	3,237,681	3,749,614	4,953,275	4,843,267	4,976,158
Community services	373,314	363,846	305,753	308,744	336,825	348,400	447,650	512,205	556,105	728,536
Housing	1,364,524	123,490	124,195	68,041	97,083	203,618	1,291,834	586,017	632,062	426,620
Recreation Services	359,023	442,875	220,454	188,858	208,062	167,359	187,625	210,110	245,419	327,850
Public works	941,969	1,026,442	945,245	971,710	1,133,752	1,201,724	1,405,092	2,259,778	6,329,811	2,022,087
Planning and Building	616,410	602,200	395,207	414,528	659,254	660,539	616,614	921,034	822,836	755,208
Debt service:										
Debt Issuance Costs	ě	Ť		9		s.	¥	3	31	¥
Principal retirement	354,934	355,760	372,618	255,754	130,457	136,994	228,559	362,059	291,609	298,785
Interest and fiscal charges	270,472	295,855	277,011	221,411	212,186	205,649	248,451	98,043	82,293	75,117
Capital Outlay	1,104,295	2,373,936	100,771	89,095	246,485	302,577	2,070,285	1,863,342	2,695,294	2,207,955
Total expenditures	9,865,920	10,468,388	7,193,135	7,146,072	7,552,676	8,250,937	12,642,564	13,854,677	18,590,834	14,491,461
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(1,308,197)	(1,832,057)	936,494	1,783,073	2,957,612	2,533,960	981,902	1,398,233	(539,007)	870,901
Other financing sources (uses): Contractual settlements	720.154	3	3		9	(6		(14	ā	
Debt Proceeds		ř.	.01	•	9	8	*1	¥.	69,215	£
Transfers in	1,276,759	1,761,929	925,860	883,520	1,012,004	1,302,967	1,484,337	1,742,655	2,301,231	1,870,420
Transfers out	(2,281,967)	(2,621,737)	(988,747)	(912,403)	(1,347,994)	(1,516,249)	(1,764,796)	(1,833,684)	(2,420,651)	(2,774,966)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(285,054)	(829,808)	(62,887)	(28,883)	(335,990)	(213,282)	(280,459)	(91,029)	(50,205)	(904,546)
Special Item: Contributions for Pool	٠	ń	•	ē	•0	•	٠	ě	NS.	ic.
Net change in fund balances	(\$1,593,251)	(\$2,691,865)	\$873,607	\$1,754,190	\$2,621,622	\$2,320,678	\$701,443	\$1,307,204	(\$589,212)	(\$33,645)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.1%	8.1%	9.1%	98.9	4.7%	4.4%	4.9%	4.2%	3.4%	3.2%

CITY OF CALISTOGA Schedule 5 Transient Occupancy Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years

% Net TOT Collected	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Net TOT Collected	\$3,042,315	3,430,487	3,768,443	3,948,825	4,456,456	5,037,134	5,622,943	5,952,806	5,888,481	6,415,794
Sales Tax Credit (2)	↔	ï	ä	•	1	ľ	ĸ	£	9	(1)
Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) 12% (2)	\$ 3,042,315	3,430,487	3,768,443	3,948,825	4,456,456	5,037,134	5,622,943	5,952,806	5,888,481	6,415,794
Net Taxable Receipts	\$ 25,352,625	28,587,391	31,403,692	32,912,424	37,137,130	41,976,114	46,857,825	49,606,715	49,070,678	53,456,789
Exemptions & Credits (1)	\$ 21,884	14,681	15,615	8,075	6,989	11,601	50,717	16,764	101,062	39,127
Gross Receipts (1)	\$ 25,374,509 \$ 21,884 \$ 25,352,625 \$ 3,042,315	28,602,072	31,419,307	32,920,499	37,144,119	41,987,715	46,908,542	49,623,479	49,171,740	53,495,916
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

(1) Source: City of Calistoga Transient Occupancy Tax Data

CITY OF CALISTOGA
Schedule 6
Principal Transient Occupancy Tax Payers - In Alphabetical Order
Last Ten Years

