			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes
	c)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
Discu	ssior	n:				
	of the reg	bject project would not permit the construction of new facilition active farmland to any other use. The very limited amendments draft ordinance would not conflict with the Williamson Activations limit maximum winery parcel-coverage and winery econversion of special status farmland to a non-agricultural users.	nts to allowed wor any known Noore	vinery-accessor Williamson Act	y uses propo contract. Exi	sed in sting
Mitig	ation	Measures: None are required.				
Mitig	ation		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitig	AII		Significant Impact I by the applicat	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation ole air quality ma	Significant Impact	Impact
	AII	Measures: None are required. R QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established	Significant Impact I by the applicat	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation ole air quality ma	Significant Impact	Impact
	AII	Measures: None are required. R QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established llution control district may be relied upon to make the following d	Significant Impact I by the applicat	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation ole air quality ma	Significant Impact anagement or ct:	Impact
	AII pol	Measures: None are required. R QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established llution control district may be relied upon to make the following d Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to	Significant Impact I by the applicat	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation ole air quality ma	Significant Impact anagement or ct:	Impact
	AII pol	Measures: None are required. R QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established flution control district may be relied upon to make the following description with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is nonattainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed	Significant Impact I by the applicat	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation ole air quality ma	Significant Impact anagement or ct:	Impact

A Note on Green House Gas Emissions

In 2006, the State Legislature enacted Assembly Bill 32, requiring the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to design measures and rules to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions statewide to 1990 levels no later than 2020. The measures and regulations to meet the 2020 target are to be put in effect by 2012, and the regulatory development of these measures is ongoing. In August 2007, the Legislature enacted Senate Bill 97, which among other things, directed the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) to propose new CEQA regulations for the evaluation and mitigation of GHG emissions. SB 97 directs OPR to develop such guidelines by July 2009, and directs the state Resources Agency (the agency responsible for adopting CEQA regulations) to certify and adopt such regulations by January 2010. This effort is underway; however, to date neither the State nor Napa County has adopted explicit thresholds of significance for GHG emissions, although the State has recently adopted changes to the State CEQA Guidelines which suggest that agencies may consider (among other factors) the extent to which a project complies with requirements adopted to implement a statewide, regional, or local plan for the reduction or mitigation of GHG (State CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.4(b)(3)). Also, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) has proposed compliance with a "qualified climate action plan" as a threshold of significance, along with a quantitative threshold of 1,100 MTCO2e/yr (metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents per year) for land use projects.

Overall increases in green house gas (GHG) emissions in Napa County were assessed in the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) prepared for the Napa County General Plan Update and certified in June 2008. GHG emissions were found to be significant and unavoidable despite adoption of mitigation measures that incorporated specific policies and action items into the General Plan.

Consistent with these General Plan action items, Napa County participated in development of a community-wide GHG emissions inventory and "emission reduction framework" for all local jurisdictions in the County in 2008-2009. This planning effort was completed by the Napa County Transportation and Planning Agency (NCTPA) in December 2009, and is currently serving as the basis for development of a refined inventory and emission reduction plan for unincorporated Napa County.

Pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines §15183, because this initial study assesses a project that is consistent with an adopted General Plan for which an environmental impact report (EIR) was prepared, it appropriately focuses on impacts which are "peculiar to the project," rather than the cumulative impacts previously assessed. The proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance clarify existing definitions of winery marketing and winery tours and tastings and incrementally widen the class of products allowed to be sold at a winery. The timing and number of currently-approved winery marketing events would not be changed by this project, nor would the number of marketing or tours and tastings visitors allowed at a given facility. No new structural development is proposed. As a result, we foresee no increase in GHG emissions, either from traffic to and from wineries or from facility-related emissions, when compared to the currentlypermitted baseline condition. Project impacts related to GHG emissions are considered less than significant.

