# City of Calistoga Staff Report

TO:

Honorable Mayor and City Council

FROM:

Erik V. Lundquist, Associate Planner

Brad Cannon, Building Official

VIA:

Charlene Gallina, Director of Planning & Building

DATE:

May 18, 2010

SUBJECT:

Potential Development of Calistoga Energy Conservation and

Renewable Energy Program per Assembly Bill 811 (Levine)

APPROVAL FOR FORWARDING:

James C. McCann, City Manager

**ISSUE**: Discussion regarding the potential development of a Calistoga Energy Conservation and Renewable Energy Program per Assembly Bill 811.

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**RECOMMENDATION:** Receive report, discuss and provide direction

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**BACKGROUND/SUMMARY**: On August 18, 2009 the City Council held a special joint meeting, wherein they solicited comments and discussed the preliminary draft Napa Countywide Climate Action Plan and supplemental Climate Action Plan (CAP) Framework. Subsequent to discussion, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2009-070 establishing a greenhouse gas emissions reduction target of 15% below 2005 emission levels by 2020 and supporting certain countywide and local actions to achieve these targets. One such local action implores the City to "Implement an AB811 program, making funding available to residential and commercial property owners seeking to improve their properties to conserve energy and water, and to generate solar energy."

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Assembly Bill 811 (Levine) authorizes cities and counties to establish voluntary contractual assessment programs to fund an array of conservation and renewable energy projects proposed by property owners. The program aims to remove a major hurdle for property owners, specifically the availability of up front funds to pay for such projects and a simple method of repaying the funds through their property tax bills. It

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also removes another homeowner concern, the perception that their investment will be lost if they sell the property.

Adoption and implementation of an AB 811 program can result in several beneficial outcomes:

1. By encouraging the retrofitting of existing buildings, this program will assist the City in moving toward reducing its greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The City Council is reminded that the largest GHG contributors in the city are from transportation and buildings.

2. The program is likely to stimulate construction activity, resulting in job creation, additional building permit fees, and other positive economic outcomes.

3. If the program can be expanded to commercial properties, companies considering relocating to Calistoga may find the availability of this program attractive in their decision-making process.

4. Since the program might (in the future) apply to water efficiency projects, it could also work towards improving the City's overall water availability and conservation efforts.

Simply put, the program allows homeowners to borrow money from a government entity (or some other pool of money), use the funds to improve the efficiency of their home or business, and then repay the loan over a period of up to 20 years through an assessment on their property tax bills. Our role in government is to determine how best to create that pool of money, how to market and administer the program, and how to collect the payments through the tax collection process.

Since the adoption of AB 811 the City has been researching various implementing programs. The programs continue to evolve. At this time there are three distinct funding models.

1. Self Funding - Sonoma County

 Sonoma County implemented their program on March 24, 2009. Sonoma opted to self fund the program from their own treasury, borrowing the money at 3%, loaning it to citizens at 7%, and using the 4% difference to cover their administrative costs. As such, they are essentially acting as a bank. Loans are paid back to the County via the tax rolls. Sonoma will attempt to "securitize" these loans in order to pay back the treasury in a timely manner.

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The Sonoma program includes funding for energy efficiency projects, solar and other renewable energy projects, and also includes fund for water conservation projects. Sonoma has a marketing program (including a physical storefront and web presence) staffed by about 5 FTEs that are paid for through program fees. See http://www.sonomacountyenergy.org/index.php for more information.

# 2. Private Equity – (City of Berkeley)

The City of Berkeley contracted with a third party financing and administrative entity, who agreed to provide all the capital for the pilot program by purchasing micro-bonds on demand to fund the projects on private property. That debt is once again paid back through the tax assessments.

## 3. Regional Model (CSCDA or ABAG)

Two regional programs, which intend to create a fund of money that property owners in any jurisdiction can access, are being developed.

#### A. CSCDA

Recently California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) (also known as "California Communities") has moved forward with rolling out their statewide program. The program is officially known as CaliforniaFIRST.