					a.	Rooms						
Operator	Type		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Calistoga Spa	Hotel Resort		22	22	57	25	22	57	27	57	25	22
The Bergson	Inn/Motel		ř	*		*	*	1	,	21	21	21
**The Sunburst Calistoga	Hotel Resort		4		9.5	3(0)	41	41	41	4	41	20
Cottage Grove Inn	Inn/Motel		16	16	16	16	16	16	16			1
Golden Haven	Hotel Resort		31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Indian Springs & Lodge	Hotel Resort		40	40	40	40	40	116	116	116	116	116
Lodge at Calistoga	Inn/Motel		55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Mt. View Hotel	Hotel Resort		33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Roman Spa	Hotel Resort		09	09	09	09	09	9	09	09	09	09
Solage Calistoga	Hotel Resort		88	88	88	68	88	68	88	88	88	88
Stevenson Manor Inn	Inn/Mote!		34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Wilkinson's Hot Springs	Hotel Resort	ļ	42	42	42	42	×	ě	٠	¥.	ě	
Total Top Ten Operators - Rooms	оот		498	457	457	457	456	532	532	537	537	546
Total Rooms		ļ	069	688	688	069	069	764	764	764	764	755
As % of Total Rooms-All Operators	erators		72%	%99	%99	%99	%99	%02	%02	%02	%02	72%
Total Net Transient Occupancy Tax Revenues	ncy Tax Revenues	€>	3,042,315 \$	3,430,487 \$	3,768,443 \$	3,948,825 \$	4,456,456 \$	5,037,134 \$	5,622,943 \$	5,952,806 \$	\$ 5,888,876 \$	6,415,794
Total Top Ten Operator Tax Revenues	Revenues	69	2,581,676 \$	2,828,801 \$	3,135,485 \$	3,359,920 \$	3,653,238 \$	4,185,277 \$	4,736,	5,051,	5,116	5,678,087
As % of Total Tax Revenue			85%	82%	83%	85%	85%	83%	84%	85%	82%	%68

^{**}The Sunburst Calistoga was previously known as Calistoga Village Inn & Spa

Source: City of Calistoga Transient Occupancy Tax Data

City of Calistoga Schedule 7 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

15,216,477 2016 14,493,592 2017

[1] Source: Napa County Auditor-Controller (2) Source: U.S. State Department of Finance

City of Calistoga Schedule 8 Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2019

2018-19 Assessed Valuation (Secured & Unsecured):	\$1,045,154,639				(1)
	Total Debt <u>6/30/2019</u>	% Applicable (1)	City's S Debt 6	City's Share of Debt 6/30/19	
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:					
Napa Joint Community College District	98,889,699	2,638%		2,608,710	
Calistoga Joint Unified School District	22,224,514	36.217%	∞ ∽	8,049,052	
Total overlapping tax and assessment debt			\$10,6	\$10,657,762	
DIRECT DEBT: City of Calistoga Lease/Certificates of Participation	2,917,963	100.000%	⇔	2,917,963	(2)
Total direct debt			\$ 2,9	\$ 2,917,963	
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Napa County Certificates of Participation	17,740,000	2.661%	↔	472,061	
Napa County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	2,320,000	2.661%	↔	61,735	
Calistoga Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	345,000	36.217%	69	124,949	
Total overlapping general fund debt			Ø ↔	658,745	
Total direct debt			7,	2,917,963	
Total overlapping debt			=	11,316,508	
Combined debt		s .	\$14,2	\$14,234,471	(3)
Ratios to 2018-19 Assessed Valuation (Secured & Unsecured):	cured):				
Total overlapping tax and assessment debt				1.02%	
Total direct debt				0.28%	
Combined Total Debt				1.36%	

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the City.

⁽²⁾ Includes all Governmental Activities long-term debt less estimate of compensated absences and Claims & Settlements

⁽³⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Source: California Municipal Statistics Inc., provided percentages applicable to the City which are applied to the total outstanding debt amount as reported by the County of Napa. Assessed valuation total is provided by the County of Napa.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Calistoga Schedule 9

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Assessed valuation (Secured)	\$654,464,952	\$654,464,952 \$651,533,812	\$ 676,866,460	\$ 686,878,025	\$ 707,262,503	\$ 741,509,414	\$843,564,016	\$ 899,830,721	\$ 986,011,210	\$686,878,025 \$707,262,503 \$741,509,414 \$843,564,016 \$899,830,721 \$986,011,210 \$1,045,154,639
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	163,616,238	162,883,453	169,216,615	171,719,506	176,815,626	185,377,354	210,891,004	224,957,680	246,502,803	261,288,660
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	\$ 24,542,436	\$ 24,542,436 \$ 24,432,518	\$ 25,382,492	\$ 25,757,926	\$ 25,757,926 \$ 26,522,344 \$ 27,806,603 \$ 31,633,651 \$ 33,743,652	\$ 27,806,603	\$ 31,633,651	\$ 33,743,652	\$ 36,975,420	\$ 39,193,299
Total net debt applicable to limit: Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 5,720,826 \$	\$ 5,559,954	\$ 5,085,044	\$ 4,735,348	\$ 4,498,434	\$ 4,261,955	\$ 3,977,587	\$ 3,563,094	\$ 3,216,746	\$ 2,917,961
Legal debt margin	18,821,610	18,872,564	20,297,448	21,022,578	22,023,910	23,544,648	27,656,064	30,180,558	33,758,674	36,275,338
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	23.3%	22.8%	20.0%	18.4%	17.0%	15.3%	12.6%	10.6%	8.7%	7.4%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Source: City of Calistoga Napa County Tax Assessor's Office