Discussion:

While the topographical and meteorological features of Napa County, and of the Napa Valley in particular, create a relatively high potential for air pollution, wine production does not produce air pollution in volumes substantial enough to result in an air quality plan conflict. The Bay Area Air Quality Management Plan states that projects that do not exceed a threshold of 2,000 vehicle trips per day will not impact air quality and do not require further study (BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines, p. 24). The proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance clarify existing definitions of winery marketing and winery tours and tastings and incrementally widen the class of products allowed to be sold at a winery. The timing and number of currently-approved winery marketing events would not be changed by this project, nor would the number of marketing or tours and tastings visitors allowed at a given facility. As a result, the County foresees no increase in traffic to and from wineries when compared to the currently-permitted baseline condition.

While the proposed changes may motivate existing, or future, wineries to request new or additional events or visitation volumes, the contours of those specific requests are speculative at this time and would be addressed as part of that future site- and project-specific review. The subject project would not conflict with or obstruct the implementation of any applicable air quality plan.

- b. Please see "a.", above. There are no projected or existing air quality violations in the area to which this proposal would contribute on a project-specific basis. The project would not result in any violations of applicable air quality standards. Cumulative impacts related to air quality standards were identified in the 2008 General Plan EIR. Significant cumulative impacts were identified, including a failure to comply with the Clean Air Plan, increased emissions of ozone precursors resulting primarily from vehicles, increased PM10 emissions, and a failure to fully support Clean Air Transportation Control Measures. Despite the adoption of mitigation measures that incorporated specific policies and action items into the General Plan, cumulative impacts related to air quality standards were found to be significant and unavoidable and a statement of overriding considerations was adopted.
- c. Please see "a." and "b.," above. The proposed project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase in any criteria pollutant for which the project region is in non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard. The proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance would permit neither new construction, nor new marketing events, nor any increase in winery visitation. Standard conditions of approval for any future construction project would require dust control measures. Cumulative impacts related to criteria pollutants were identified in the 2008 General Plan EIR. Significant cumulative impacts were identified, including increased emissions of ozone precursors resulting primarily from vehicles and increased PM10 emissions. Despite the adoption of mitigation measures that incorporated specific policies and action items into the General Plan, cumulative impacts related to criteria pollutants were found to be significant and unavoidable and a statement of overriding considerations was adopted.
- d.-e. This project includes clarifications to code language controlling winery marketing and visitation and a slight expansion of the products allowed to be sold at wineries. It will not expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations and will not create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people. Cumulative impacts related to impacts of sensitive receptors were identified in the 2008 General Plan EIR. Significant cumulative impacts were identified, including the location of new sensitive receptors near existing or future sources of toxic air contaminants. Despite the adoption of mitigation measures that incorporated specific policies and action items into the General Plan, cumulative impacts related to sensitive receptors were found to be significant and unavoidable and a statement of overriding considerations was adopted.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
IV.	BIG	DLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the project:				
	a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
	b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
	c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, Coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes
	d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				\boxtimes
	e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
	f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				\boxtimes
Disc	ıssio	n:				
ad.	T n m	the ordinance and interpretive guidance under review here autor the expansion of any existing winery facility. The timing are narketing events would not be changed by this project, nor we isitors allowed at a given facility. The project will not have an ot impact riparian habitat or federally protected wetlands, and the converted wetlands.	nd number of to ould the numb adverse impa	er of marketing ct on any specia	or tours and al status spec	tastings ies, will

This project neither proposes nor permits any new development and would not foreseeably result in the removal

of any existing tree. The project would not conflict with any local policy or ordinance protecting biological

e.

resources or any tree preservation policy or ordinance.

corridors, or wildlife nursery sites.