 Phase I (the pilot program) is in the process of being rolled out by CSCDA. Fourteen Counties and some cities volunteered their staff (and paid a fee) to assist CSCDA with developing the program. Elements of the pilot include obtaining legal validation of the program, resolving whether Proposition 218 requirements apply to the individual assessments, determining appropriate means of financing, development of the application process (a web site), policies and procedures, which types of projects will be allowed to enter the program, quality assurance, and many other issues. CSCDA believes they are on track to finish roll-out of Phase 1 in June, 2010. Once Phase I is operational, CSCDA will immediately open applications for those Cities and Counties wanting to join Phase II. Napa County has already indicated to CSCDA that they are interested in joining Phase II. The City Council should consider the City's interest in this program.

While significant details of the program are being worked out by CSCDA in Phase I, it is expected that Phase II will become available as a proven, "turnkey" program that the County can join. For instance, Phase I is for residential projects only, and does not \\cc\city\Departments\Planning & Building\Climate Action Plan\CC May 18 2010\CC Staff Report May 18 2010.doc

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include improvements related to water efficiency. CSCDA hopes to be able to remove these impediments in Phase II. CSCDA will design the program, provide the Capital, and administer the program, including accepting applications and screening for eligible property owners and projects.

#### B. ABAG

ABAG is also developing a Regional AB 811 plan, but their implementation schedule is less clear and is behind the CSCDA schedule, and their program was even more dependent on the passage of SB 279.

## **STAFF RECOMMENDATION:**

The AB 811 program holds the promise of significantly improving the energy efficiency of the buildings, stimulating construction activity, and doing so throughout the City and County at minimal risk. It has proven to be very well received in other jurisdictions where it has been offered. Staff recommends that we continue to follow the details of all the available programs, but focus primarily on the second phase of the CSCDA program, which is in line with the County's approach. Additionally, St. Helena, Yountville and the City of Napa are interested in the CSCDA program which could provide marketing opportunities.

Should the Council desire to move forward with CSCDA, staff will return to the Council in June or July, upon consultation with the Community Resources Commission (CRC) and a general sense of support in the community, with a request to adopt a resolution stating the City's intent to establish a program. A draft resolution, provided by CSCDA, is attached for the Council's information. Their draft would of course be made specific to the City of Calistoga prior to adoption. The Council would need to authorize the \$10,000 appropriation (via the budget process) for the application fee, as well as authorize funds (if any) for marketing the program. After CSCDA receives the resolution and fees, they will establish the formal financing entity (the "District", with boundaries identical to those of City), will work with the City to put in place a City specific web site which applicants can use to gather information and make applications, and CSCDA will work with the Napa County Treasurer-Tax Collector and Auditor to put the collection systems in place. It is expected applications will be accepted starting sometime in the fall.

Applicants should be aware that CSCDA must receive a certain value of applications (as yet to be determined) before they are able sell bonds to provide the money to do the improvements. Thus there is a lag time (some number of months) between when applications are made and when the loan is actually provided. Interest rates offered will be a function of the market at the time financing is obtained by CSCDA.

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## **FISCAL IMPACT:**

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Should the Council choose to join the CSCDA program, the City will need to pay an entrance fee (expected to be \$10,000). This expense would be a new net City cost, and would be included in the FY 2010-2011 budget proposal for Council consideration. The City Council has historically budgeted funds toward "Green" efforts, however, depending upon budget decisions in June, funding may or may not be available. The City will be able to decide what level of effort we want to commit to marketing the program at our own expense. We are not obligated to market the program at any particular level (and therefore no additional staff are required), and no additional funds would have to be budgeted to do so.

If the City chooses not to join, the program would not be available to property owners.

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The program could be reconsidered at a later date when funds become available.

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## **ATTACHMENTS:**

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- 1. Media Fact Sheet on the CaliforniaFIRST Program
- 165 2. CaliforniaFIRST Program Summary

Sample Resolution to Join

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