City of Calistoga Schedule10 Pledged Revenue Coverage Water

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Coverage	-31 0%	%U \$2-	-26.7%	93.0%	82.0%	28.3%	47.4%	72.8%	-15.1%	102.9%	n (COPS)		Coverage		%0	%0	%0	1093%	1606%	765%	184%	1407%	467%	1645%
ırch Agmt	<u>Interest</u>	\$ 203 898	199 149	194,005	191,284	182,441	176,003	169,111	161,794	153,991	112,033	of Participatio	rvice	Interest		§ 69	•	3	4,054	50,679	76,300	75,071	73,559	72,009	70,421
2005 Install Purch Agmt	Debt Service Principal Inte	155 000		165,000	170,000	175,000	185,000	185,000	195,000	200,000	185,000	2011 Certificate of Participation (COPS)	Debt Service	Principal		, Ω	ÿ.	à	26,000	57,000	58,000	60,000	61,000	63,000	64,000
Rev Bonds	ervice Interest	,	8 1	= 30) XI	(a)	3E	200	(0.7	u	¥7		Water CIP	Revenues		; ⇔	Ĩ	ş	656,613	1,729,681	355,312	248,047	1,892,633	630,308	2,211,693
1983 Water Rev Bonds	Debt Service Principal Inter	,	i i	•	i	Ĩ	90	ï	Ü	r.	•		Fiscal	Year		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Rev Bonds	ervice <u>Interest</u>		i 1	()	: ar	23	(30)	(10)	C	10	¥C														
1972 Water Rev Bonds	Debt Service Principal Inter				ar.	3	(347)	002	•11)	¥°	ř			Coverage		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	E
	Pledged Available Revenue	(111 258)	(258 450)	(95,688)	335,966	292,928	102,034	(167,708)	259,918	(53,379)	305,732	(1)	S S S S	Interest		\$ 108,850	101,549	89,880	84,068	82,799	81,487	80,131	78,687	77,199	Ĕ
	Less Operating Expenses	2 201 394	2,251,354	2,330,322	2.023.640	2,390,168	2,237,203	2,757,455	2,359,486	2,784,144	2,878,032	Participation (CC	Debt Service	Principal		25,000	272,000	269,444	29,000	30,000	31,000	33,000	34,000	36,000	·
	Water Revenues		2,030,130	2,100,472	2,359,606	2,683,096	2,339,237	2,589,747	2,619,404	2,730,765	3,183,764	2008 Certificate of Participation (COPS) (1)	Measure A Sales Tax	Allocations		133,850 \$	373,549	359,324	113,068	112,799	112,487	113,131	112,687	113,199	ř
	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2010		2011	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	ζ]	H S S	Year	<u> </u>	2010 \$	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Operating Expenses do not include depreciation and amortization expenses.
(1) The Measure A Sales Tax Allocations revenues available for the 2008 COPS are only available through 2018 per an agreement with the County of Napa.