The subject ordinance and interpretive guidance authorize neither the construction of new wineries nor the f. expansion of any existing winery facility. The project will not conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan or other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan. Mitigation Measure(s): None are required. Less Than Potentially Significant Less Than Significant With Significant No Impact Impaci Mitigation Impact Incorporation CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project: V. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines §15064.5? b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines§15064.5? c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geological feature? d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? Discussion: The proposed project would not foreseeably result in new structural development or any alteration to existing structures. Future alterations to historically significant (or potentially significant) winery structures will require project-specific environmental analysis; the details of those future projects are currently unknown and unknowable. Neither this project nor any foreseeable resulting ministerial activity will cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historic resource. The very limited amendments to allowed winery-accessory uses and activities proposed in this project would not b,-d. directly result in any earth disturbing activity. This project will not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of any known archeological resource, will not impact any paleontological or geological resource, and will disturb human remains (wheresoever they may be interred). Mitigation Measure(s): None are required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VI.	GEOLOGY and SOILS. Would the project:				
;	 Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: 				
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.			\boxtimes	
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
	iv) Landslides?			\boxtimes	
	b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
	c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			\boxtimes	
	d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1997), creating substantial risks to life or property?			\boxtimes	
	e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?	, L		\boxtimes	
Discus					
a,i-iv.	The ordinance and interpretive guidance under review here new earth disturbing activities. As a result, the County anticipant impacts relative to any earthquake fault zone, soils with a higarea. While seismic activity is endemic to the Bay Area, all strequirements of the California Building Code, which function significant level.	th liquefaction processes are requestions are requested to reduce seis	potential, lands uired to be com smic-related ris	lides, or any aply with the ks to a less th	soil creep nan
b.	Please see "a.," above. This project will not result in significal foreseeable, any future construction projects would require it would be subject to the Napa County Stormwater Ordinance measures and dust control, as applicable, to ensure that developments and roadways.	which address	ses sediment ar	nd erosion co	ntrol

- c. Please see "a.," above. This project will not result in significant impacts on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that may become unstable, or which could potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse.
- d. While greater Napa County includes a number of soils that can be considered expansive (and an even greater number that can be considered expensive), this project does not include any new structural development. Risks to life and property will be less than significant.
- e. The Department of Environmental Management and Regional Water Quality Control Board have reviewed existing winery wastewater systems to ensure that all such systems are adequate to handle the flows associated with existing winery visitation. Should a winery request new or additional visitation at some point in the future, an equivalent review would occur as a component of the use permit (or use permit modification) approval process. As a matter of law, only wineries that demonstrate their ability to handle projected wastewater volumes are allowed to expand their marketing or visitation programs. This project will have a less than significant impact with regard to wastewater flows on incapable soils.

3.777		ZARDE AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Would the project	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VII.	a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	<u>.</u>			\boxtimes
	b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonable foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				\boxtimes
	c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes
	d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
	e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
	h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wild-land fires, including where wild-lands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wild-lands?				\boxtimes
Discu	ssioi	n:				
h Mitig	ha ev Th str	rectly or indirectly, in the release of any hazardous materials zardous materials sites, airports (be they public or private), or acuation plan. No project-related development is proposed a see proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance are not experienters to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving views individual winery development projects and provides in Measure(s): None are required.	or any emergend nd none is fore: ected to increas g wildland fires.	ry response of e seeable. e exposure of po . The Napa Cou conditions as no	mergency eople and/or nty Fire Mar	
			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VIII.	Н	YDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project:		1		
	a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
	b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?			\boxtimes	

				Less Than		
			Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?			\boxtimes	
	d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?			\boxtimes	
	e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			\boxtimes	
	f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
	g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?			\boxtimes	
	h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
	i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?			\boxtimes	
	j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?			\boxtimes	

- a. The subject project will not result in the violation of any water quality standard or waste discharge requirement. The project incorporates no new development and no earth disturbing activity. Any new development that may occur in the future would be subject to Department of Environmental Management permitting and would not violate water quality standards or waste discharge requirements.
- b. Minimum thresholds for water use have been established by the Department of Public Works using reports by the United States Geological Survey (USGS). These reports are the result of water resources investigations performed by the USGS in cooperation with the Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. Any project that reduces water usage or any water usage which is at or below the established threshold is assumed not to have a significant effect on groundwater levels.

The proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance would permit neither new construction, nor new marketing events, nor any increase in winery visitation. Groundwater use will not be increased beyond baseline levels as a result of the project. As a result, the project would not interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater level.

- There are no existing or planned stormwater systems that would be affected by this project. As noted throughout this document, no development or other earth disturbing activity is included in the project and none is directly c.-e. foreseeable.
- There is nothing included in this proposal that would otherwise substantially degrade water quality. The project f. does not constitute a development application and any future development approvals will be subject to County discretionary approval, Department of Environmental Management septic system approval, and Department of Public Works erosion control plan approval. The project will not have a substantial impact on water quality.
- While greater Napa County includes extensive areas within mapped floodplains, this project does not include any g.-i. new structural development. The project will not expose people or structures to significant risks associated with flooding.
- In coming years, higher global temperatures are expected to raise sea level by expanding ocean water, melting mountain glaciers and small ice caps, and causing portions of Greenland and the Antarctic ice sheets to melt. The j. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change estimates that the global average sea level will rise between 0.6 and 2 feet over the next century (IPCC, 2007). However, the project would permit neither new construction, nor new marketing events, nor any increase in winery visitation. The project will not alter the baseline condition with regard to the risk of inundation from tsunami, seiche, or mudflow.

Mitigation Measures: None are required.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
IX.	LA	ND USE AND PLANNING. Would the project:				
	a) b)	Physically divide an established community? Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or				\boxtimes
	~ ′	regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes
	c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

- The ordinance and interpretive guidance proposed here could not, in any imagined universe, divide an established community. The project includes no structural development and will not allow any winery visitation a. beyond currently-approved baseline levels.
- The Napa County General Plan, as revised and updated in 2008, includes several policies which function to b. reinforce and clarify the obvious connection between grape growing, wine production, and the marketing of wine. General Plan Policy Ag/LU-2 states that all three activities are inherently agricultural;

"Agriculture" is defined as the raising of crops, trees, and livestock; the production and processing of agricultural products; and related marketing, sales, and other accessory uses...

General Plan Policy Ag/LU-13 further elucidates the relationship between wine making and wine marketing;

"The 1990 Winery Definition Ordinance recognized certain pre-existing wineries and winery uses as well as new wineries. For wineries approved after the effective date of that ordinance, agricultural processing includes tours and tastings by appointment only, retail sales of wine produced by or for the winery partially or totally from Napa County grapes, retail sale of wine-related items, activities for the education and development of consumers and members of the wine trade with respect to wine produced by or at the winery, and limited non-commercial food service. The later activity may include wine-food parings. All tours and tastings, retail sales, marketing activities, and noncommercial food service must be accessory to the principal use of the facility as an agricultural processing facility. Nothing in this policy shall alter the definition of "agriculture" set forth in Policy AG/LU-2."

With regard to the vast majority of the changes proposed in this project (and, to be specific, we are speaking of the proposed amendments to the Zoning Code definitions of "marketing of wine" and of "tours and tastings" and the interpretive guidance document), the proposed language is entirely declarative of existing policy. To the extent that the changes reinforce the boundary between legitimate agricultural marketing activities and those activities which would be deemed not to be incidental and subordinate to agriculture, the proposal both complies with and actively implements Ag/LU-2 and Ag/LU-13.

Language in the draft ordinance which would allow the "sale of wine-related products" at wineries located within the AW or AP zoning districts differs from the above in that it *does* represent a change from existing policy. However, the changes are entirely consistent with Ag/LU-13, which allows the, "retail sale of wine-related items" at approved wineries. The ordinance and interpretive guidance proposed here do not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation.

c. The project includes no development, it will not conflict with any habitat conservation or natural community conservation plans.

				Less Than			
			Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
Χ.	MI	NERAL RESOURCES. Would the project:					
	a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes	
	b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes	

Historically, the two most valuable mineral commodities in Napa County in economic terms have been mercury a.-b. and mineral water. More recently, building stone and aggregate have become economically valuable. This project includes neither structural development, nor grading, nor any change in permitted winery visitation. No impact to mineral resources is foreseeable.