City of Calistoga Schedule 11 Pledged Revenue Coverage Wastewater

Last Ten Fiscal Years

2005 Certificates of Participation (COPS)	Coverage		19.6%	33.6%	%6.39	80.2%	77.5%	91.7%	45.2%	85.3%	22.7%	101.8%
ates of Partic	ervice		\$ 82,569	81,558	80,504	79,411	78,264	77,070	75,824	74,532	73,181	ř
2005 Certific	Debt Service Principal Inter	5	\$ 23,800	24,800	25,700	27,000	28,100	29,300	30,400	31,800	33,200	*
g Fund Loan	<u>rvice</u> Interest		\$ 116,199	109,767	103,167	96,396	89,449	82,322	75,375	67,857	59,808	51,909
2005 Revolving Fund Loan	Debt Service Princinal Inte	5	\$ 247,392	253,824	260,423	267,194	274,141	281,269	288,582	296,085	303,783	311,682
2001 Install Purch Agmt	Debt Service		\$ 147,602	142,577	141,234	137,665	133,813	129,603	125,068	120,198	114,982	141,785
2001 Install	Debt S Principal	5	\$ 75,000	80,000	85,000	85,000	90,000	95,000	100,000	105,000	110,000	290,000
	Pledged Available Revenue		\$ 136,081	232,539	458,585	555,716	537,797	637,245	314,338	593,451	386,828	809,669
	Less Operating	2021	\$ 1,803,556	1,719,373	1,670,785	1,725,797	1,791,468	1,738,274	2,116,601	1,873,908	2,122,121	2,108,937
	Wastewater		\$ 1,939,637	1,951,912	2,129,370	2,281,513	2,329,265	2,375,519	2,430,939	2,467,359	2,508,949	2,918,606
	Fiscal	<u> </u>	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating Expenses do not include depreciation and amortization expenses.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years City of Calistoga Schedule 12

Unemployment Rate (2)	7.9%	7.2%	4.7%	4.0%	1.20%	1.00%	1.00%	2.10%	2.40%	Unavailable
Per Capita Personal Income (2)	26,749	27,164	29,799	30,586	33,445	33,690	33,002	34,528	40,186	Unavailable
Personal Income (in thousands) (2)	143,642	141,253	154,776	159,781	174,583	174,519	172,865	184,178	219,136	Unavailable
Population (1)	5,370	5,200	5,194	5,224	5,220	5,180	5,238	5,334	5,453	5,453
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Sources:

(1) US Census for 2010, State Department of Finance 2001-2014 (2) State of California Employment Development Department for Napa County

City of Calistoga Schedule 13 Taxable Sales by Category

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ļ	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Apparel stores	↔	1,803	₩	1,822	↔	1,916	↔	1,954	↔	1,800	↔	1,364	↔	1,381	↔	1,745	()	1,930	↔	1,830
Eating and drinking places		16,565		16,327		18,383		16,705		19,002		22,657		24,811		24,303		23,570		22,236
Auto Dealers and Supplies		434		217		177		203		311		331		384		336		321		314
Other retail stores		30,974		34,470		39,336		40,130		38,179		36,414		36,553		33,965		34,733		37,869
All other outlets		20,314		23,496		27,024		31,097		33,269		36,355		58,932		49,653		47,556		52,443
total	↔	\$ 70,090 \$ 76	₩	76,332 \$	₩	\$6,836 \$	₩	- 1 - 1	€	92,561	€	97,121	↔	122,061	₩	90,089 \$ 92,561 \$ 97,121 \$ 122,061 \$ 110,002 \$ 108,110 \$ 114,692	₩	108,110	₩	114,692

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue. Source: State of California Board of Equalization and the Hdl Companies

^{*}Information for 2019 is not available.

CITY OF CALISTOGA
Schedule 14
Principal Employers - In alphabetical order
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	289	113	136	75	63	82	20	(10)	72	20	25
	2018	291	86	139	75	61	82	52	53	45	24	(0)
	2017	308	105	126	75	52	83	48	46	46	27	100
	2016	308	106	120	75	49	75	49	46	43	33	300
yees	2015	330	105	120	75	22	77	28	43	42	24	i . E7
# of Employees	2014	320	110	101	75	2	92	20	26	41	37	•
**	2013	320	105	86	100	25	65	20	46	4	33	
	2012	287	107	96	78	99	61	20	42	40	33	ř
	2011	284	105	87	88	61	65	20	32	40	35	ġ.
	2010 N/A											
Employer		1 Solage Spa & Resort	2 Calistoga Joint Unified School District	3 Indian Springs	4 Calistoga Spa Hot Springs	5 City of Calistoga	6 Cal Mart	7 Calistoga Inn Restaurant	8 Brannans	9 Golden Haven Spa	10 Mount View Hotel And Spa	11 Gohan Restaurant Group

Source: City of Calistoga Business License Applications Information prior to 2011 is not available

City of Calistoga Schedule 15 Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Elooted Officials	9	2	00 3	20	90	9	9	9	0	8
	0.0	3.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	90.0	9.00	00.0
Staff Positions - Full and Part Time										
Support Services	6.50	6.50	5.50	5.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
Community Services & Recreation	7.00	9.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	8.00
Fire Services	00'9	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.50
Planning & Building	4.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.50	3.50	4.00
Police Services	17.00	16.00	15.00	14.50	14.50	15.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	18.00
Public Works	19.00	19.00	18.50	18.00	16.50	17.50	19.00	18.50	18.50	17.00
Total All Full Time & Part Time Equivalent Staff Positions	59.50	61.00	55.50	54.00	53.50	56.50	61.00	61.50	61.50	63.00
Total All Full Time Staff Positions	51.00	50.00	43.00	44.00	43.00	46.00	49.00	52.00	52.00	55.00
Total Part Time Equivalent Positions [1]	8.50	11.00	12.50	10.00	10.50	11.50	12.00	9.50	9.50	8.00