Mitigation Measures: None are required.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XI.	NC	DISE. Would the project result in:				
	a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes	
	b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?			\boxtimes	
	c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			\boxtimes	
	đ)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			\boxtimes	
	e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
	f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

Noise from winery operations is generally limited; however, winery marketing events and regular tours and a.-d. tasting visitation can create noise impacts. The Napa County Exterior Noise Ordinance, which was adopted in 1984, sets the maximum permissible received sound level for a rural residence as 45 db between the hours of 10 p.m. and 7 a.m. While the 45 db limitation is strict (45 db is roughly equivalent to the sound generated by a quiet conversation), Napa County's agricultural zoning districts have large minimum lot sizes and generally very lowdensity residential development. Continuing enforcement of Napa County's Exterior Noise Ordinance by the Department of Environmental Management and the Napa County Sheriff, including the prohibition against outdoor amplified music, will ensure that marketing events and other winery activities do not create a significant noise impact.

ef.	The project would not affect any airport land use plan or any air	port (be it publ	lic or private).		
Mitig	ation Measures: None are required.				
XII.	POPULATION and HOUSING. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			\boxtimes	
	b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
	c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
Discu	ssion:				
<i>a</i> .	The Association of Bay Area Governments' <i>Projections</i> 2009 figure County is projected to increase some 7.2% by the year 2035, while increase by 29% in the same period (Metropolitan Transportation of ABAG's Projections 2009 - 2000-2035 Data Summary, September via use permit on a winery-by-winery basis, nothing proposed is winery employment levels. This project will not affect the existing substantial population growth. Cumulative impacts related to perfect the 2008 General Plan EIR. As set forth in Government Code §65 improvement and development of housing to make adequate prosegments of the community. Similarly, CEQA recognizes the immenvironmental damage with the provision of a "decent home and Californian." (See Public Resources Code §21000(g).) The 2008 Ceplan for meeting regional housing needs, during the present and environmental, economic, and fiscal factors and community goals.	le county-wide in Commission, 2009). Because in this project wing jobs/housing opulation and lesso, the Countrovision for the aportance of bald satisfying living living living living housing living housing living housing living housing living housing living housing	employment is Superdistrict an winery employ ould alter base; balance and whousing balance y of Napa must housing needs ancing the preving environments forth the Courts and the Courts an	projected to d County Sun yment is establine County-vill not induced were identified facilitate the of all economiention of the for every unty's long-rated.	nmaries blished wide e fied in
bc.	The proposed project will not result in the loss of any existing he construction of replacement housing elsewhere. No one will be one				
Mitiga	ation Measures: None are required.				

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIII.	PUBLIC SERVICES. Would the project result in:				
	a) Substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
	Fire protection?			\boxtimes	
	Police protection?			\boxtimes	
	Schools?				\boxtimes
					\boxtimes
	Parks? Other public facilities?				\boxtimes
	Other bunit ratifice:				

This project includes no development and will not, in and of itself, result in any increased demand for public services. To a greater or lesser extent all existing wineries in Napa County are currently served by the Napa County Sheriff's Department and Napa County Fire; the Zoning Code text amendment and associated policy guidance proposed here will do nothing to alter that baseline condition. No impacts to schools, parks, or other public facilities are foreseeable.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIV.	RI	ECREATION. Would the project:		•		
	a)	Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes
	b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes
Discu	ssio	n:	·			
ab.	fac	nis project includes no development and will not, in and of its cilities. The project does not include recreational facilities that vironment.				
Mitig	ation	n Measures: None are required.				
			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant - Impact	No Impact
XV.	TR	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the project:				
	a)	Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?			\boxtimes	
	b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 1		\boxtimes	
	c)	standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?			\$2_3/	
						\boxtimes
	d)	agency for designated roads or highways? Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that result in				\boxtimes
	d)	agency for designated roads or highways? Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that result in substantial safety risks? Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature, (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses				<u> </u>
		agency for designated roads or highways? Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that result in substantial safety risks? Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature, (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				<u> </u>

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				\boxtimes

a.-b. The proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance clarify existing definitions of winery marketing and winery tours and tastings and incrementally widen the class of products allowed to be sold at a winery. The timing and number of currently-approved winery marketing events would not be changed by this project, nor would the number of marketing or tours and tastings visitors allowed at a given facility. As a result, we foresee no increase in traffic to and from wineries when compared to the currently-permitted baseline condition. While the proposed changes may motivate existing, or future, wineries to request new or additional events or visitation volumes, the contours of those specific requests are speculative at this time and would, of necessity, be addressed as part of that future site- and project-specific review. The subject project would not result in a significant increase in traffic or a net negative change in the existing roadway level of service on a project-specific basis.

Cumulative impacts related to traffic were identified in the 2008 General Plan Update EIR. Page 4.4-51 of the 2008 General Plan DEIR identifies specific roadway improvements which could serve as mitigation measures to reduce traffic operation impacts to a less than significant level. In adopting the General Plan EIR, the Board of Supervisors found that the mitigation measures set forth in Table 4.4-15 were infeasible pursuant to Public Resources Code §21081 (a)(3) and CEQA Guidelines §15091(a)(3), and rejected them because many of the roadway segments (such as Ca-128 and Tubbs Lane) would occur in areas where the County lacks sufficient right-of-way and are in proximity to existing commercial and/or residential developments. The majority of the listed roadway improvements are located outside of the area covered by the County's Traffic Mitigation Fee Program (Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 90-152) and therefore would require funding primarily by the County as opposed to being funded by applicants. In addition, the extensive amount of road widening that would be required would be inconsistent with the General Plan objectives of protecting and maintaining the County's rural character; they could result in disproportionally severe environmental impacts associated with visual resources, water quality, noise, air quality, and growth inducement.

- c. The proposed project would not result in any change to air traffic patterns.
- d.-g. This project proposes no development and will not result in any change to existing roadways or parking areas. Any future increases in the number or size of winery marketing events will be subject to discretionary permitting at the point at which they are proposed; the same would be true of structural additions to wineries and of increases in winery tours and tastings visitation and/or winery employment. There will be no project-specific impacts related to roadways, parking, non-motorized transportation, public transportation, or emergency vehicle access.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVI.	UŢ	TLITTES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would the project:				
	a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			\boxtimes	
	ъ)	Require or result in the construction of a new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?		_ ·		
	c)	Require or result in the construction of a new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
	d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes
	e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity—to—serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes
	f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?		:		
	g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			\boxtimes	

- a.-b. The project will not exceed wastewater treatment requirements as established by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, will not result in a significant impact related to wastewater discharge, and will not result in new wastewater treatment facilities. All exiting wineries have water and wastewater systems which have been reviewed and approved for their current marketing operations. As winery expansion may be proposed in the future, that expansion will be subject to County and the Regional Water Quality Control Board review to ensure that wastewater systems are operationally adequate and are upgraded as needed. Impacts related to wastewater disposal will be less than significant.
- c. The project will not require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or an expansion of existing facilities which would cause a significant impact to the environment.
- d. The proposed ordinance and interpretive guidance would permit neither new construction, nor new marketing events, nor any increase in winery visitation. Groundwater use will not be increased beyond baseline levels as a result of the project. Environmental effects related to water extraction will be less than significant.

- e. Winery wastewater is generally treated onsite and capacity requirements are established on a project- and sitespecific basis. This project proposes no development and will not, in and of itself, create additional demand for wastewater treatment.
- f.-g. This project proposes no development and will not directly result in any increase in solid waste generation. Napa County is served by a landfill with sufficient capacity to meet the demands of foreseeable future development.

 Impacts related to the disposal of solid waste will be less than significant.

Mitigation Measures: None are required.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVII.	MA	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE				
	a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			\boxtimes	
	b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?		. La brança de la company		
	c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			\boxtimes	

Discussion:

- a. The project would have a less than significant impact on wildlife resources. As analyzed above, no sensitive resources or biologic areas will be converted or affected by this project. Also as analyzed above, the project would not result in a significant loss of native trees, native vegetation, or important examples of California's history or pre-history.
- b. The proposed project does not have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable. The draft ordinance and draft interpretive guidance clarify existing definitions of winery marketing and winery tours and tastings and incrementally widen the class of products allowed to be sold at a winery. The timing and number of currently-approved winery marketing events would not be changed by this project, nor would the number of marketing or tours and tastings visitors allowed at a given facility. The sale of wine-related products at

wineries located in the AW or AP zoning districts will not create cumulatively considerable environmental impacts.

c. There are no environmental effects caused by this project that would result in substantial adverse effects on human beings, whether directly or indirectly. No hazardous conditions resulting from this project have been identified. The project would not have any environmental effects that would result in significant impacts.