Source: City of Calistoga Quarterly Payroll Reports

[1] 2080 Part-time hours calculated as 1 Full Time Position. Fire Part-time is calculated at 2,912 hours

City of Calistoga Schedule 16 Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

99	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
olice: Calls for Service	6,346	6,063	5,613	7,534	10,416	9,592	4,098	3,844	4,048	3,903
Part one crimes	156	115	81	103	116	105	109	113	111	80
Physical arrests	418	404	304	214	325	233	06	238	264	201
Traffic violations	523	481	406	321	287	314	86	374	394	286
ire: Calls for service	086	1,000	980	1,010	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,023	1,025	1,075
Vater System:										
Service connections	1,524	1,524	1,378	1,419	1,429	1,429	1,546	1,546	1,594	1,594
Fire hydrants	162	164	163	172	172	175	177	177	202	184
Est. Daily average gallons produced	670,449	670,449	632,903	642,000	600,000	633,360	534,360	641,349	618,000	629,000
Est. Maximum daily available gallons	1,872,000	1,872,000	1,864,393	1,864,393	1,864,393	1,864,400	1,864,400	1,864,400	1,864,400	1,864,400
Est. Gallons of storage capacity	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,600,000
Vastewater:										
Service connections Est. Treatment plant-average dry	1,333	1,334	1,334	1,016	1,026	1,035	1,356	1,356	1,370	1,370
weather flow in gallons Est Maximum daily permit dry	490,000	490,000	500,000	200,000	200,000	200'000	396,000	502,000	440,000	467,000
weather flow in gallons	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000	840,000

Source: City of Calistoga

City of Calistoga Schedule 17 Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

,	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
olice: Stations Patrol Vehicles	1 1	1 /	1 /	- 0	T 0	← ₹	← ₩	∠ ℃	<i>⊢</i> 4	7- 5
ire: Fire stations Number of in service apparatus	~ 0	- ∞	~ ∞	1 7	1 /	1 ~	1 ~	1 /	1	1 /
Public works: Streets (miles) Streetlights and vintage street lights Traffic signals	15 325 2	15 325 2	15 325 2	15 359 2	15 359 2	15 359	15 379	15 379	15 379	15 379
Parks and Recreation: Parks (Logyv, Pioneer, Heather, Fireman's & Cyrus Creek) Community Pool Community and Teen Centers Park acreage developed Park acreage undeveloped Tennis Courts Community Garden Museum	0 + 0 2 0 & + +	0 + 4 to 4	0 - 0 t 0 0 0	0 + 0 t 0 0 0 + +	0 + 9 7 8 9 8 + 4	80020 ++	8004 ++	8004 **	8004	8004
Water System: Water mains (miles) Service connections Fire hydrants Est. Daily average gallons produced Est. Maximum daily available gallons Est. Gallons of storage capacity	36 1,524 162 670,449 1,872,000 1,000,000	36 1,524 164 670,449 1,872,000	36 1,378 163 632,903 1,864,393 1,000,000	36 1,419 172 642,000 1,864,393 2,500,000	36 1,429 172 600,000 1,864,393 2,500,000	36 1,528 175 633,360 1,864,400 2,500,000	36 1,546 177 534,360 1,864,400 2,500,000	36 1,546 177 641,349 1,864,400 2,500,000	41 1,594 202 618,000 1,864,400 2,500,000	40 1,594 184 629,000 1,864,400 2,600,000
Wastewater: Sanitary sewers (miles) Service connections Est. Treatment plant-average dry weather flow in gallons Est. Maximum daily permit dry weather flow in gallons	16 1,333 490,000 840,000	16 1,334 490,000 840,000	16 1,334 500,000 840,000	16 1,019 500,000 840,000	16 1,029 500,000 840,000	16 1,035 500,000 840,000	1,356 396,000 840,000	1,356 502,000 840,000	19 1,370 440,000	13 1,370 467,000 840,000

Source: City of Calistoga

CITY OF CALISTOGA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



BERRY STREET BED & BREAKFAST

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT